# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

of the

# City of Lockhart, Texas

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

Prepared by

**Finance Department** 



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March 27, 2025

Citizens of the City of Lockhart, Texas Honorable Mayor and City Council

The Texas Local Government Code states that a municipality shall have its records and accounts audited annually and shall have annual financial statements prepared based on the audit. The Code also states that the annual financial statements, including the auditor's opinion on the statements, shall be filed in the office of the municipal city secretary or clerk within 180 days after the last day of the municipality's fiscal year. The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Lockhart, Texas (the City) for the year ended September 30, 2024, is hereby submitted to fulfill that requirement.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that is established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed the anticipated benefits of providing the control, the objective is to provide sufficient, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

BrooksWatson & Company, PLLC has issued an **unmodified** ("clean") opinion on the City of Lockhart financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2024. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this Letter of Transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it. We are pleased to report that the financial position of the City of Lockhart and its component units are strong.

#### **Profile of the Government**

The City of Lockhart was founded in 1826 and officially incorporated as a city in 1852. Located in central Texas, Lockhart is 30 miles south of downtown Austin on U.S. Highway 183. It is 70 miles northeast of San Antonio and 156 miles west of Houston. According to the most recent U.S. Census Bureau reporting, the estimated population of the City of Lockhart is 15,318, and serves as the county seat of Caldwell County, Texas. Lockhart is a Home Rule Charter City and operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Lockhart is served by a seven-person city council. The elected body is made up of the mayor and two council members that are elected at large. The remaining four council members are elected from single-member districts. The length of office for all Council members and the Mayor are three-year terms. The City Council appoints the City Manager, the City Attorney, and the Municipal Court Judge. All other staff members work either directly or indirectly under the direction of the City Manager.

The Combined Financial Statements of the City include all governmental and business-type activities, organizations, and functions, for which the City exercises significant oversight responsibility. The criteria considered in determining governmental activities to be reported within the City's combined financial statements

are based upon and consistent with those set forth in GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity." Based on this criterion, the Lockhart Economic Development Corporation is included in this report.

The City provides a full range of municipal government services to more than 15,318 residents and numerous visitors annually. Municipal services provided include police and fire protection; crime prevention, enforcement, and adjudication; electric services; water production and distribution; wastewater collection and treatment; solid waste collection, curbside recycling and disposal; city code enforcement and building inspection; maintenance of streets; maintenance of park land and recreational facilities; library services; cemetery; airport; and economic development.

The annual budget of the City of Lockhart serves as the foundation for its financial plan and control. The budget is proposed by the City Manager and adopted by the City Council in accordance with policies and procedures established by the City Charter, ordinances, and state law. The budget process begins each year with the development of priority issues established by Council during a Strategic Goals Workshop. Departments submit their annual departmental budget requests to the City Manager for review. A proposed budget is prepared for presentation to the City Council. The City Council reviews the budget in subsequent work sessions and a formal budget is prepared and made available to the public for review. Prior to official adoption of the budget by Council, any required public hearings on the proposed budget are held to allow for public input and any required notices are published in the City's newspaper of record.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than ten days before the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as a foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, department, and category (e.g., salary and benefits). Department managers may transfer resources within their department as they see fit. Transfers between departments, however, need special approval from the City Manager and the Finance department. City Council approval is needed for transfers between funds or between capital projects.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

#### Local Economy

The City of Lockhart is the county seat for Caldwell County. With this designation comes commercial growth not typically seen for populations of approximately 15,318 residents. Major industries located within the government's boundaries, or close proximately, include small and advanced manufacturing industries, information technology industries, retail and service industries, and agriculture. The school district has significant economic presence, employing in total more than 790 teachers, professionals, and support staff.

In 2020, the COVID-19 pandemic created an unprecedented situation for the City of Lockhart and for every municipality across the United States, but with it brought the passage of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act and the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act of 2021 and the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) of 2022. Through these federal programs, states received money to distribute to local governments.

The City of Lockhart received an allotment from CARES of \$763,895. After the final draw from the CARES Relief Program in 2021, the City of Lockhart was awarded federal grant money from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). The total award was for \$3,501,959 to be used for further economic relief from the COVID-19 pandemic. The broad eligible uses for ARPA funds include COVID-related expenses (directly or indirectly),

premium pay for essential workers, government service programs under certain circumstances, necessary improvements in water, sewer, or broadband infrastructure (whether related or not to COVID-19), and revenue replacement. The City Council approved the spending of ARPA funds in Fiscal Year 2022 for the much needed improvements to water and sewer infrastructure and revenue replacement. Revenue replacement funds have been allocated towards multiple park improvements. These projects and improvements continued through Fiscal Year 2023 and 2024.

