CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

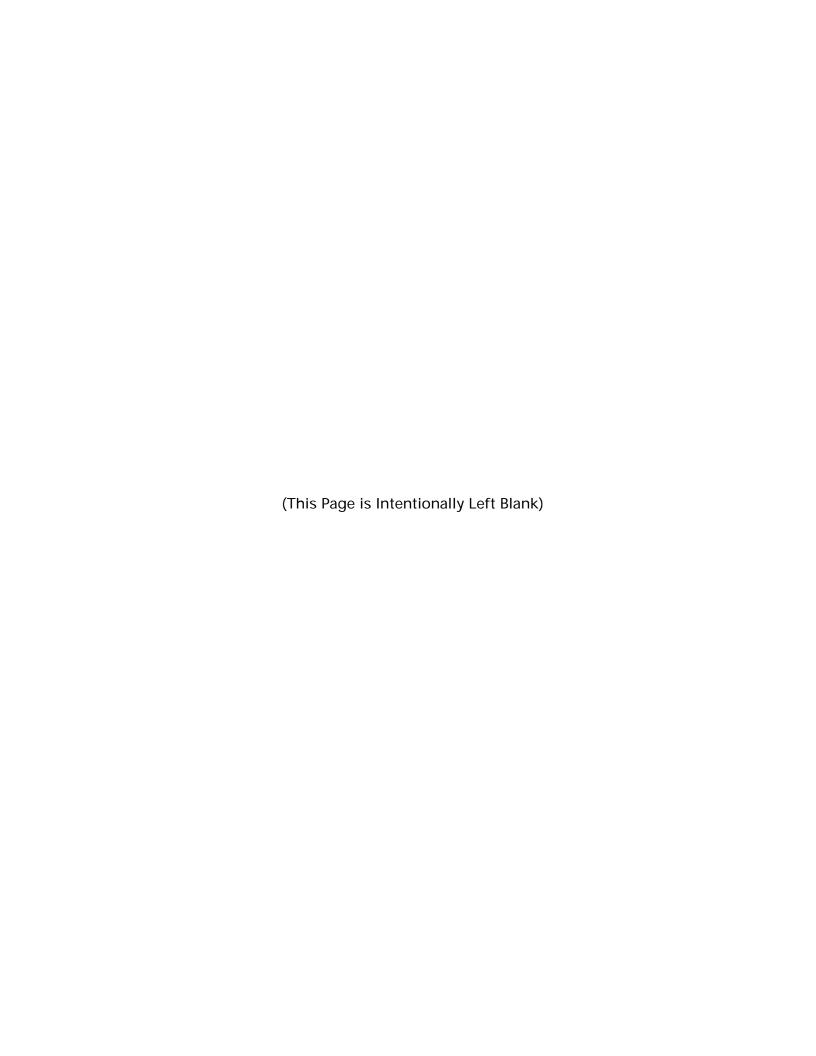


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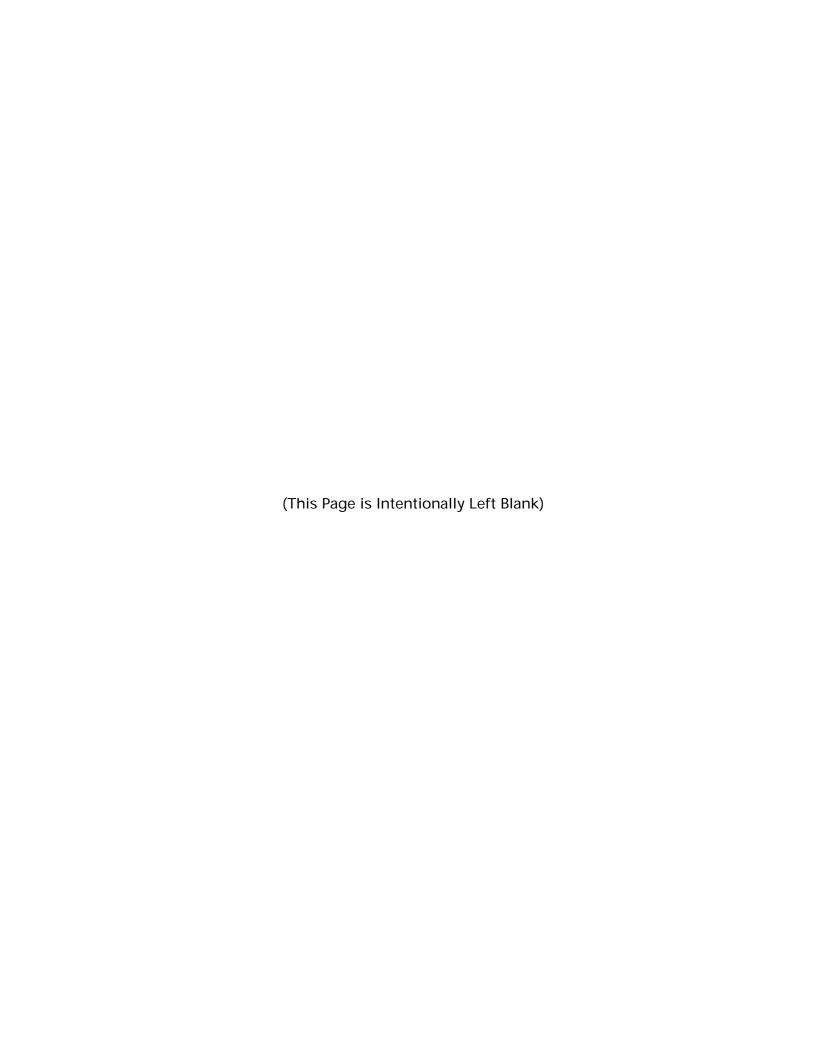
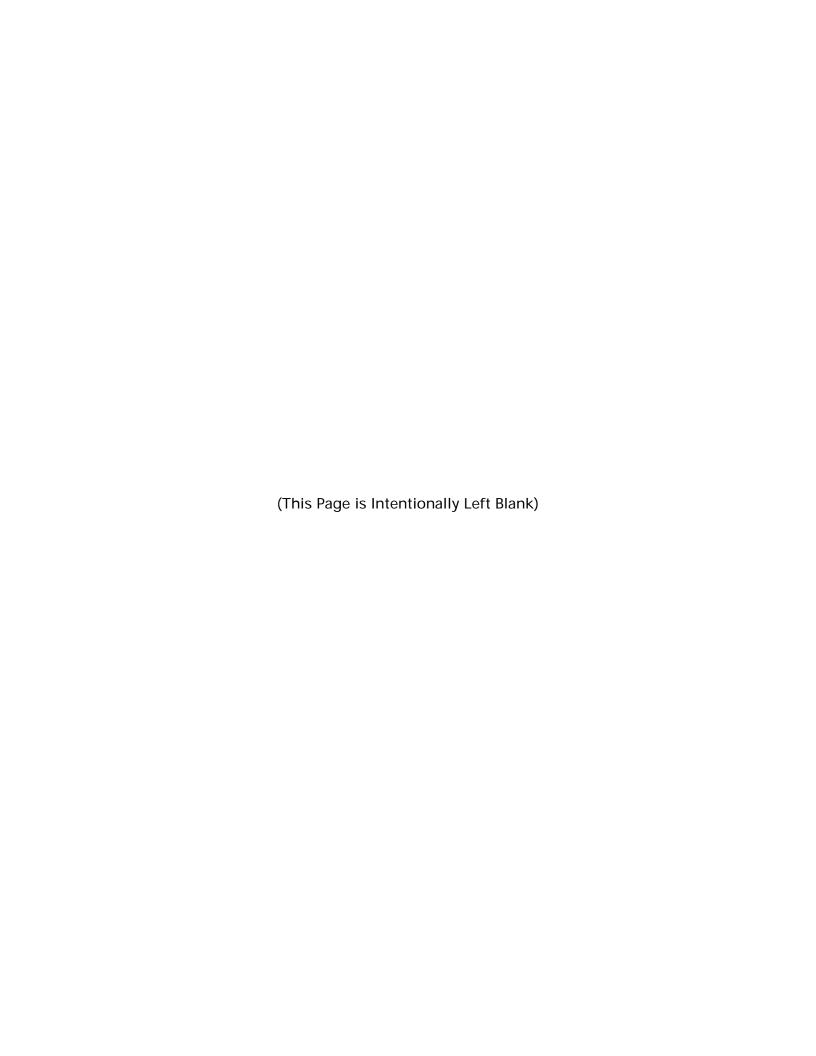
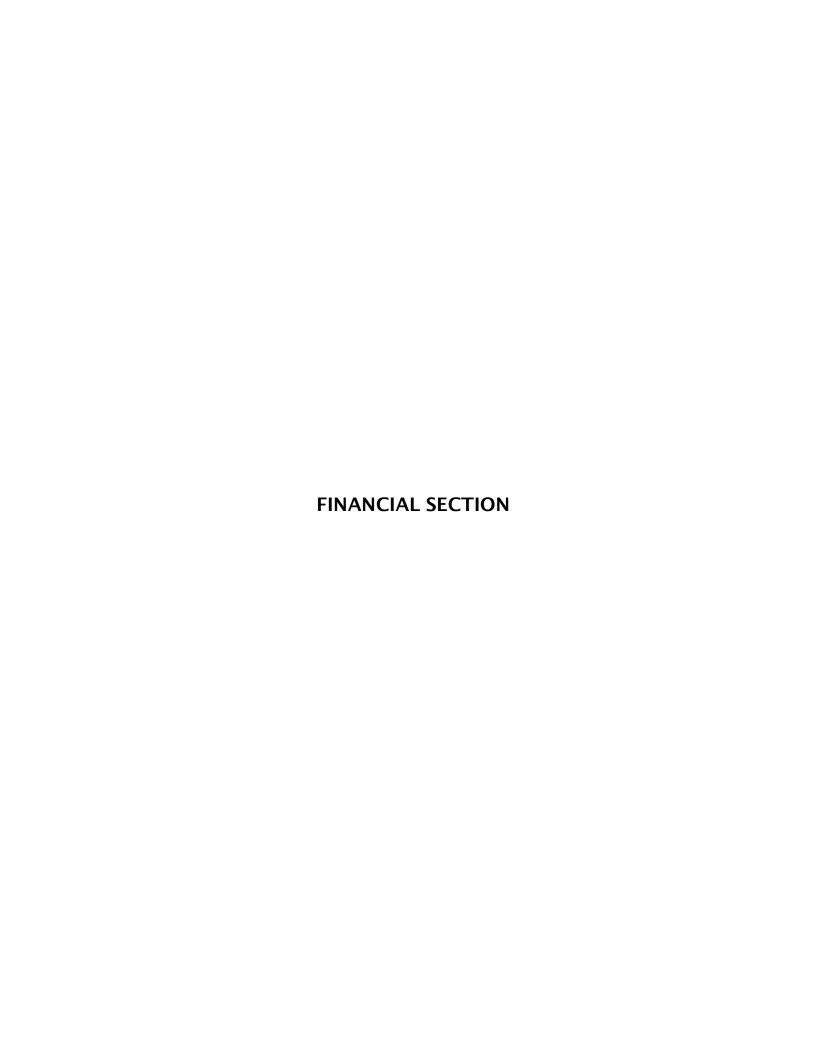
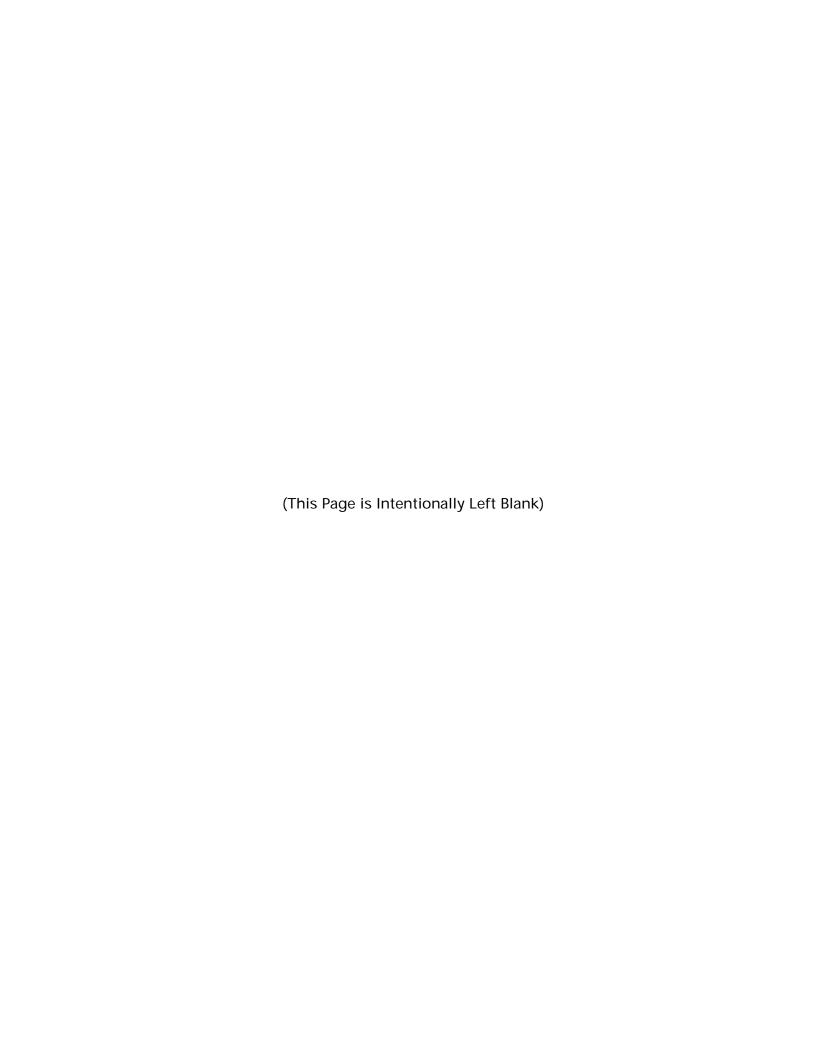


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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Lockhart, Texas 308 West San Antonio Street Lockhart, Texas 78644

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lockhart, Texas, ("the City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

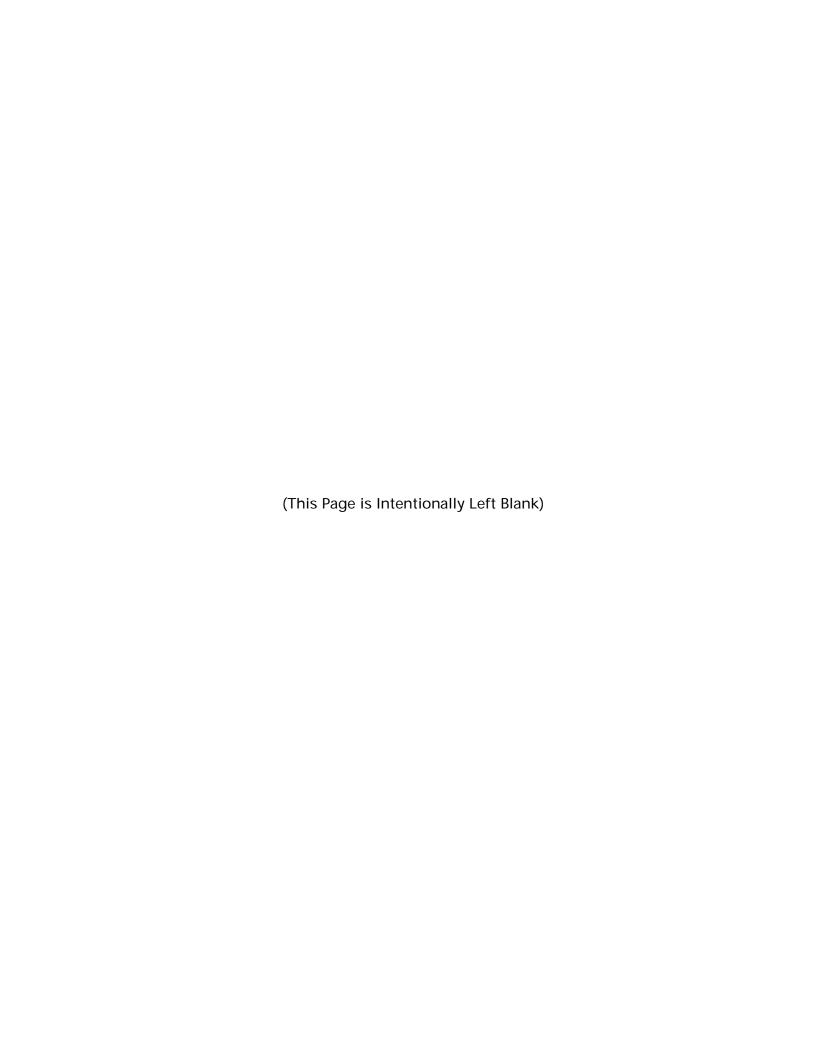
Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented



Opinions (continued)

component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lockhart, Texas as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2015, the City adopted new accounting guidance. Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and, budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lockhart, Texas' basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements in the other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements in the other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

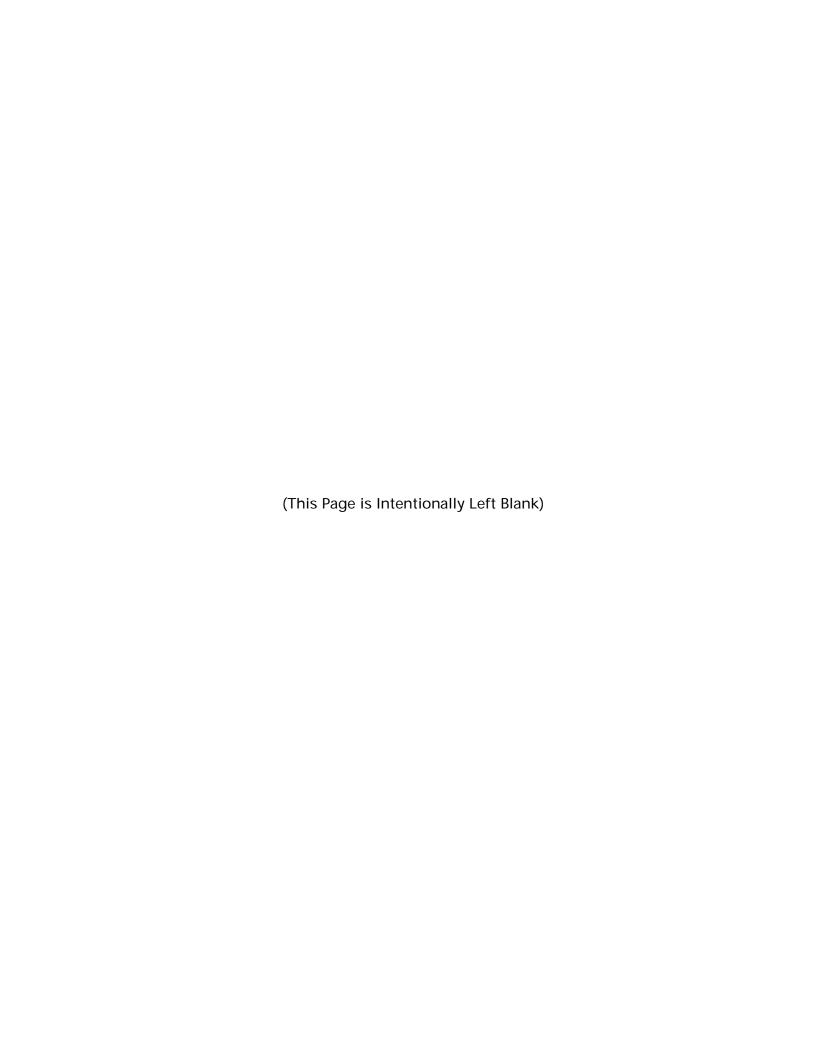
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 1, 2016, on our consideration of the City of Lockhart, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Lockhart, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants San Antonio, Texas

ABIP, PC

March 1, 2016



As management of the City of Lockhart, Texas (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2015 by \$40,540,315. Of this amount \$6,644,650 (unrestricted net position), may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total cost of all City activities was \$28,252,055 for the fiscal year. The net expense was \$6,360,666.
- During the year, the City's general revenues were \$105,240 less than net expenses. This represents a 0.25% decrease in net position from the previous year as a result of operations.
- At September 30, 2015 the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,437,851, a net increase of \$7,867,650 in comparison with the prior year due mainly to issuance of certificates of obligation.
- At September 30, 2015 the total committed and unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,799,402 or 40.28% of total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of four components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, (3) component unit financial statements, and (4) notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through their user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation and interest on long-term debt. The

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

business-type activities of the City include electric, water, wastewater, solid waste services and an airport fund.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government) but also the component unit of Lockhart Economic Development Corporation, Inc.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds, and utilize different accounting approaches.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available for current spending, as well as on balances of resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintained twenty six (26) individual governmental funds during the 2015 fiscal year. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the 2015 Certificates of Obligation Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty four (24) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and Debt Service Fund. Schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actual (GAAP basis) have been provided for each of the funds to demonstrate compliance with the appropriated budgets.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The City maintains only one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the enterprise fund to account for its electric, water, wastewater utility services, solid waste operations and the airport operations.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Proprietary Funds (Continued)

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in a more detailed format. The City has three major proprietary funds. They are the electric fund, water fund and the wastewater fund. Separate financial statements are presented for the major funds. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor proprietary funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs/operations. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to proprietary funds.

<u>Notes to the Basic Financial Statements</u> – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Other Information</u> – The combining statements referred to earlier as the City's nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, net position exceeded liabilities by \$40,540,315 at the close of the fiscal year 2015.

The largest portion of the City's net position (78.10%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (5.51%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used (i.e. debt service). The balance of unrestricted net position (\$6,644,650) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for the primary government as a whole.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

	GOVERNMENT	AL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TY	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TAL
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current and						
Other Assets	\$14,473,795	\$ 7,018,373	\$ 18,324,349	\$ 10,454,972	\$32,798,144	\$ 17,473,345
Capital Assets	23,627,695	25,067,506	21,661,958	20,516,807	45,289,653	45,584,313
Other Noncurrent						
Assets			492,172	716,756	492,172	716,756
Total Assets	\$38,101,490	\$ 32,085,879	\$40,478,479	\$ 31,688,535	\$78,579,969	\$ 63,774,414
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows						
Related to TMRS	421,035	-	107,108	-	528,143	-
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Current Liabilities	1,339,867	1,630,208	1,952,838	1,954,853	3,292,705	3,585,061
Long-Term Liabilities	18,265,030	8,881,382	17,010,062	8,489,396	35,275,092	17,370,778
Total Liabilities	19,604,897	10,511,590	18,962,900	10,444,249	38,567,797	20,955,839
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	16,376,825	16,591,140	15,283,769	10,193,932	31,660,594	26,785,072
Restricted	1,211,989	2,123,629	1,023,082	2,924,473	2,235,071	5,048,102
Unrestricted	1,328,814	2,859,520	5,315,836	8,125,881	6,644,650	10,985,401
Total Net Position	<u>\$18,917,628</u>	\$ 21,574,289	<u>\$ 21,622,687</u>	<u>\$ 21,244,286</u>	\$40,540,315	<u>\$ 42,818,575</u>

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$729,916.

Key elements are as follows:

- Property tax revenues increased \$48,880 (1.40%)
- Sales and other tax revenue increased by \$102,272 (7.40%)
- Charges for services increased \$694,367 (34.75%) mainly due to an increase in permit fees and EMS charges

<u>Business-Type Activities</u> – Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$624,676 Key elements are as follows:

- Water expenses increased \$573,355 (21.35%) primarily due to higher acquisition and treatment costs.
- Increase in charges for services of \$583,956 (3.21%) was largely due to an increase in the customer base.

The following table indicates changes in net position for the governmental and business-type activities for the City as of September 30, 2015.

	GOVEDNMENT	AL ACTIVITIES		NET POSITION PE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
<u>REVENUES</u>							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 2,692,508	\$ 1,998,141	\$18,795,860	\$ 18,211,904	\$ 21,488,368	\$ 20,210,045	
Operating Grants and							
Contributions	391,200	432,581	11,821	_	403,021	432,581	
Capital Grants and							
Contributions	-	103,808	-	37,035	-	140,843	
General Revenues							
Property Taxes	3,536,997	3,488,117	-	_	3,536,997	3,488,117	
Sales Taxes	1,484,020	1,381,748	-	-	1,484,020	1,381,748	
Franchise Taxes	325,911	319,982	-	_	325,911	319,982	
Other Taxes	106,712	93,825	-	_	106,712	93,825	
Impact Fees	-	-	255,462	218,458	255,462	218,458	
Investment Earnings	23,881	18,355	21,733	14,881	45,614	33,236	
Miscellaneous	493,852	505,461	6,858		500,710	505,461	
Total Revenues	9,055,081	8,342,018	19,091,734	18,482,278	28,146,815	26,824,296	
5,495,1959							
<u>EXPENSES</u>							
General Government	2,476,203	2,096,530	-	-	2,476,203	2,096,530	
Public Safety	5,626,336	5,584,295			5,626,336	5,584,295	
Public Works	2,448,572	2,507,776	-	-	2,448,572	2,507,776	
Health and Welfare	13,489	6,091	-	-	13,489	6,091	
Culture and Recreation	964,757	771,470	-	-	964,757	771,470	
Interest on Long-Term							
Debt	612,529	383,683	-	-	612,529	383,683	
Electric	-	-	9,753,464	9,725,877	9,753,464	9,725,877	
Water	-	-	3,258,446	2,685,091	3,258,446	2,685,091	
Wastewater	-	-	1,849,338	1,936,142	1,849,338	1,936,142	
Sanitation	-	-	1,166,275	1,077,505	1,166,275	1,077,505	
Airport			82,646	79,443	82,646	79,443	
Total Expenses	12,141,886	11,349,845	16,110,169	15,504,058	28,252,055	26,853,903	
Change in Net Position							
before Special Items							
and Transfers	(3,086,805)	(3,007,827)	2,981,565	2,978,220	(105,240)	(29,607)	
Transfers	2,356,889	2,595,561	(2,356,889)	(2,595,561)	_	_	
Change in Net Position	(729,916)	(412,266)	624,676	382,659	(105,240)	(29,607)	
Net Position - Beginning	21,574,289	21,986,555	21,244,286	20,861,627	42,818,575	42,848,182	
Prior Period Adjustment	(1,926,745)		(246,275)	<u>-</u>	(2,173,020)		
Not Position Position							
Net Position - Beginning							
as restated	19,647,544	21,986,555	20,998,011	20,861,627	40,645,555	42,848,182	
Net Position - Ending	<u>\$18,917,628</u>	\$ 21,574,289	<u>\$21,622,687</u>	\$21,244,286	<u>\$ 40,540,315</u>	<u>\$ 42,818,575</u>	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,437,851, an increase of \$7,867,650 from the prior year.

Approximately 28.27% of this total amount (\$3,799,402) constitutes fund balance which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder fund balance of \$9,638,449 or 71.73% is non-spendable or restricted as to use due to funds already allocated.

The City's General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance was \$3,196,967. The unassigned fund balance represents 33.92% of total General Fund expenditures. The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$326,698 during the current fiscal year.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The City's proprietary funds and utility funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Utility Funds at the end of the current fiscal year amounted to \$5,315,836.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

<u>General Fund</u> - Actual fiscal year expenditures in the General Fund were \$786,373 less than the final budgeted amounts or appropriations. The major difference in expenditures were:

- \$858,910 decrease in general government expenditures
- \$195,157 increase in public safety expenditures

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

<u>Capital Assets</u> - The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2015 amounted to \$132,823,669 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. The net increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1.97%.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONTINUED)

The following table shows capital asset activity for the 2015 fiscal year with comparison for 2014. If more detailed information is desired on the City's capital asset activity, please refer to Note E (pages 42-43) as presented in the notes to the financial statements.