Due to the healthy economy, the City of Lockhart has a credit rating of AA- from Standard and Poor's as of March 2016. Over the past 10 years, the City has experienced significant economic growth and investment. The City is growing at a steady rate, increasing more than 9% over ten years. The growth of Austin and San Antonio metro areas is spreading toward Lockhart but at a slower pace than neighboring counties.

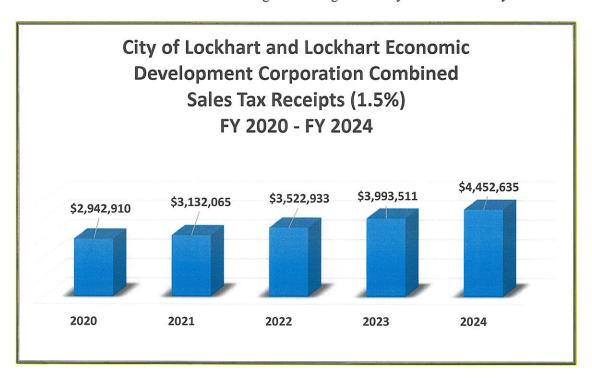
In 2024, the Lockhart Economic Development Corporation (LEDC) finalized a Targeted Retail and Grocer Incentive Policy. This policy will offer incentives to attract retailers, specifically quick service restaurants. In addition, LEDC made significant progress with the following projects:

- Ziegenfelder Company, located at Lockhart Industrial Park III, has continued construction and is set to open in 2025.
- Holiday Inn Express announced plans to build a 90-room hotel.
- Real Cold Storage broke ground on construction and is expected to open in 2025.
- McCoy Building Supply completed construction and opened for business in July 2024.
- Lone Star Logistics Center announced it is adding 127 acres for new industrial development.

The City experienced consistent growth in real property assessment values from Fiscal Year 2020 through 2024 (see chart below). The City anticipates this positive trend to continue due to the construction of multiple subdivisions and the increase in assessed values of current properties; both are attributable to an increase in local population and growth pressures of Central Texas on the regional housing market.



The last five years the City of Lockhart has seen a significant increase in collections of the total 1.5% tax rate on retail sales within the city due to new businesses and a healthy area economy. The 1.5% rate is comprised of 1% allocated to the City's General Fund and 0.5% allocated to the Lockhart Economic Development Corporation. Sales tax collections for 2024 were at an all-time high according to the City's revenue history.



#### Long-term Financial Planning

The City Council approved a budget that maintained the general fund balance at 36% for Fiscal Year 2024. This is above the 25% minimum reserve required by the Fund Balance – Stabilization and Excess of Reserves Policy. The City of Lockhart's maintains a sound financial position due to conservative budgeting practices and internal expenditure controls, as evident from its strong fund balances.

The overriding goal of the Fund Balance – Stabilization and Excess of Reserves Policy is to enable the City to achieve a long-term stable and positive financial condition. In order to accomplish this, procedures such as accounting, auditing, financial reporting, internal controls, operating and capital budgeting, revenue management, cash management, expenditure control, and debt management are practiced.

The City recognizes that debt is usually a more expensive financing method. Alternative financing resources will be explored before debt is issued. When debt is issued, it will be used to acquire major assets with expected lives that equal or exceed the average life of the debt issue. Debt payments are structured to provide that capital assets funded by debt have a longer life than the debt associated with those assets. Regarding general obligation debt, the City has followed a policy of structuring new debt issue payment schedules to maintain declining debt payment structures to keep tax increases at a minimum and maintain a consistent interest & sinking tax rate.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

The City of Lockhart practices a comprehensive set of financial policies and procedures. Annually or as needed, the City Council approves its financial policies, and an extensive review and revisions are provided to the City Council and the City Manager from the Finance Department. Each year the City Council approves the Investment Policy, which is intended to protect City assets by identifying investment objectives, addressing the issues of investment risks versus rewards, and providing the framework for the establishment of controls, limitations, and responsibilities of City employees in the performance of their fiduciary responsibilities.

In Fiscal Year 2024, an updated financial policy and investment policy were approved to include three revisions. The first concerned more comprehensive guidelines on monthly cash reconciliations and the second addressed additional internal accounting controls and procedures. These were established to ensure the City maintains proper separation of duties and multifactor approvals for payment authorizations. Lastly, the revision to the investment policy designated additional Investment Officers to act on behalf of the City in order to increase efficiency. These policy amendments reaffirm the City of Lockhart's commitment to strengthen our financial policies in alignment with current best practices in governmental accounting and incorporate recommendations from our annual audit review process.

#### **Major Initiatives**

In alignment with the Strategic Goals Plan approved by City Council in 2022, the City 1) started construction on the approved historic downtown revitalization project, 2) completed the High Service Pump (HSP) and generator project at the Lockhart Water Treatment Plant, 3) acquired a new fire truck, and 4) adopted an update to the Parks and Open Space Master Plan. The City approved the recommended site for a municipal aquatic facility and applied for a \$750,000 Texas Parks & Wildlife Grant for partial funding. In addition, the improvements to wastewater utility lines and street and sidewalk improvements also continued through the fiscal year.

#### **Financial Procedures and Internal Controls**

The City's accounting records for all governmental funds are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. This method recognizes revenue when it is measurable and available and expenditures when goods and services are received. All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting; revenue is recognized when it is earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure. This structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that: (1) City assets are protected from loss, theft or misuse; and (2) City financial records and data are accurate and reliable. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from it, and that the evaluation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgements by management.

#### **Budgetary Controls**

Each year, on or before September 30<sup>th</sup>, the City Council adopts an annual operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The operating budget includes anticipated revenues and expenditures for the General Fund, Proprietary Funds, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Airport Fund, EMS Fund, and Lockhart Economic Development. The budget is a planning device that defines the type, quality, and quantity of City goods and services that will be provided to our citizens. The budget is also a control device that serves as a system of "checks" and "balances" between levels of City government. The budgetary system is designed to ensure that

individual departments contain their expenditures within limitations set by the City management, and that City management contains expenditures for the entire City within limitations set by the City Council. After adoption, change to a department budget may be made using a line-item transfer, initiated by a department manager, and approved by the City Manager and Finance Director. Any changes to the budget outside of an individual department can only be made by City Council.

#### Awards for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Lockhart for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. This is the fifth year in a row which the City has received this award. We ensure that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting the ACFR for fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### Acknowledgements

We would like to express our sincere appreciation to the City's employees for their dedication and commitment to the City, especially those responsible for the maintenance of records upon which this report is based. The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the administrative staff and the finance department. Acknowledgement is given to representatives of BrooksWatson & Company, PLLC for their assistance in producing the final product.

Finally, appreciation is given to the Mayor and the Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Lockhart's finances.

Respectfully Submitted,

Steve Lewis, City Manager

Keeli Michna, Finance Director

Looli Micha



### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of Lockhart Texas

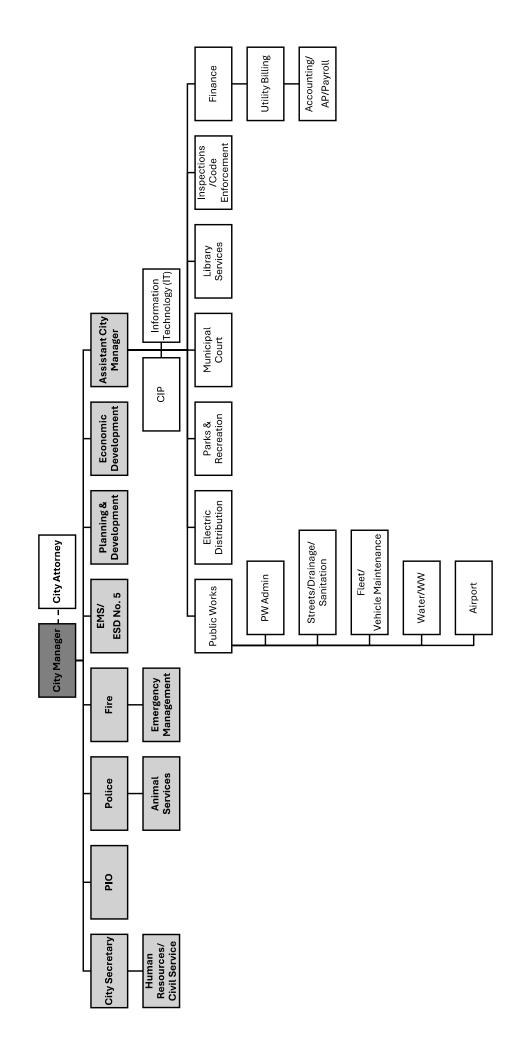
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Lockhart Organizational Chart