	GOVERNMENTA	AL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYI	PE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Capital Assets - Not Depreciated						
Land	\$ 1,383,270	\$ 1,373,193	\$ 574,710	\$ 574,710	\$ 1,957,980	\$ 1,947,903
Construction in Progress	213,543	2,042,471	3,512,433	1,461,725	3,725,976	3,504,196
Total Capital Assets -						
Not Depreciated	1,596,813	3,415,664	4,087,143	2,036,435	5,683,956	5,452,099
Capital Assets - Depreciated						
Buildings and Improvements	11,484,190	9,298,569	4,570,434	4,570,434	16,054,624	13,869,003
Equipment	6,187,814	6,032,030	5,364,876	5,422,756	11,552,690	11,454,786
Infrastructure	72,667,240	72,625,012	32,549,115	32,302,918	105,216,355	104,927,930
Total Capital Assets	90,339,244	87,955,611	42,484,425	42,296,108	132,823,669	130,251,719
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Buildings and Improvements	(3,623,515)	(3,389,937)	(2,954,243)	(2,912,561)	(6,577,758)	(6,302,498)
Equipment	(4,771,216)	(4,412,193)	(4,509,611)	(4,221,153)	(9,280,827)	(8,633,346)
Infrastructure	(59,913,631)	(58,501,639)	(17,445,756)	(16,682,022)	(77,359,387)	(75,183,661)
Total Accumulated						
Depreciation	(68,308,362)	(66,303,769)	(24,909,610)	(23,815,736)	(93,217,972)	(90,119,505)
Total Capital Assets - Net	\$ 23,627,695	\$ 25,067,506	\$ 21,661,958	\$ 20,516,807	\$ 45,289,653	\$ 45,584,313

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$26,995,000. Of this amount, \$3,030,000 represents General Obligation Tax and Revenue Bonds and \$23,965,000 of combination tax and revenue certificates of obligation. The remainder of the City's debt is comprised of a \$3,314,617 loan from the State Infrastructure Bank. Additional information on debt may be found in Note F (page 44) of this report as presented in the notes to the financial statements.

As a Home Rule City, the City is not limited by law in the amount of debt it may issue; however, all new local bond issues must be approved by the State Attorney General.

The City maintains a bond rating of "A+" from Standard and Poor's.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The total sales tax receipts budgeted by the City, including the amounts on the City's own utility billing, for the 2015-2016 fiscal year totaled \$2,124,951 (including funds disbursed to the Lockhart Economic Development Corporation). This amount is an increase of approximately \$129,311 (6.09%) over the previous year's budget.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES (CONTINUED)

The interest rates are remaining at lower levels and should result in decreased interest earnings.

The City continues to experience economic growth with the construction of new businesses in the retail and manufacturing sectors.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the city's budget for the 2015-2016 fiscal year.

The certified assessed taxable property valuations for the 2015 tax roll total \$513,794,567 with a tax rate of \$.7333 per \$100 valuation. \$.5967 was allocated for maintenance and operations, and \$.1366 was allocated for interest and sinking (debt service). The projected total property tax due is \$3,712,656 for the 2015 tax year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

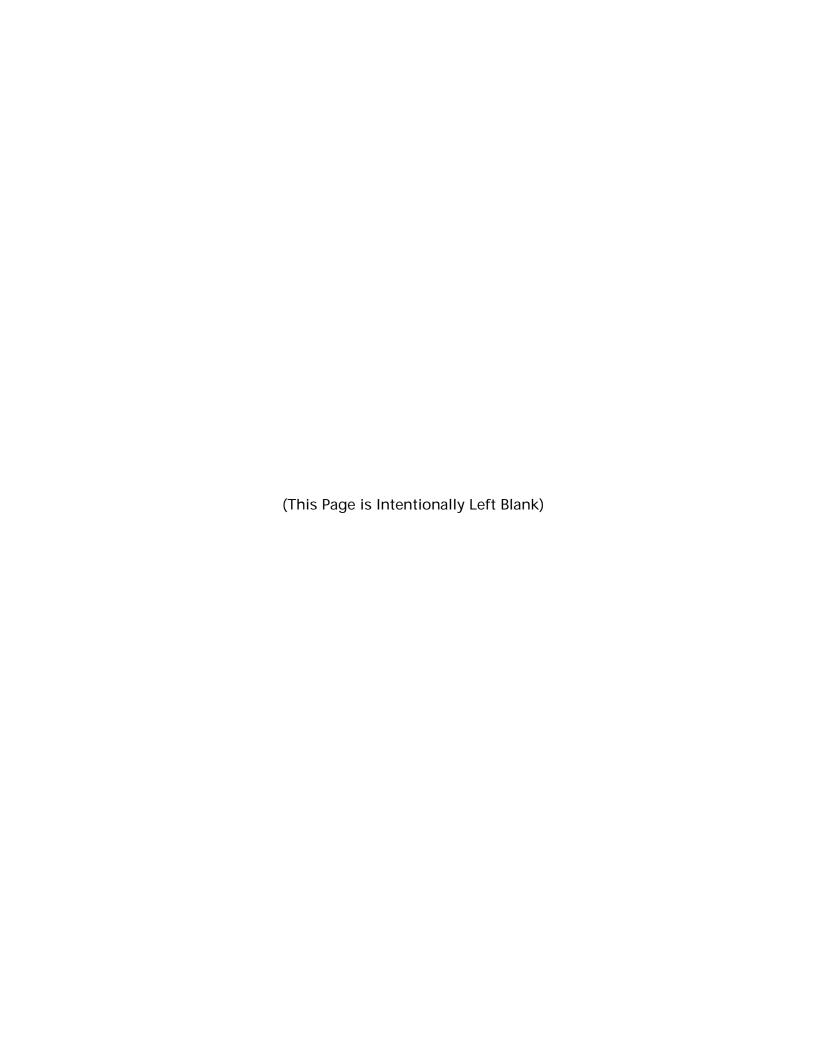
This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director, 308 West San Antonio Street, Lockhart, Texas 78644.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
 - o Governmental Funds
 - Proprietary Funds
 - o Fiduciary Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.



CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
	GOVERNMENTAL BUSINESS-TYPE			COMPONENT		
	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	UNIT		
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,526,004	\$ 13,546,027	\$ 27,072,031	\$1,003,019		
Cash and Cash Equivalents-Restricted	-	845,982	845,982	-		
Receivables:						
Delinquent Ad Valorem Taxes	303,758	-	303,758	-		
Sales and Use Tax	250,061	-	250,061	125,031		
Customer	-	3,319,507	3,319,507	-		
Miscellaneous	345,089	224,584	569,673	35,599		
Prepaid Items	25,776	355	26,131	-		
Inventory (at cost)	14,578	396,423	411,001	674,522		
Interfund	8,529	(8,529)	_			
Capital Assets:		, ,				
Land	1,383,270	574,710	1,957,980	264,857		
Construction in Progress	213,543	3,512,433	3,725,976	-		
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	1,416,598	855,265	2,271,863	_		
Buildings	7,860,675	1,616,191	9,476,866	1,934,462		
Infrastructure	12,753,609	15,103,359	27,856,968	_		
Contractural Settlement	-	492,172	492,172	-		
TOTAL ASSETS	38,101,490	40,478,479	78,579,969	4,037,490		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows Related to TMRS	421,035	107,108	528,143	-		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts Payable	473,227	1,125,606	1,598,833	10,000		
Payroll Related Accruals	208,241	56,264	264,505	-		
Other Payables	20,068	183,627	203,695	_		
Unearned Revenue	30,650	3,137	33,787	_		
Accrued Interest	180,343	200,599	380,942	_		
Customer Deposits	-	327,840	327,840	_		
Compensated Absences	427,338	55,765	483,103	_		
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Other Post Employment Benefits	419,285	118,260	537,545	_		
Net Pension Liability	2,215,640	563,638	2,779,278			
Due Within One Year	869,245	1,289,679	2,158,924	55,979		
Due in More Than One Year	14,760,860	15,038,485	29,799,345	1,114,579		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	19,604,897	18,962,900	38,567,797	1,180,558		
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	16,376,825	15,283,769	31,660,594	1,028,761		
Restricted for:						
Debt Service	362,919	177,100	540,019	-		
Special Revenue	849,070	-	849,070	-		
Utility Improvements	-	845,982	845,982	-		
Unrestricted Net Position	1,328,814	5,315,836	6,644,650	1,828,171		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 18,917,628	<u>\$ 21,622,687</u>	<u>\$ 40,540,315</u>	\$2,856,932		

CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		PROGRAM REVENUES				
		OPERATING CAPITA				
		CHARGES FOR	GRANTS AND	GRANTS AND		
FUNCTIONS AND PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS		
Primary Governmental Activities						
General Government	\$ 2,476,203	\$ 1,131,977	\$ 84,110	\$ -		
Public Safety	5,626,336	1,531,653	307,090	-		
Public Works	2,448,572	-	-	-		
Health and Welfare	13,489	-	=	=		
Culture and Recreation	964,757	28,878	=	=		
Interest on Long Term Debt	612,529					
Total Primary Governmental Activities	12,141,886	2,692,508	391,200			
Business-Type Activities						
Electric	0.752.444	12 020 400				
Water	9,753,464	12,039,498	=	-		
	3,258,446	3,090,312	-	_		
Wastewater	1,849,338	2,195,102	11 021	_		
Sanitation	1,166,275	1,402,428	11,821	-		
Airport	82,646	68,520		_		
Total Business-Type Activities	16,110,169	18,795,860	11,821			
Total Primary Government	\$ 28,252,055	\$ 21,488,368	\$ 403,021	\$ -		

Component Unit

Lockhart Economic Development Corp.

General Revenues

Ad Valorem Taxes Levyed for General Purposes
Ad Valorem Taxes Levyed for Debt Service
Sales and Use Tax
Franchise Tax
Other Taxes
Interest on Deposits
Impact Fees
Miscellaneous Revenue

Transfers

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year Prior Period Adjustment Beginning Net Position of Year, as Restated

Net Position at End of Year

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE	COMPONENT
ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	UNIT
ф (1.2/0.11/)	ф	
\$ (1,260,116)	\$ -	
(3,787,593)	-	
(2,448,572)	-	
(13,489)	-	
(935,879)	-	
(612,529)		
(9,058,178)	-	
-	2,286,034	
-	(168,134)	
-	345,764	
=	247,974	
=	(14,126)	
	2,697,512	
(9,058,178)	2,697,512	-
		\$ (536,520)
2,975,409	-	_
561,588	_	_
1,484,020	_	739,528
325,911	_	_
106,712	_	_
23,881	21,733	1,906
, _	255,462	, _
493,852	6,858	297,330
2,356,889	(2,356,889)	
8,328,262	(2,072,836)	1,038,764
0,320,202	(2,012,030)	1,030,704
(729,916)	624,676	502,244
	02 1707 0	•
21,574,289	21,244,286	2,354,688
21,574,289 (1,926,745)	·	
	21,244,286	

CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

			OTHER		
		2015	NONMAJOR	TOTAL	
	GENERAL	CERTIFICATE OF	GOVERNMENTAL	GOVERNMENTAL	
	FUND	OBLIGATION	FUNDS	FUNDS	
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,026,323	\$ 7,666,413	\$ 1,833,268	\$ 13,526,004	
Receivables:					
Ad Valorem Taxes	253,719	-	50,039	303,758	
Sales and Use Tax	250,061	-	-	250,061	
Miscellaneous	248,132	-	96,957	345,089	
Due from Other Funds	17,690	-	-	17,690	
Prepaid Items	23,103	-	2,673	25,776	
Inventory, at cost	14,578			14,578	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,833,606	\$ 7,666,413	\$ 1,982,937	<u>\$ 14,482,956</u>	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable-Trade	\$ 422,540	\$ 27,150	\$ 23,537	\$ 473,227	
Payroll Related Liabilities	208,241	-	-	208,241	
Other Payables	20,068	-	-	20,068	
Unearned Revenue	_	-	30,650	30,650	
Due to Other Funds	_	-	9,161	9,161	
Total Liabilities	650,849	27,150	63,348	741,347	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unearned Revenue - Property Taxes	253,719		50,039	303,758	
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	37,681	-	2,673	40,354	
Restricted for Construction	_	7,639,263	746,843	8,386,106	
Restricted for Debt Service	-	-	362,919	362,919	
Restricted for Special Revenue	91,955	_	757,115	849,070	
Committed Fund Balances					
Sidewalks	31,489	-	-	31,489	
Revolving Loan	256,035	-	-	256,035	
Industrial Park	314,911	_	-	314,911	
Unassigned	3,196,967		<u>-</u>	3,196,967	
Total Fund Balances	3,929,038	7,639,263	1,869,550	13,437,851	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 4,833,606</u>	\$ 7,666,413	\$ 1,982,937	<u>\$ 14,482,956</u>	

CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	\$ 13,437,851
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets expensed in the governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	23,627,695
Receivables that are not available to pay curent year expenditures are deferred in the funds.	303,758
Accrued vacation and sick leave payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	(427,338)
Long-term liabilities consisting of bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(15,630,105)
Accrued interest payable on bonded debt is not reported in the funds.	(180,343)
Net pension liability and deferred outflows related to TMRS are not reported in the funds.	(1,794,605)
Accrued post employment benefits are not reported in the funds.	 (419,285)
TOTAL NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	\$ 18,917,628

CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

				OTHER	
			2015	NONMAJOR	TOTAL
		GENERAL	CERTIFICATE OF	GOVERNMENTAL	GOVERNMENTAL
		FUND	OBLIGATION	FUNDS	FUNDS
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
Ad Valorem	\$	2,969,641	\$ -	\$ 561,949	\$ 3,531,590
Sales and Other Taxes		1,816,091	-	100,552	1,916,643
Fines, Fees and Forfeitures		416,884	-	604,159	1,021,043
Licenses and Permits		288,438	-	-	288,438
Grants and Intergovernmental		246,336	-	144,864	391,200
Charges for Services		1,383,027	-	-	1,383,027
Interest Income		11,502	7,107	5,272	23,881
Miscellaneous		171,726	<u>-</u>	322,126	493,852
Total Revenues		7,303,645	7,107	1,738,922	9,049,674
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
General Government		1,863,128	-	82,963	1,946,091
Public Safety		5,524,673	-	242,655	5,767,328
Public Works		908,990	-	21,804	930,794
Health and Welfare		11,970	-	-	11,970
Culture and Recreation		867,342	-	13,101	880,443
Capital Outlay		247,826	213,372	204,277	665,475
Debt Service:					
Administrative Charges		_	-	400	400
Interest		_	-	825,385	825,385
Principal Retirement		_	-	358,092	358,092
Bond Issuance Cost			132,058	<u>-</u>	132,058
Total Expenditures	_	9,423,929	345,430	1,748,677	11,518,036
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures before					
Other Financing Uses		(2,120,284)	(338,323)	(9,755)	(2,468,362)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Other Sources - Bond Issue			7,700,735		7,700,735
Other Sources - Bond Premium		-		-	
Transfers In		2 424 920	278,388	221 400	278,388
Transfers in Transfers Out		2,626,839 (179,857)	- (1,537)	331,609 (420,165)	2,958,448 (601,559)
Transiers Out		(174,837)	(1,537)	(420,103)	(001,339)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,446,982	7,977,586	(88,556)	10,336,012
Net Change in Fund Balances		326,698	7,639,263	(98,311)	7,867,650
Fund Balance-Beginning of Year		3,602,340		1,967,861	5,570,201
Total Fund Balance-End of Year	\$	3,929,038	\$ 7,639,263	\$ 1,869,550	<u>\$ 13,437,851</u>

CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS RECONCILIATON OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO CHANGE IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 7,867,650
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are capitalized.	665,475
Changes in deferred property tax is recorded as revenue in the government wide statements.	5,407
Capital assets are not recorded in government funds and therefore are not depreciated. However, in the Statement of Activities these assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. This is the amount of depreciation.	(2,105,286)
Amounts to be expended for other post employment benefits is not recorded as an expenditure in the funds, but is an expense in the Statement of Activities.	(14,269)
The repayment of principal on debt consumes current financial resources and is expended in the governmental funds, but is a reduction of the liability and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	825,384
Amounts to be expended for long-term employee leave is not recorded as an expenditure in the funds, but is an expense in the Statement of Activities. This is the change in compensated absences.	(5,316)
Bonds issued during the year are recorded as other sources in the govenmental funds, but are capitalized in the Statement of Activities.	(7,979,123)
Change in net pension liability and deferred outflows related to TMRS are not expensed in the governmental funds but are in the Statement of Activities.	132,140
Governmental funds do not accrue interest payable because it is not paid out of current resources. These are reported as expenditures in the government wide statements. This is the change in accrued interest payable.	 (121,978)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	\$ (729,916)

CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		TOTAL			
	ELECTRIC	WATER WASTEWATER OTHER		PROPRIETARY	
	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUNDS
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted	\$ 1,207,377	\$ 10,439,661	\$ 1,485,804	\$ 413,185	\$13,546,027
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	226,770	221,376	397,836	ψ 413,103	845,982
Accounts Receivable:	223,773	22.707.0	077,000		0.0,702
Customer Accounts	2,045,549	499,361	563,945	210,652	3,319,507
Contractural Settlement	-	224,584	-	-	224,584
Prepaids	355	-	-		355
Inventory	396,423				396,423
Total Current Assets	3,876,474	11,384,982	2,447,585	623,837	18,332,878
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Contractural Settlement	-	492,172	-	-	492,172
Capital Assets, Net:					
Land and Other Assets -					
Not Being Depreciated	1,003,835	1,579,510	1,311,228	192,570	4,087,143
Building, Improvements and Equipment	2,105,063	9,019,533	4,877,271	1,572,948	17,574,815
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,108,898	11,091,215	6,188,499	1,765,518	22,154,130
TOTAL ASSETS	6,985,372	22,476,197	8,636,084	2,389,355	40,487,008
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Outflows from TMRS	61,899	17,852	18,749	8,608	107,108
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED					
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>\$ 7,047,271</u>	\$ 22,494,049	\$ 8,654,833	\$ 2,397,963	<u>\$40,594,116</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable - Trade	\$ 760,340	\$ 232,485	\$ 128,400	\$ 4,381	\$ 1,125,606
Payroll Related Liabilities	34,542	9,630	8,893	3,199	56,264
Other Payables	101,411	-	-	82,216	183,627
Due to Other Funds	-	-	-	8,529	8,529
Interest Payables	13,349	164,089	23,161	-	200,599
Unearned Revenue	-	-	-	3,137	3,137
Customer Deposits	228,215	93,150	-	6,475	327,840
Accrued Compensated Absences	36,955	7,068	6,995	4,747	55,765
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:	227.145	1/470/			401.041
Capital Leases Bonds and Notes	237,145 84,751	164,796 <u>560,614</u>	242,377	-	401,941 887,742
Total Current Liabilities	1,496,708	1,231,832	409,826	112,684	3,251,050
NONCHEDENT LIABILITIES					
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Other Post Employment Benefits	64,505	21,502	21,502	10,751	118,260
Net Pension Liability	325,732	93,939	98,665	45,302	563,638
Capital Lease Payable	379,684	263,848	-	-	643,532
Bonds and Notes	975,639	11,384,076	2,035,234		14,394,949
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,745,560	11,763,365	2,155,401	56,053	15,720,379
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2 242 260	12 005 107	2 545 227	160 727	10 071 420
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,242,268	12,995,197	2,565,227	168,737	18,971,429
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,431,679	7,293,675	4,792,897	1,765,518	15,283,769
Restricted Net Position	226,770 2 146 554	398,476 1 806 701	397,836	462 700	1,023,082 5,315,836
Unrestricted Net Position TOTAL NET POSITION	2,146,554 3,805,003	1,806,701 9,498,852	898,873 6,089,606	<u>463,708</u> 2,229,226	5,315,836 21,622,687
		.,.,5,002	2,007,000		022 001
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 7,047,271	\$ 22,494,049	\$ 8,654,833	\$ 2,397,963	\$40,594,116

CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		TOTAL			
	ELECTRIC	WATER	WASTEWATER	OTHER	PROPRIETARY
	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUNDS
	_				
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for Service	\$ 11,885,439	\$ 3,059,809	\$ 2,194,792	\$ 1,450,597	\$ 18,590,637
Miscellaneous	154,059	30,503	310	20,351	205,223
Total Operating Revenues	12,039,498	3,090,312	2,195,102	1,470,948	18,795,860
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel Services	874,292	259,018	269,645	128,567	1,531,522
Contracts and Services	147,357	22,455	35,344	1,025,827	1,230,983
Materials and Supplies	56,614	33,269	18,557	9,965	118,405
Maintenance and Repairs	182,928	73,376	27,777	22,329	306,410
Power, Water and Water Treatment	7,987,861	1,866,422	1,217,454	22,327	11,071,737
Depreciation and Amortization	348,045	557,231	199,156	54,998	1,159,430
Miscellaneous	91,242	10,989	7,407	4,222	113,860
Total Operating Expenses	9,688,339	2,822,760	1,775,340	1,245,908	15,532,347
Total Operating Expenses	7,000,007		1,770,010	1,210,700	10,002,017
Operating Income (Loss)	2,351,159	267,552	419,762	225,040	3,263,513
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest Income	2,654	13,415	3,663	2,001	21,733
Interest Expense	(65,125)	(294,406)	(61,897)	(3,013)	(424,441)
Proceeds from Sale of Asset	465	4,976	897	520	6,858
Bond Issuance Costs	-	(141,280)	(12,101)	-	(153,381)
Impact Fees	-	135,451	120,011	-	255,462
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(62,006)	(281,844)	50,573	(492)	(293,769)
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS					
AND TRANSFERS	2,289,153	(14,292)	470,335	224,548	2,969,744
CADITAL CONTRIBUTIONS					
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS				11 001	11 001
Grants and Contributions	-	-	_	11,821	11,821 14,632
Transfers In Transfers Out	(1,563,537)	(342,963)	(236,045)	14,632 (228,976)	(2,371,521)
Net Transfers	(1,563,537)	(342,963)	(236,045)	(202,523)	(2,345,068)
Net II diisiei s	(1,303,337)	(342,703)	(230,043)	(202,323)	(2,343,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	725,616	(357,255)	234,290	22,025	624,676
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,362,647	9,937,797	5,697,246	2,246,596	21,244,286
RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION	(283,260)	(81,690)	158,070	(39,395)	(246,275)
TOTAL NET POSITION-BEGINNING RESTATED	3,079,387	9,856,107	5,855,316	2,207,201	20,998,011
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 3,805,003	\$ 9,498,852	\$ 6,089,606	\$ 2,229,226	\$ 21,622,687

CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

			TOTAL			
		ELECTRIC	WATER	WASTEWATER	OTHER	PROPRIETARY
		FUND	FUND	FUND	FUND	FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash Received from Customers	\$	12,072,194	\$ 3,121,701	\$2,186,809	\$ 1,446,743	\$ 18,827,447
Cash Paid to Employees for Services		(879,569)	(259,423)	(271,625)	(131,831)	(1,542,448)
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(8,690,448)	(2,069,374)	(1,377,728)	(1,056,743)	(13,194,293)
Net Cash Provided by						
Operating Activities		2,502,177	792,904	537,456	258,169	4,090,706
CACLLELOWC FROM CARITAL AND DELATED						
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
			125 451	120.011		255.472
Impact Fees Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		- (477,442)	135,451	120,011	-	255,462 (2,282,835)
Proceeds from Sale of Asset		, , ,	(942,409)	(862,984)	-	, , , , ,
		465	4,976	897	520	6,858
Proceeds from Bond Sale		-	8,574,635	734,417	_	9,309,052
Bond Issuance Cost		-	(141,280)	(12,101)	-	(153,381)
Proceeds from Grants		- (02.202)	- (E 41 004)	(224.702)	11,821	11,821
Principal Paid on Bond and Debt		(82,383)	(541,904)	(234,782)	(61,018)	(920,087)
Principal Paid on Capital Leases		(221,513)	(153,933)	- (E1 E7()	- (2 (00)	(375,446)
Interest Paid on Bond and Debt		(67,504)	(162,265)	(51,576)	(3,600)	(284,945)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital						
and Related Financing Activities		(848,377)	6,773,271	(306,118)	(52,277)	5,566,499
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers from Other Funds		_	_	_	23,161	23,161
Transfers to Other Funds		(1,563,537)	(342,963)	(236,045)	(228,976)	(2,371,521)
Contractural Payment		-	211,084	_	_	211,084
Net Cash Provided by (Used in)						
Noncapital Financing Activities		(1,563,537)	(131,879)	(236,045)	(205,815)	(2,137,276)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest Received		2,654	13,415	3,663	2,001	21,733
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		_				
and Cash Equivalents		92,917	7,447,711	(1,044)	2,078	7,541,662
·				, , ,		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING		1,341,230	3,213,326	1,884,684	411,107	6,850,347
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$	1,434,147	<u>\$ 10,661,037</u>	<u>\$1,883,640</u>	<u>\$ 413,185</u>	<u>\$ 14,392,009</u>
RESTRICTED	\$	1,207,377	\$ 10,439,661	\$1,485,804	\$ 413,185	\$ 13,546,027
UNRESTRICTED		226,770	221,376	397,836	-,	845,982
	\$	1,434,147	\$ 10,661,037	\$1,883,640	\$ 413,185	\$ 14,392,009
	_					

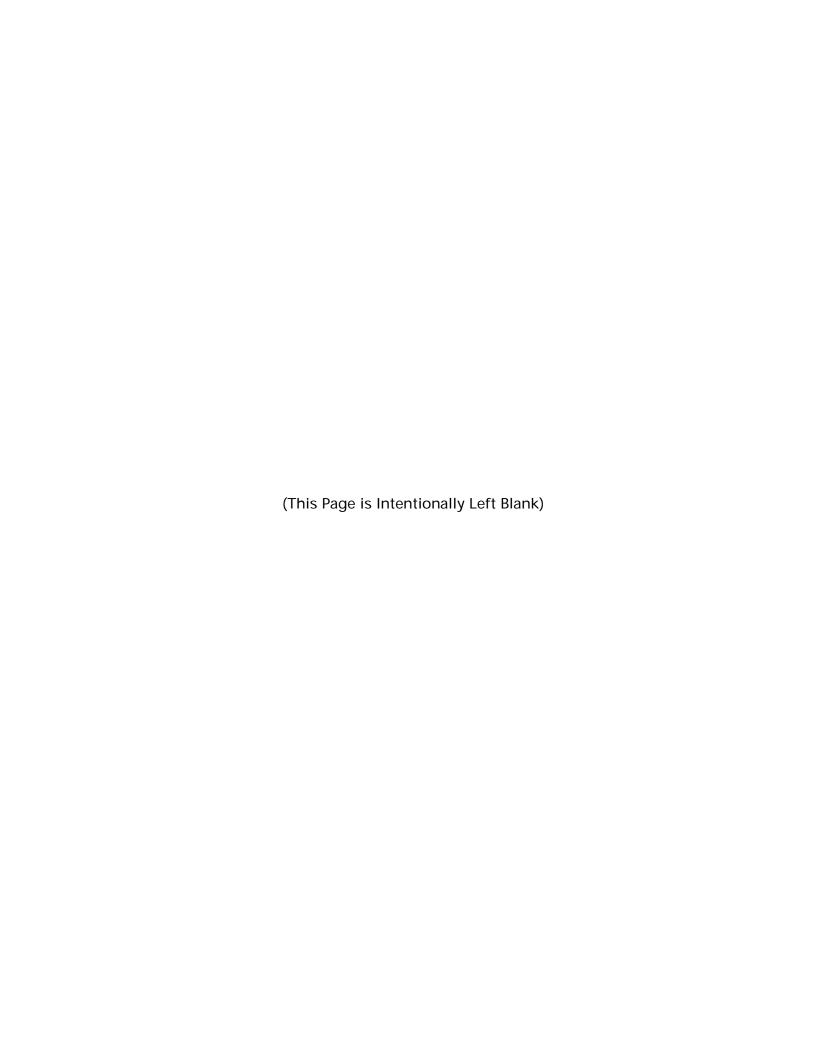
CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	PROPRIETARY FUNDS					TOTAL			
	ELECTRIC FUND		WATER FUND		WASTEWATER	OTHER FUND		PROPRIETARY FUNDS	
					FUND				
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME									
TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)									
OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	2,351,159	\$	267,552	\$ 419,762	\$	225,040	\$	3,263,513
Depreciation and Amortization		348,045		535,484	199,156		54,998		1,137,683
Decrease (Increase) in Assets									
Accounts Receivable		24,889		17,342	(8,293)		(24,102)		9,836
Inventory		(88,355)		-	-		-		(88,355)
Prepaid Expenses		(355)		-	-		-		(355)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities									
Accounts Payable		(135,736)		(41,116)	(71,189)		4,551		(243,490)
Accrued Payroll		5,405		2,321	380		268		8,374
Due to Other Governments									
Customer Deposits		7,807		14,047	-		(150)		21,704
Unearned Revenue		-		-	-		47		47
Net Pension Liability		(19,427)		(5,603)	(5,884)		(2,701)		(33,615)
Other Post Employment Benefits		2,195		732	732		366		4,025
Accrued Compensated Absences		6,550	_	2,145	2,792	_	(148)	_	11,339
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)									
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	2,502,177	\$	792,904	\$ 537,456	\$	258,169	\$	4,090,706

CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	AGENCY FUNDS							
	UNCLAIMED		EVIDENCE			TOTAL		
	PROPERTY		PROPERTY		AGE	NCY FUNDS		
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,886	\$	6,927	\$	14,813		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,886	\$	6,927	\$	14,813		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Due to Others		7,886		6,927		14,813		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	7,886	\$	6,927	\$	14,813		





NOTE A—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Lockhart, Texas ("City") is a municipal corporation operating under a home rule charter as authorized in Article XI, Section 5 of the Constitution of the State of Texas. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: police and fire protection, maintenance of streets, planning and zoning, culture and recreation, general administrative services, electric, water, wastewater, solid waste, and airport services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Proprietary type funds apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, APB Opinions, and ARB pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

1. REPORTING ENTITY

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial purposes, management has considered all potential component units and associated component units. The decision to include a potential component unit or associated component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based on the criteria of GASB the Lockhart Economic Development Corporation (LEDC) is considered to be a discretely presented component unit. The LEDC is financially accountable to the City because City Council approves the LEDC budget and must approve any debt issuance. The component unit's board is appointed by City Council and its activities benefit the City by promoting growth and development opportunities.

2. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the City. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. The value of interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the government-wide financial statements, as elimination of those charges would distort the direct costs reported for the various functions. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services. Separate financial statements are prepared for the fiduciary funds which are not included in the government-wide statements because those funds are held in trust for others.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or

capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. The General Fund and the 2015 Certificate of Obligation Capital Projects Fund are the funds that meet the criteria as major governmental funds. The combined amounts for all nonmajor funds are reflected in a single column in the fund level Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Detailed statements for nonmajor funds are presented within Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules.

3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus is also used for the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash revenue types, which have been accrued, revenue from the investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as program revenues and general revenues. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for good, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants not restricted to specific programs and investment earnings.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables, including property taxes, which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue.

Sales taxes, franchise taxes, hotel/motel taxes, and fees associated with the current fiscal year are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. All other revenue items received by the government are considered to be measurable and available only when the cash is received by the City.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, capital acquisition, and debt service.

The 2015 Certificate of Obligation Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the proceeds of a debt issue and their expenditures on the approved projects for which the debt was issued, mainly infrastructure improvements.

Nonmajor funds include Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds, and a Debt Service Fund.

Proprietary fund level financial statements are used to account for activities, which are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. The City's Proprietary Funds are the Electric, Water, Wastewater, Solid Waste, and Airport Funds.

The Proprietary Fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting as follows:

- Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when liabilities are incurred.
- Current-year contributions, administrative expenses and benefit payments, which are not received or paid until the subsequent year, are accrued.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Enterprise Funds consider all highly liquid investments including cash in banks, cash on hand, money market accounts, deposits in local government investment pools, and restricted cash and temporary investments to be cash equivalents.

5. INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the City to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) – (d). Statutes allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations.

Investments are stated at fair value (plus accrued interest) except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts (U.S. Treasuries) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are stated at amortized cost. Likewise, certificates of deposit, if any, are stated at amortized cost (see Note B).

6. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 prior to September 30 and become due October 1, 2014 and past due after January 31, 2015. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the City. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by the court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

7. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on fund statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

8. INVENTORIES

The City accounts for inventories using the consumption method. Inventories consist primarily of supplies and are valued at cost determined by the average cost method.

9. BUDGET

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for all City governmental funds. The budget is adopted on the GAAP basis of accounting.

10. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain Enterprise Fund revenues are collected for a specific purpose by State law and City ordinances such as impact fees for infrastructure improvements and the purchase of future water rights. These funds are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position and balance sheet because their use is limited by law.

11. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. Infrastructure assets include City-owned streets, sidewalks, curbs and bridges. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant, and equipment.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSET	YEARS
Buildings and Improvements	10-50
Public Domain Infrastructure	10-40
Utility System Infrastructure	30-50
Machinery and Equipment	5-10

12. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Vested or accumulated vacation leave and sick pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources is reported as an expenditure and fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay for it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave and sick pay that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the government wide statements. Vested or accumulated vacation leave and sick pay of the enterprise funds are recorded as an expense and liability of that fund as the benefits accrue to employees. The General Fund is the governmental fund that has typically been used in prior years to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

13. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES/UNEARNED REVENUE

Property tax revenues, emergency medical services, and court fines are recognized when they become both measurable and available in fund statements. Available means when due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenue, emergency medical service, and court fines revenue not expected to be available for the current period are reflected as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.

Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grant and reimbursement revenues received in advance of expense/expenditures are reflected as unearned revenue.

14. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities or business-type activities statement of net position. On new bond issues, bond premium and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

15. FUND BALANCE

The City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 54 (GASB 54) Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The statement provides guidance for fund balance categories and classifications and governmental fund type definitions. GASB 54 changed the way we look at cash balances, specifically reporting what cash balances, by major governmental fund type, are or are not available for public purposes. Five categories of cash balances were created and defined by GASB 54. These five categories are as follows:

- Non-spendable These funds are not available for expenditures based on legal or contractual requirements. An example might be inventories and prepaid expenditures.
- Restricted These funds are governed by externally enforceable restrictions.
- Committed Fund balances in this category are limited by the government's highest level of
 decision making (in this case the City Council). Any changes of this designation must be
 done in the same manner that it was implemented. For example, if funds are committed by
 resolution, the commitment could only be released with another resolution.
- Assigned For funds to be assigned, there must be an intended use which can be
 established by the City Council or an official delegated by the council, such as a city
 administrator or finance director. For example, during the budget process, the council
 decided to use some existing fund balance to support activities in the upcoming year.
- Unassigned This classification is the default for all funds that do not fit into the other categories.

Restricted amounts are considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. The City's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year.

16. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The City has elected to appropriate net position of its business type activity. Such appropriations reflect the intended use of the net position.

17. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

18. OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise. For the City, those revenues are charges for electric, water, and sewer services. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity. Revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating.

19. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

20. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY

During fiscal year 2015, the City changed accounting policies related to reporting of net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources in a statement of net financial position by adopting GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27." Accordingly, the effect of the accounting change is reported on the statement of net position, and the statement of activities for the current year.

21. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefits payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE B—CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of the depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. CASH

At September 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the City's and the component unit deposits in the bank were \$3,062,665 and the book balance was \$2,904,591. The cash balance was fully collateralized.

2. INVESTMENTS

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable

stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date of the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposits.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the City adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the City were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investments pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The City's cash, and cash equivalents and that of LEDC at September 30, 2015 are as shown below:

		PERCENT		
		OF TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE	RATING
INVESTMENT TYPE	FAIR VALUE	PORTFOLIO	MATURITY (YEARS)	S&P
TexPool (Local Government Investment Pool)	\$ 12,858,333	49.86%	n/a	AAA-m
Texas CLASS	12,929,069	50.14%	n/a	AAA-m
Total Investments	25,787,402			
Cash In Bank	2,141,556		n/a	n/a
Petty Cash	3,868		n/a	n/a
Total Investments and Cash	27,932,826			
Less: Cash Held In Trust and Agency Funds	(14,813)			
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Reported on Statement of Net Position	\$ 27,918,013			
Lockhart Economic Development Corporation:				
Cash In Bank	\$ 1,003,019	100.00%	n/a	AAA-m

ANALYSIS OF SPECIFIC DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT RISKS

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the City was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. City investment policy follows state guidelines. The City policy allows investments in certificates of deposit with banks in Texas, investments in U.S. Treasuries and Agencies, and investment pools that invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities to name a few.

At September 30, 2015, the City's investments were in investment pools. Public funds investment pools hold securities to maintain a continuous rating of no lower than Aaa or AAAm or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

At year-end and per City policy all funds were in the City's name and collateralized with securities that maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. The City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. All City funds are in the external investment pool as allowed by the City's investment policy, and the investment pool invests in hundreds of authorized securities that minimize concentrations of credit risk. At year-end, the City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. At year-end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk due to investment in an external investment pool as authorized by the City's investment policy.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's policy does not allow investment in foreign currency. At year end the City was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

4. INVESTMENT POLICY

The City's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

5. PUBLIC FUNDS INVESTMENT POOLS

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

NOTE C—PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

The City's property tax is levied and becomes collectible each October 1 based on the assessed values listed as of the prior January 1, which is the date a lien attaches to all taxable property in the City. Assessed values are established by the Caldwell County Appraisal District at 100% of estimated market value. Assessed values are reduced by lawful exemptions to arrive at taxable values. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed every four (4) years. The total taxable value as of January 1, 2014, upon which the fiscal 2015 levy was based, was \$496,576,028 (market value less exemptions).

The City is permitted by the Constitution of the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for all governmental purposes. Pursuant to a decision of the Attorney General of the State of Texas, up to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation may be used for the payment of long-term debt. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services, including the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt, for the year ended September 30, 2015 was \$.7227 per \$100 of assessed value, which means that the City has a tax margin of \$1.7773 for each \$100 value. The City may not, however, adopt a tax rate that exceeds the rollback rate or the effective rate, whichever is lower, without first having two public hearings. If the City adopts a tax rate that exceeds the rollback tax rate, registered voters may petition the City for an election on the tax increase. A successful election limits the City's current tax rate to the rollback rate.

Property taxes are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the taxes are assessed. In governmental funds, revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected. Additional amounts estimated to be collectible in the time to be a resource for payment of obligations incurred during the fiscal year and therefore susceptible to accrual in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been recognized as revenue. In the government-wide financial statements, the entire levy is recognized as revenue, net of estimated uncollectible amounts (if any), at the levy date.

NOTE D—INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers consisted of the following:

	TRANSFERS IN							
	GENERAL		GOVERNMENTAL NONMAJOR		BUSINESS TYPE NONMAJOR			
TRANSFERS OUT							TOTAL	
General	\$	-	\$	179,782	\$	75	\$	179,857
2015 Certificate of Obligation		-		1,537		-		1,537
Electric		1,548,980		_		14,557		1,563,537
Water		341,312		1,651		=		342,963
Wastewater		235,904		141		-		236,045
Solid Waste		228,976		-		-		228,976
Nonmajor Governmental		271,667		148,498		<u> </u>		420,165
Total	\$	2,626,839	\$	331,609	\$	14,632	\$	2,973,080

Amounts due among funds is as follows:

DUE TO FUND	DUE FROM FUND	A	MOUNT	PURPOSE
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	9,161	Short Term Loan
General Fund	Business-Type		8,529	Short Term Loan
		\$	17,690	

NOTE E—CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015, was as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2014	ADDITIONS	DISPOSALS	BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2015
Capital Assets not being Depreciated -				
Land	\$ 1,373,193	\$ 10,077	\$ -	\$ 1,383,270
Construction In Progress	2,042,471	212,820	(2,041,748)	213,543
Total Capital Assets not being				
Depreciated	3,415,664	222,897	(2,041,748)	1,596,813
Capital Assets being Depreciated -				
Buildings and Improvements	9,298,569	2,185,621	-	11,484,190
Equipment	6,032,030	256,477	(100,693)	6,187,814
Infrastructure	72,625,012	42,228	_	72,667,240
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated	87,955,611	2,484,326	(100,693)	90,339,244
<u>Less Accumulated Depreciation</u> -				
Buildings and Improvements	(3,389,937)	(233,578)	-	(3,623,515)
Equipment	(4,412,193)	(459,716)	100,693	(4,771,216)
Infrastructure	(58,501,639)	(1,411,992)	<u> </u>	(59,913,631)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(66,303,769)	(2,105,286)	100,693	(68,308,362)
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated - Net	21,651,842	379,040		22,030,882
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS - NET	\$ 25,067,506	\$ 601,937	<u>\$ (2,041,748)</u>	\$ 23,627,695

Depreciation Expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 90,475
Public Safety	411,200
Public Works	1,517,778
Health and Welfare	1,519
Culture and Recreation	84,314
	\$2,105,286

Business-type capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015, was as follows:

	BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30,			BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30,
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:	2014	ADDITIONS	DISPOSALS	2015
DOSINESS THE ACTIVITIES.	2014	ABBITIONS	DISI OSALS	2013
Assets Not Being Depreciated -				
Land	\$ 574,710	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 574,710
Contruction In Progress	1,461,725	2,050,708		3,512,433
Total Capital Assets not being				
Depreciated - Net	2,036,435	2,050,708		4,087,143
Assets Depreciated -				
Infrastructure	32,302,918	246,197	_	32,549,115
Buildings and Improvements	4,570,434	-	_	4,570,434
Equipment	5,422,756	7,675	(65,555)	5,364,876
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated - Net	42,296,108	253,872	(65,555)	42,484,425
Less Accumulated Depreciation -				
Infrastructure	(16,682,022)	(763,734)	-	(17,445,756)
Buildings and Improvements	(2,912,561)	(41,682)	_	(2,954,243)
Equipment	(4,221,153)	(354,013)	65,555	(4,509,611)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(23,815,736)	(1,159,429)	65,555	(24,909,610)
Total Capital Assets being				
Depreciated - Net	18,480,372	(905,557)		17,574,815
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS - NET	\$ 20,516,807	\$ 1,145,151	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 21,661,958