#### ELECTED AND PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

**September 30, 2024** 

### **City Council**

Lew White Mayor
Angie Gonzales-Sanchez At-Large
Brad Westmoreland At-Large
Juan Mendoza District 1
John Castillo District 2
John Lairsen District 3
Jeffry Michelson District 4

## **Principal Officials**

Steve Lewis City Manager

Joseph Resendez Assistant City Manager

Keeli Michna Finance Director

Julie Bowermon City Secretary/Human Resources Director

Gary Williamson Police Chief Randy Jenkins Fire Chief

Sean Kelley Director of Public Works



FINANCIAL SECTION





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lockhart, Texas:

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lockhart, Texas (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lockhart, Texas, as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of City of Lockhart, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
  the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
  accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
  financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note V.G. to the financial statements, the City restated beginning fund balance and net position for the electric fund, water fund, wastewater fund, and business-type activities to adjust for various refunds not accounted for in prior years. Our opinion was not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions to pension plan, schedules of changes in other postemployment benefits liability and related ratios, and budgetary comparison information for the general fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

This accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

BrooksWatson & Co.

Certified Public Accountants

Brook Watson & Co.

Houston, Texas

March 27, 2025



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2024

As management of the City of Lockhart, Texas (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1-6 of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (net position) at September 30, 2024 by \$69,822,625. Of this amount, \$17,113,490 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$5,817,904. Approximately 50% of the City's net position is invested in capital assets and restricted for specific purposes.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22,245,700 at September 30, 2024, an increase of \$3,273,825 from the prior fiscal year; this includes an increase of \$2,019,125 in the general fund and an increase of \$1,254,700 in the nonmajor governmental funds.
- At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$11,065,775 or 73% of total general fund expenditures.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities. The difference between the two is reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, such as the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the City.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2024

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, culture and recreation, community development, public safety, and public works. The business-type activities of the City include electric, water, wastewater, sanitation, airport, and EMS operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate component unit, the Lockhart Economic Development Corporation, which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 30-35 of this report.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental* activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2024

The City maintains twenty-four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in a separate section of the report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, debt service, three capital projects, and various special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each governmental fund with an adopted budget to demonstrate compliance with their respective budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 36-39 of this report.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City's proprietary funds are all enterprise funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its electric, water and wastewater utilities, sanitation, EMS, and airport operations. All activities associated with providing such services are accounted for in these funds, including administration, operation, maintenance, debt service, capital improvements, meter maintenance, billing and collection. The City's intent is that costs of providing the services to the general public on a continuing basis is financed through user charges in a manner similar to a private enterprise.

Proprietary financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the electric, water, and wastewater funds, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 40-49 of this report.

#### **Component Units**

The City maintains the accounting and financial statements for one component unit. The Lockhart Economic Development Corporation is a discretely presented component unit, which is displayed on the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 53-103 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued
September 30, 2024

#### **Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements, MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The required RSI includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios and schedule of employer contributions for the Texas Municipal Retirement System and schedule of changes in the OPEB liabilities. RSI can be found after the basic financial statements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted previously, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. For the City of Lockhart, Texas, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$69,822,625 as of September 30, 2024, in the primary government.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$37,041,894 reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, construction in progress), less any debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City of Lockhart, Texas's net position of \$15,667,241 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$17,113,490 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Lockhart, Texas is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### **Statement of Net Position:**