NOTE F—LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt and obligations payable at September 30, 2015 were comprised of the following issues:

SERIES AND ORIGINAL ISSUE AMOUNT	BEGINNING BALANCE	INCREASES	DECREASES	ENDING BALANCE	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: Certificates of Obligation General Obligation Bonds	\$ 7,539,595 <u>936,771</u>	\$ 7,700,735 	\$ (364,644) (460,740)	\$ 14,875,686 476,031	\$ 379,295 476,031
Total Governmental Activities Bonds	8,476,366	7,700,735		15,351,717	855,326
Bond Premium Compensated Absences	422,022	278,388 309,955	- (304,639)	278,388 427,338	13,919 427,338
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 8,898,388	\$ 8,289,078	\$ (304,639)	\$ 16,057,443	\$1,296,583
SERIES AND ORIGINAL ISSUE AMOUNT	BEGINNING BALANCE	INCREASES	DECREASES	ENDING BALANCE	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
		* 8,984,265	DECREASES \$ (75,356) (699,260) (144,453)		
ORIGINAL ISSUE AMOUNT BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: Certificates of Obligation General Obligation Bonds	\$ 180,404 3,253,229		\$ (75,356) (699,260)	\$ 9,089,313 2,553,969	ONE YEAR \$ 15,705 723,969

Interest rates on the bonds range from 3.19% to 6.75%. The rates of capital leases range from 3.99% to 5.07%

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term debt and obligations outstanding as of September 30, 2015, including interest payments, are as follows:

FISCAL YEAR	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
ENDING 9/30	PF	PRINCIPAL		INTEREST		TOTAL
2016	\$	855,326	\$	678,373	\$	1,533,699
2017		578,197		562,287		1,140,484
2018		601,729		535,323		1,137,052
2019		630,261		508,512		1,138,773
2020		659,178		486,525		1,145,703
2021-2025		4,705,309	1	,957,153		6,662,462
2026-2030		4,524,420		882,641		5,407,061
2031-2035		2,797,297		291,126		3,088,423
	\$ 1	5,351,717	<u>\$5</u>	,901,940	\$:	21,253,657

FISCAL YEAR	BUSINE	SS-T	YPE ACTIVI	TIES	5
ENDING 9/30	PRINCIPAL		NTEREST		TOTAL
				-	
2016	\$ 887,738	\$	598,619	\$	1,486,357
2017	498,569		472,204		970,773
2018	518,831		451,826		970,657
2019	539,188		430,718		969,906
2020	559,257		415,734		974,991
2021-2025	3,735,237	-	1,743,208		5,478,445
2026-2030	4,296,837	-	1,000,445		5,297,282
2031-2035	 3,922,242		372,948		4,295,190
	\$ 14,957,899	\$ 5	5,485,702	\$:	20,443,601

Future commitments on capital leases are as follows:

FISCAL YEAR ENDING 9/30	 SINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
2016	\$ 447,410
2017	448,260
2018	 224,130
Total Minimum Rentals	1,119,800
Less: Amount Representing Interest	 (74,327)
Net Present Value	\$ 1,045,473

NOTE G—CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Lockhart-Luling Water Delivery System

The Guadalupe Blanco River Authority (GBRA) contracted with the City in 2002 to provide a reliable quantity of treated water through the Luling Water Treatment Plant. For the mutual benefit of the parties, GBRA, the City of Luling, and the City of Lockhart entered into an agreements that enabled GBRA to pump treated water from the Luling Water Treatment Plant to the Lockhart Treatment Plant ground storage reservoir through the water delivery system.

GBRA issued \$6,370,000 in Contract Revenue Bonds in fiscal year 2004 for the water delivery system. That issue was refunded by the Series 2014 Contract Revenue Bonds totaling \$4,950,000. As of September 30, 2015, there was \$4,715,000 of bonds outstanding. Through the agreements, the City has agreed to pay GBRA on an annual basis for twenty-five years the following:

(a) Principal and interest on any bonds issued to pay off the financing, refinancing, design, permitting, construction, and equipping the project; (b) operation and maintenance of the water delivery system; (c) operation and maintenance of the Luling Water Treatment Plant; (d) reserve and contingency fund payments, if any; and (e) capital recovery charges.

Lockhart Wastewater Treatment Plant

GBRA entered into a contract on June 15, 1994 with the City whereby GBRA would construct a Regional Wastewater Treatment System to receive, treat, and dispose of wastewater collected by the City's collection system.

GBRA issued \$5,480,000 of Contract Revenue Bonds in fiscal year 1996 for the treatment system. That issue was refunded by the Series 2010 Contract Revenue Bonds totaling \$4,025,000. As of September 30, 2015, \$1,255,000 of refunding bonds was outstanding. Under the provisions of the contract, the City has agreed to pay GBRA through 2017 the following:

(a) all operation and maintenance expenses of the Regional Wastewater Treatment System; (b) amounts necessary to pay debt service on the bonds; (c) amounts necessary to establish and maintain funds established by the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds; and (d) amounts necessary to restore any deficiency in funds established by the resolution.

NOTE H—CONTRACTUAL SETTLEMENT

The City reached a settlement agreement with a vendor during the 2006 fiscal year in a dispute over the performance of equipment used in its utility system infrastructure. Under the settlement agreement, the vendor agreed to pay the City a total of \$3,210,173 in multiple installments extending through the year 2018. The remaining balance due the City is reported as a receivable in the accompanying government wide and proprietary fund Statements of Net Position.

NOTE I—EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

A. <u>Plan Description</u>

The City participates as one of 860 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although

the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

B. <u>Benefits Provided</u>

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Members are eligible to retire at age sixty (60) and above with five (5) or more years of service or with twenty (20) years of service regardless of age. A member is vested after five (5) years. The contribution rate for the employees is 6%, and the City matching percent is currently 2 to 1.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2014 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	61
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	86
Active employees	<u>128</u>
Total	275

C. Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 6% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 12.32% and 11.86% for calendar years 2014 and 2015 respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2015 were \$692,664, and matched the required contribution.

D. Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 3.0% per year Overall Payroll Growth 3.0% per year

Investment Rate of Return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table is used, with slight adjustments.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2014, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2009, first used in the December 31, 2010 valuation. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2014 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.0%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TMRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		LONG-TERM
		EXPECTED REAL
	TARGET	RATE OF RETURN
ASSET CLASS	ALLOCATION	(ARITHMETIC)
Domestic Equity	17.5%	4.80%
International Equity	17.5%	6.05%
Core Fixed Income	30.0%	1.50%
Non-Core Fixed Income	10.0%	3.50%
Real Return	5.0%	1.75%
Real Estate	10.0%	5.25%
Absolute Return	5.0%	4.25%
Private Equity	<u>5.0%</u>	8.50%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$ 25,302,299	\$22,415,156	\$ 2,887,143		
Changes for the year:					
Service Cost	659,622	-	659,622		
Interest	1,759,695	-	1,759,695		
Change of Benefit Terms	-	-	_		
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	(275,265)	-	(275,265)		
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	_		
Contributions - Employer	-	662,456	(662,456)		
Contributions - Employee	-	321,581	(321,581)		
Net Investment Income	_	1,282,369	(1,282,369)		
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds					
of Employee Contributions	(987,219)	(987,219)	_		
Administrative Expense	-	(13,388)	13,388		
Other Changes	<u>-</u> _	(1,101)	1,101		
Net Changes	<u>1,156,833</u>	<u>1,264,698</u>	(107,865)		
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 26,459,132	\$23,679,854	\$ 2,779,278		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

1%	Decrease in			1% Increase in						
Disco	unt Rate (6.0%)	Disco	unt Rate (7.0%)	Disco	unt Rate (8.0%)					
	_									
\$	6.774.851	\$	2.779.278	\$	(461.591)					

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tmrs.com.

E. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related</u> to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$526,910.

At September 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	20.0	ed Outflows lesources	20.0.	rred Inflows Resources
Difference Between Expected and				
Actual Economic Experience	\$	-	\$	201,673
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		-		-
Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Investment Earnings		229,354		-
Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		500,462		
Total	\$	729,816	\$	201,673

The City reported \$500,462 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2015. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2016	\$ (16,254)
2017	(16,254)
2018	2,849
2019	57,340
2020	-
Thereafter	 _
Total	\$ 27,681

Supplemental Death Benefits Fund

The City also participates in the cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

Benefits- The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other post employment benefit" or OPEB.

Contributions- The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required contribution rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy of this plan is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

A schedule of contribution rates follows:

	ANNUAL REQUIRED	ACTUAL RATE OF	PERCENTAGE OF
PLAN YEAR	CONTRIBUTION RATE	CONTRIBUTION MADE	ARC CONTRIBUTED
2015	0.24%	0.24%	100.00%
2014	0.21%	0.21%	100.00%
2013	0.19%	0.19%	100.00%

NOTE J—FUND BALANCE CATEGORIES

The fund balance categories after adopting GASB 54 (see Note A section 15) are as follows:

			2	2015		Other	Total		
			Certif	ficate of	Governmental		Gov	vernmental	
		General	Obli	gation		Funds		Funds	
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable	\$	37,681	\$	-	\$	2,673	\$	40,354	
Restricted - Construction		-	7,6	39,263		746,843		8,386,106	
Restricted -Debt Service		-		-		362,919		362,919	
Restricted - Special Revenue		91,955		-	757,115			849,070	
Committed Fund Balances:									
Sidewalks		31,489		-		-		31,489	
Revolving Loan		256,035		-		-		256,035	
Industrial Park		314,911		-		-		314,911	
Unassigned		3,196,967				_		3,196,967	
Total Fund Balances	\$	3,929,038	\$ 7,6	39,263	\$	1,869,550	\$ 1	3,437,851	

NOTE K—CONTINGENCIES

Grant Programs

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Water Purchase Commitment

The City has entered into an agreement with Guadalupe Blanco River Authority (GBRA) that obligates the City to purchase water from GBRA through December 2027.

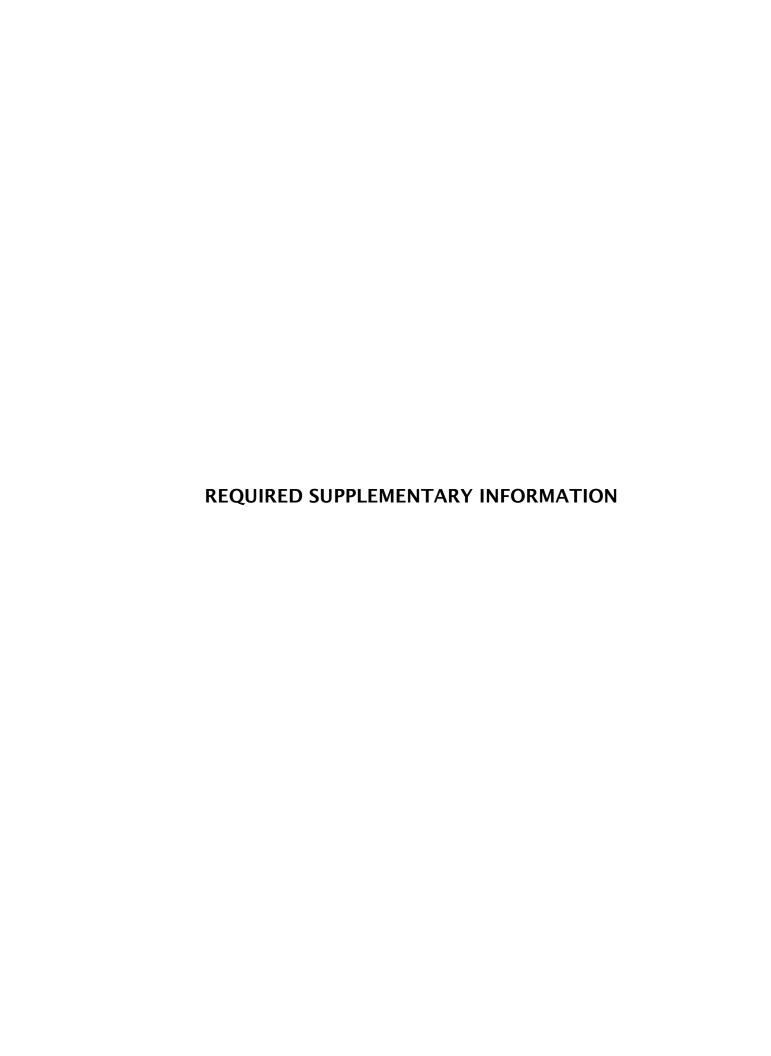
NOTE L—RISK MANAGEMENT

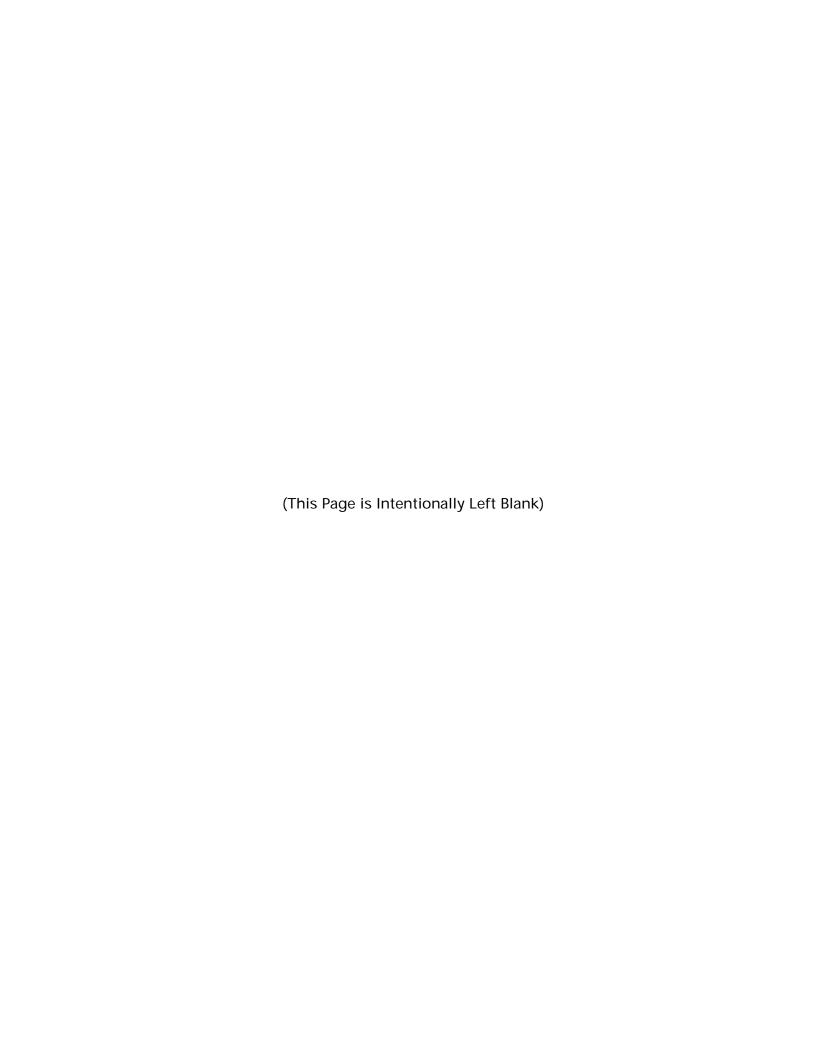
The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various natures. The City contracts with the Texas Municipal League (TML) to provide insurance coverage for property and casualty, and workers compensation. TML is a multi-employer group that provides for a combination of risk sharing among pool participants and stop loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by the provider. Liability by the City is generally limited to the contribution amounts. During the past three years, no settlements have exceeded insurance coverage.

NOTE M - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

During fiscal year 2015, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Reporting for Pensions. With the adoption of this standard, the City must recognize a net pension liability for their defined-benefit pension plan. Adoption of GASB No. 68 requires a prior period adjustment to report the effect of GASB 68 retroactively. The amount of the prior period adjustment is \$(1,926,745) for the governmental activities and \$(490,145) for the business-type activities. The wastewater fund also identified an accounts receivable from the prior year for \$243,780 that was not recorded in the prior year. The restated beginning net position for the Governmental Activities and Business-type activities are as follows:

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		ELECTRIC FUND		WATER FUND		WASTEWATER FUND		ОТІ	HER ENTERPRISE FUND
Net Position, beginning, as previously reported	\$	21,574,289	\$	21,244,286	\$	3,362,647	\$	9,937,797	\$	5,697,246	\$	2,246,596
Net Pension Liability Prior Year GBRA Receivable		(1,926,745)		(490,145) 243,870		(283,260)		(81,690)		(85,800) 243,870		(39,395)
Net Position, beginning, as restated	\$	19,647,544	\$	20,998,011	\$	3,079,387	\$	9,856,107	\$	5,855,316	\$	2,207,201





CITY LOCKHART, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	BUDGET A	AMOUNTS	2015	VARIANCE WITH		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	FINAL BUDGET		
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Ad Valorem	\$ 2,965,654	\$ 2,965,654	\$ 2,969,641	\$ 3,987		
Sales and Other Taxes	1,672,222	1,672,222	1,816,091	143,869		
Fines, Fees and Forfeitures	309,295	309,295	416,884	107,589		
Licenses and Permits	117,702	117,702	288,438	170,736		
Grants and Intergovernmental	147,491	147,491	246,336	98,845		
Charges for Services	994,867	994,867	1,383,027	388,160		
Interest Income	6,044	6,044	11,502	5,458		
Miscellaneous	189,090	189,090	171,726	(17,364)		
Total Revenues	6,402,365	6,402,365	7,303,645	901,280		
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>						
General Government	2,969,864	2,969,864	2,110,954	858,910		
Public Safety	5,329,516	5,329,516	5,524,673	(195,157)		
Public Works	1,113,799	1,113,799	908,990	204,809		
Health and Welfare	8,254	8,254	11,970	(3,716)		
Culture and Recreation	788,869	788,869	867,342	(78,473)		
Total Expenditures	10,210,302	10,210,302	9,423,929	786,373		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (Under) Expenditures	(3,807,937)	(3,807,937)	(2,120,284)	1,687,653		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	3,073,629	3,073,629	2,626,839	(446,790)		
Transfers Out	(177,145)	(177,145)	(179,857)	(2,712)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,896,484	2,896,484	2,446,982	(449,502)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(911,453)	(911,453)	326,698	1,238,151		
Total Fund Balance-Beginning of Year	3,602,340	3,602,340	3,602,340	<u>-</u> _		
Total Fund Balance-End of Year	\$2,690,887	\$2,690,887	\$ 3,929,038	\$ 1,238,151		

CITY LOCKHART, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,

	 2015
Total Pension Liability	
Service Cost Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	\$ 659,622 1,759,695
Changes of Benefit Terms Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience Change of Assumptions	(275,265) -
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	 (987,219)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,156,833
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 25,302,299
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 26,459,132
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Administrative Expense Other	\$ 662,456 321,581 1,282,369 (987,219) (13,388) (1,101)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,264,698
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 22,415,156
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 23,679,854
Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	\$ 2,779,278
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	89.50%
Covered Employee Payroll	5,359,686
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Total Covered Employee Payroll	51.86%

^{*}GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. This is the first year of implementation of GASB 68. The City will develop the schedule prospectively.

CITY LOCKHART, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,

	2015
Actuarially Determined Contributions	\$ 692,664
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	692,664
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 5,359,686
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	12.92%

^{*}GASB 68 requires 10 fiscal years of data to be provided in this schedule. This is the first year of implementation of GASB 68. The City will develop the schedule prospectively.

CITY LOCKHART, TEXAS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENAL INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City Council adopts an "appropriated budget" on a Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) basis. At a minimum the City is required to present the original and the final amended budgets for revenues and expenditures as compared to actual.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January, 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining

Amortization Period 25 Years

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year Smoothed Market, 15% Soft Corridor

Inflation 3.00%

Salary Increases 3.5% to 12.00% Including Inflation

Investment Rate of

Return 7.00%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to

the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2010 valuation pursuant to an experience study of

the period 2005 - 2009.

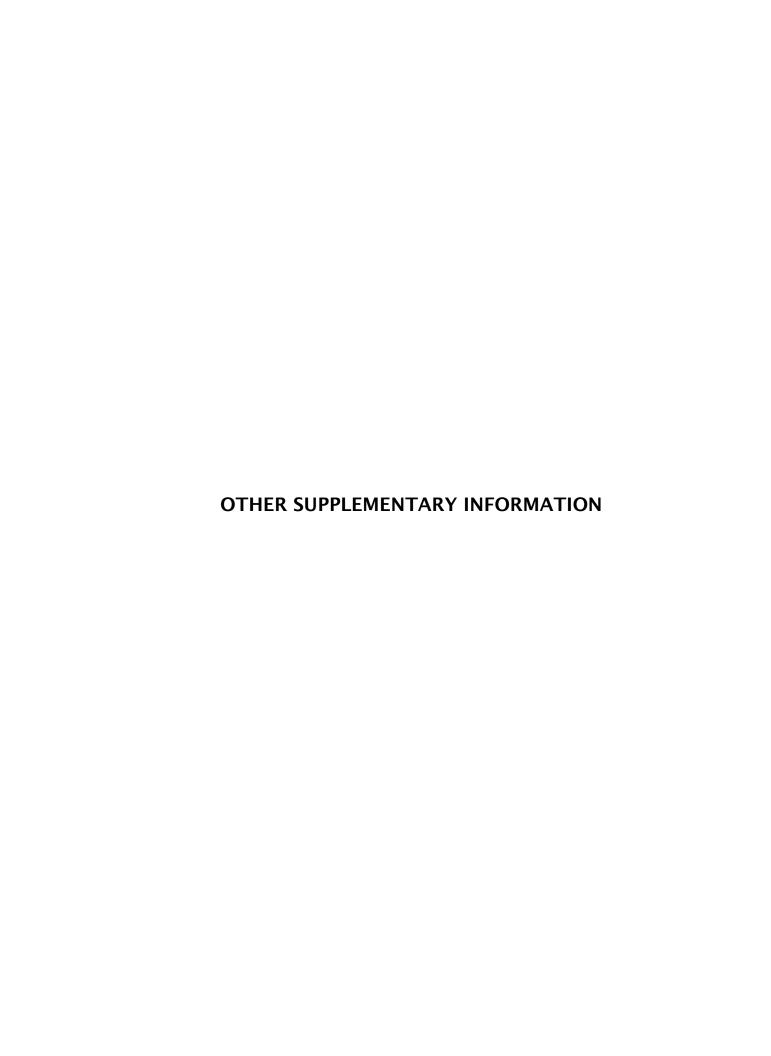
Mortality RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar

Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a

fully generational basis with scale BB.

Other Information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.



CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	SPECIAL REVENUES											
		F										
	Ra	dio Tower	Forfeited		Hotel/Motel		TC	eq nps	Road I	mpact	Mai	ntenance
	Re	olacement	Pr	operty	Оссь	ipancy Tax	(Grant	Fe	ee		Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>												
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	81,380	\$	1,198	\$	-	\$	5,803	\$ 31	1,907	\$	46,299
Receivables:												
Ad Valorem Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		27,200		-		-		-
Prepaid Expenses	_	_	_			_	_	_				2,673
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	81,380	\$	1,198	\$	27,200	\$	5,803	\$ 31	1,907	\$	48,972
<u>LIABILITIES</u>												
Accounts Payable - Trade	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,200	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,626
Unearned Revenue		-		_		-		_		_		_
Due to Other Funds	_	_	_			9,161	_	_				_
Total Liabilities		<u> </u>	_		-	26,361				<u>-</u>		1,626
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Deferred Revenue		<u> </u>				<u> </u>						<u> </u>
Total Deferred Inflows	_	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>					_	
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		-		_		-		_		-		2,673
Restricted - Debt Service		-		-		-		-		-		_
Restricted - Capital Projects Funds		-		_		-		_		_		_
Restricted - Special Revenue Funds		81,380		1,198		839		5,803	31	1,907		44,673
Total Fund Balances		81,380		1,198		839		5,803	31	1,907		47,346
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED												
INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	\$	81,380	\$	1,198	\$	27,200	\$	5,803	\$ 31	1,907	\$	48,972

				SPECIAL REVE	NUES (CONTINUE	D)	
					Cable		Law
	Court	Court	Child	Court	Education	Transportation Drainage	Enforcement
Tec	chnology	Security	Safety	Efficiency	Fund	Improvements Improvements	Education
\$	19,262	\$ 10,844	\$ 24,298	\$ 7,651	\$ 52,402	\$ 84,750 \$ 29,108	\$ 11,763
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1,661	1,329	775	332	5,489	39,001 21,170	-
\$	20,923	<u>\$ 12,173</u>	\$ 25,073	\$ 7,983	\$ 57,891	<u> </u>	\$ 11,763
\$	93	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ -
	-	-	-	-	-		-
	93						
					<u></u>	<u>-</u>	
		_		_			
	_	_		_	_		_
	_	-	_	-	_		_
	20,830	12,173	25,073	7,983	57,891	123,751 50,278	11,763
	20,830	12,173	25,073	7,983	57,891	123,751 50,278	11,763
\$	20,923	<u>\$ 12,173</u>	\$ 25,073	\$ 7,983	<u>\$ 57,891</u>	<u>\$ 123,751</u> <u>\$ 50,278</u>	<u>\$ 11,763</u>

CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

SPECIAL REVENUES (CONTINUED) Interest Police Total Confiscated Glosserman **Brock** Federal Special and Sinking Fund Cabin **Property** Cops Grant Revenue Fund **ASSETS** Cash and Cash Equivalents 538 507 1,066 688,776 362,919 Receivables: Ad Valorem Taxes 50,039 Miscellaneous 96,957 **Prepaid Expenses** 2,673 TOTAL ASSETS 507 538 1,066 788,406 412,958 **LIABILITIES** Accounts Payable - Trade 538 19,457 **Unearned Revenue** Due to Other Funds 9,161 **Total Liabilities** 538 28,618 **DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES** Deferred Revenue 50,039 **Total Deferred Inflows** 50,039 **FUND BALANCES** Nonspendable 2,673 Restricted - Debt Service 362,919 Restricted - Capital Projects Funds Restricted - Special Revenue Funds 507 1,066 757,115 **Total Fund Balances** 507 1,066 759,788 362,919 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES 538 507 1,066 788,406 \$ 412,958

CAPITAL PROJECTS										Total			
Cle	arfork	С	learfork	20	006	2006-A		2009			Total	No	onmajor
Detention		Section 1		Certificates		Bond		Certificate of		Capital		Gov	ernmental
В	asin	S	idewalk	of Ob	ligation	Fu	nd	0	bligation	F	Projects		Funds
\$	21,362	\$	16,159	\$	-	\$	-	\$	744,052	\$	781,573	\$ 1	,833,268
	_		-		_		-		-		-		50,039 96,957
	_		_		_		_		_		_		2,673
\$	21,362	\$	16,159	\$		\$		\$	744,052	\$	781,573	\$ 1	,982,937
\$	- 17,450	\$	- 13,200	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,080 -	\$	4,080 30,650	\$	23,537
	<u>-</u> 17,450		13,200		_		<u> </u>	_	4,080	_	34,730		9,161 63,348
	<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		-	_		_	<u>-</u>		50,039 50,039
	- - 3,912		- - 2,959		- - -		- - -		- - 739,972		- - 746,843		2,673 362,919 746,843
	- 3,912	_			<u>-</u>			_	- 739,972		746,843	1	757,115 ,869,550
\$	<u>21,362</u>	\$	16,159	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>		\$	744,052	\$	<u>781,573</u>		<u>,982,937</u>

CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	SPECIAL REVENUES						_			
		io Tower lacement		rfeited operty	Hotel/Mo			EQ NPS Grant	Road Impac	t _
REVENUES										
Taxes										
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
Sales and Other Taxes		-		-	100	,552		-	-	
Fines, Fees and Forfeitures		-		-		-		-	164,180	
Grants and Contributons		-		-		-		-	-	
Interest Income		192		2		37		13	595	
Miscellaneous							_			
TOTAL REVENUES		192		2	100	,589	_	13	164,775	
EXPENDITURES Current										
General Government		171		_	47	,454		_	_	
Public Safety		_		_		_		_	_	
Public Works		_		_		_		_	_	
Culture and Recreation		_		_	13	,101		_	_	
Capital Outlay		_		_		_		_	_	
Debt Service										
Administrative Charges		_		_		_		_	_	
Interest		_		_		_		_	_	
Principal Retirement		_		_		_		_	_	
Total Expenditures		171	-	_	60	,555		_		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures		21		2	40	,034		13	164,775	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers In Transfers Out		-		-	(40	-		_	-	
			-			<u>,000</u>)	_			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u> </u>			(40	<u>,000</u>)		<u>-</u>		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		21		2		34		13	164,775	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		81,359		1,196		805		5,790	147,132	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	81,380	\$	1,198	\$	839	\$	5,803	\$ 311,907	

(The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of these Financial Statements)

SPECIAL	REVENUES	(CONTINUED))

Radio System	1	JI LOIAL	REVENUES (CON	VIIIVOLD)	Cable	
Maintenance		Court	Child	Court	Education	Transportation
Fund	Technology	Security	Safety	Efficiency	Fund	Improvements
		. <u> </u>		·		
\$ -	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
•		a = 1 /	-	-	-	-
121,092	- 10,185	8,716	10,514	3,265	-	264,638
121,092		- 27	- 55	18	132	355
		-	-	-	22,126	-
121,209	10,229	8,743	10,569	3,283	22,258	264,993
		-	-	-	17,288	-
191,309	9 18,987	10,904	7,802	2,920		-
•		-	-	-	-	1,462
		-	-	-	_	136,232
						100/202
		-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-
	<u> </u>					<u>-</u>
191,309	9 18,987	10,904	7,802	2,920	17,288	137,694
(70,100	<u>(8,758</u>)	(2,161)	2,767	363	4,970	127,299
89,160) -	-	-	-	-	-
	<u> </u>					(242,500)
89,160	<u> </u>	-				(242,500)
19,060	(8,758)	(2,161)	2,767	363	4,970	(115,201)
28,286		14,334	22,306	7,620	52,921	238,952
\$ 47,346	<u>\$ 20,830</u>	<u>\$ 12,173</u>	\$ 25,073	\$ 7,983	<u>\$ 57,891</u>	\$ 123,751

CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	SPECIAL REVENUES (CONTINUED)					
	Drainage Improvements	Law Enforcement Education	Glosserman Fund	Brock Cabin	Police Federal Cops Grant	
<u>REVENUES</u>						
Taxes						
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Sales and Other Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	
Fines, Fees and Forfeitures	142,661	-	-	-	-	
Grants and Contributons	-	2,174	-	-	9,905	
Interest Income	225	25	2	3	-	
Miscellaneous				<u> </u>		
TOTAL REVENUES	142,886	2,199	2	3	9,905	
EXPENDITURES Current						
General Government	_	_	_	412	_	
Public Safety	_	828	_	-	9,905	
Public Works	20,342	_	_	_	_	
Culture and Recreation	· _	_	-	_	_	
Capital Outlay	_	_	-	_	-	
Debt Service						
Administrative Charges	_	_	_	_	_	
Interest	_	_	_	_	_	
Principal Retirement	_	_	_	_	_	
Total Expenditures	20,342	828		412	9,905	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		<u></u>				
Over (Under) Expenditures	122,544	1,371	2	(409)	_	
Over (order) Experiances	122,044			(407)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers Out	(129,167)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(129,167)					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(6,623)	1,371	2	(409)	-	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	56,901	10,392	505	1,475	<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 50,278	\$ 11,763	\$ 507	\$ 1,066	\$ -	

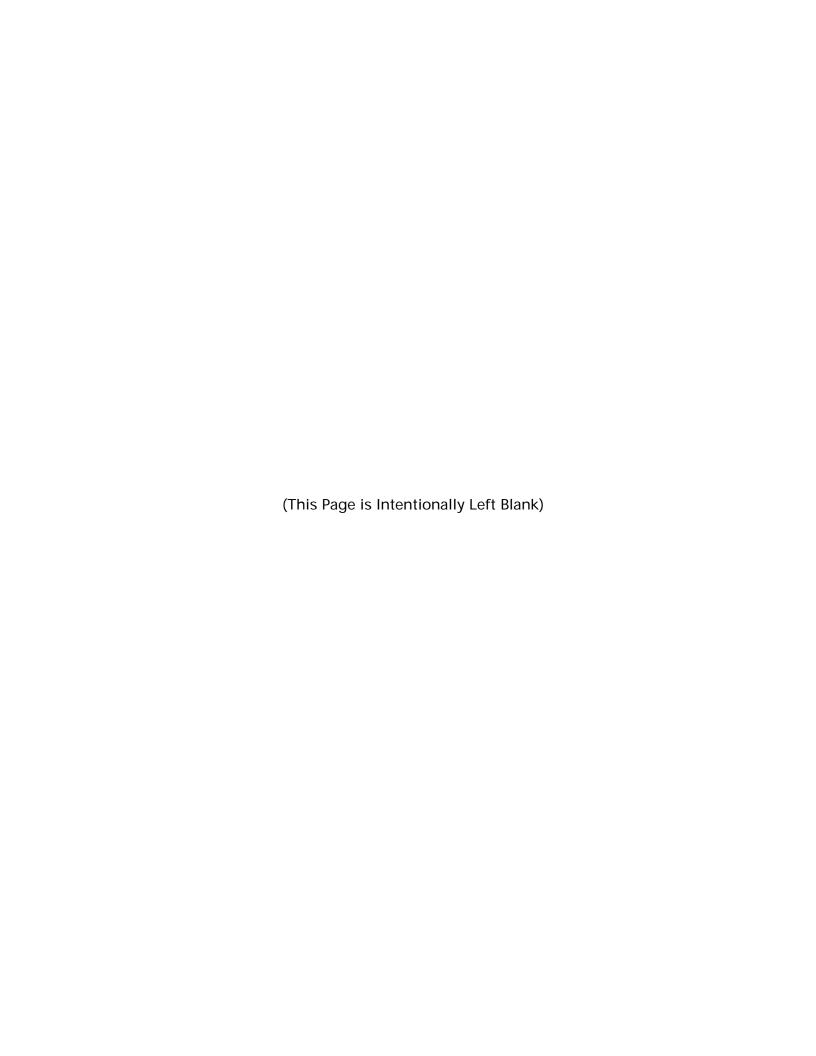
Interest Clearfork Clearfork 2006 2006-A 2009 Total	Nonmajor	
and Sinking Detention Section 1 Certificates of Bond Certificate of Capital Fund Basin Sidewalk Obligation Fund Obligation Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$ 561,949 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 561,949	
	100,552	
	604,159	
11,693	144,864	
1,479 50 38 4 9 1,850 1,951	5,272	
300,000	322,126	
<u>875,121</u> <u>50</u> <u>38</u> <u>4</u> <u>9</u> <u>1,850</u> <u>1,951</u>	1,738,922	
1,800 - 15,838 17,638	82,963	
	242,655	
	21,804	
	13,101	
68,045 68,045	204,277	
400	400	
825,385	825,385	
358,092	358,092	
<u>1,183,877</u> <u>- 1,800</u> <u>- 83,883</u> <u>85,683</u>	1,748,677	
(308,756) 50 38 (1,796) 9 (82,033) (83,732)	(9,755)	
242,449	331,609	
(3,293) _ (5,205) (8,498)	(420,165)	
	(88,556)	
(66,307) 50 38 (5,089) (5,196) (82,033) (92,230)	(98,311)	
429,226 3,862 2,921 5,089 5,196 822,005 839,073	1,967,861	
\$ 362,919 \$ 3,912 \$ 2,959 \$ - \$ - \$ 739,972 \$ 746,843	\$ 1,869,550	

CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

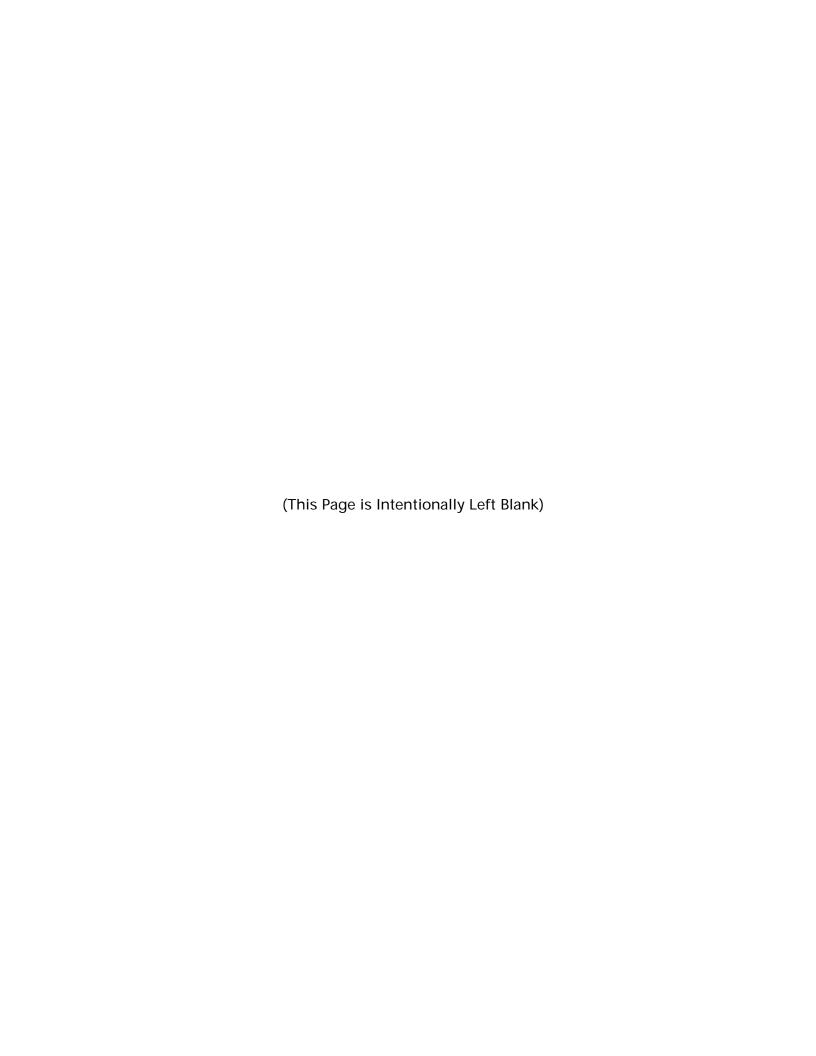
	SANITATION	AIRPORT	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 413,185	\$ -	\$ 413,185
Accounts Receivable:	Ψ 110,100	Ψ	Ψ 110/100
Customer Accounts	209,194	1,458	210,652
Total Current Assets	622,379	1,458	623,837
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets (Net):			
Land and Other Assets not being Depreciated	120,409	72,161	192,570
Building, Improvements and Equipment	22,504	1,550,444	1,572,948
Total Nonurrent Assets	142,913	1,622,605	1,765,518
TOTAL ASSETS	765,292	1,624,063	2,389,355
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Outflows - Pension	8,608		8,608
Deferred Outflows - Ferision			
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED			
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 773,900	\$ 1,624,063	\$ 2,397,963
			·
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable - Trade	\$ 4,032	\$ 349	\$ 4,381
Payroll Related Liabilities	3,199	_	3,199
Other Payables	82,216	_	82,216
Due to Other Funds	-	8,529	8,529
Unearned Revenue	-	3,137	3,137
Customer Deposits	100	6,375	6,475
Accrued Compensated Absences	4,747	<u>-</u>	4,747
Total Current Liabilities	94,294	18,390	112,684
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Other Post Employment Benefits	10,751	-	10,751
Net Pension Liability	45,302		45,302
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	56,053		56,053
TOTAL LIABILITIES	150,347	18,390	168,737
NET POSITION			
	142.012	1 622 405	1 745 510
Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted Net Position	142,913 480,640	1,622,605	1,765,518 463,708
Total Net Position	480,640 623,553	<u>(16,932</u>) 1,605,673	2,229,226
i otai Net i osition	023,003	1,000,073	2,227,220
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 773,900	\$ 1,624,063	\$ 2,397,963

CITY OF LOCKHART, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	SANITATION	AIRPORT	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for Service	\$ 1,391,574	\$ 59,023	\$ 1,450,597
Miscellaneous	10,854	9,497	20,351
Total Operating Revenues	1,402,428	68,520	1,470,948
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel Services	128,567	_	128,567
Contracts and Services	1,009,630	16,197	1,025,827
Materials and Supplies	9,624	341	9,965
Maintenance and Repairs	12,051	10,278	22,329
Depreciation and Amortization	2,181	52,817	54,998
Miscellaneous	4,222	-	4,222
Total Operating Expenses	1,166,275	79,633	1,245,908
Net Operating Income	236,153	(11,113)	225,040
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest Income	947	1,054	2,001
Interest Expense	_	(3,013)	(3,013)
Proceeds from Sale of Asset	520	_	520
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	1,467	(1,959)	(492)
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	237,620	(13,072)	224,548
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS			
Grant Revenue	11,821	-	11,821
Transfers In	75	14,557	14,632
Transfers Out	(228,976)	_	(228,976)
Total Capital Contributions	(217,080)	14,557	(202,523)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION			
Change in Net Position	20,540	1,485	22,025
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	642,408	1,604,188	2,246,596
Restatement of Beginning Net Position	(39,395)		(39,395)
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year Restated	603,013	1,604,188	2,207,201
Total Net Position - End of Year	<u>\$ 623,553</u>	\$ 1,605,673	\$ 2,229,226









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANICAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Lockhart, Texas 308 West San Antonio Street Lockhart, Texas 78644

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lockhart, Texas, (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Lockhart, Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 1, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants San Antonio, Texas

March 1, 2016

ABIP, PZ