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

	2024			2023								
	Governmental Business-Type			Governmental Business-Type					_			
		Activities		Activities		Total		Activities		Activities		Total
Current and												
other assets	\$	24,274,785	\$	24,844,338	\$	49,119,123	\$	20,677,927	\$	23,862,061	\$	44,539,988
Capital assets, net		27,585,771		65,094,607		92,680,378		27,569,271		66,681,875		94,251,146
<b>Total Assets</b>		51,860,556		89,938,945		141,799,501		48,247,198		90,543,936		138,791,134
Deferred Outflows												
of Resources		1,381,277		641,125		2,022,402		2,693,454		734,684		3,428,138
								_				_
Other liabilities		3,334,427		5,939,756		9,274,183		3,056,731		5,564,945		8,621,676
Long-term liabilities	;	13,175,238		51,019,307		64,194,545		16,370,605		53,063,786		69,434,391
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		16,509,665		56,959,063		73,468,728		19,427,336		58,628,731		78,056,067
Deferred Inflows of												
Resources		313,732		216,818		530,550		126,582		31,902		158,484
Net Position:												
Net investment in												
capital assets		18,662,311		18,379,583		37,041,894		17,776,524		19,452,608		37,229,132
Restricted		7,465,102		8,202,139		15,667,241		6,072,719		5,182,714		11,255,433
Unrestricted		10,291,023		6,822,467		17,113,490		7,537,491		7,982,665	_	15,520,156
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	36,418,436	\$	33,404,189	\$	69,822,625	\$	31,386,734	\$	32,617,987	\$	64,004,721

Current and other assets of the primary government increased by \$4,579,135 or 10% due to greater cash on hand resulting from current year operating surpluses and receivables as of yearend. Deferred outflows of the primary government decreased by \$1,405,736 or 41%, which was strictly due to actuarial changes in the City's pension inputs over the course of the year. Long-term liabilities for the primary government decreased by \$5,239,846 or 8% due a decline in the City's net pension liability and principal payments made towards debt in the current year.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2024

### **Statement of Activities:**

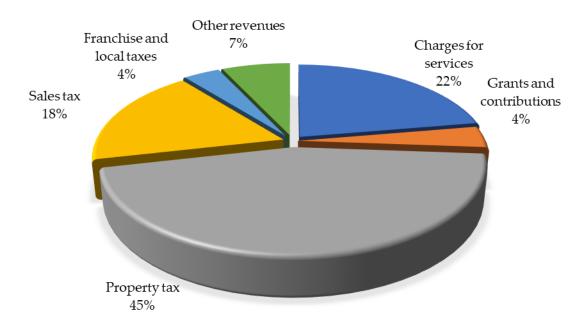
The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position:

	For the Yea	r Ended Septem	ber 30, 2024	For the Year Ended September 30, 2023					
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government			
Revenues									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 3,749,190	\$ 27,803,120	\$ 31,552,310	\$ 3,398,491	\$ 26,910,517	\$ 30,309,008			
Operating grants	475,639	_	475,639	472,563	-	472,563			
Capital contributions	171,997	53,111	225,108	6,386,889	5,653,224	12,040,113			
General revenues:									
Property tax	7,610,224	-	7,610,224	7,114,477	-	7,114,477			
Sales tax	3,009,942	-	3,009,942	2,712,526	-	2,712,526			
Franchise & local taxes	625,958	-	625,958	582,849	-	582,849			
Investment income	1,083,776	1,131,268	2,215,044	893,878	841,201	1,735,079			
Other revenues	86,124	106,454	192,578	283,470	39,302	322,772			
<b>Total Revenues</b>	16,812,850	29,093,953	45,906,803	21,845,143	33,444,244	55,289,387			
Expenses									
General government	2,383,519	_	2,383,519	2,165,947	_	2,165,947			
Public safety	6,628,423	_	6,628,423	6,937,475		6,937,475			
Public works	2,826,765	_	2,826,765	2,930,612		2,930,612			
Health and welfare	42,956	_	42,956	18,264	_	18,264			
Culture and recreation	1,632,347	_	1,632,347	1,481,117	_	1,481,117			
Comm. development	1,963,799	_	1,963,799	2,003,675	_	2,003,675			
Interest & fiscal chrgs.	348,098	1,442,071	1,790,169	396,858	1,554,702	1,951,560			
Electric	-	11,150,785	11,150,785	-	10,861,958	10,861,958			
Water	_	5,626,174	5,626,174	_	4,913,046	4,913,046			
Wastewater	_	1,667,732	1,667,732	_	1,546,526	1,546,526			
Nonmajor enterprise	-	4,376,230	4,376,230	_	3,588,700	3,588,700			
Total Expenses	15,825,907	24,262,992	40,088,899	15,933,948	22,464,932	38,398,880			
Change in Net Position									
<b>Before Transfers</b>	986,943	4,830,961	5,817,904	5,911,195	10,979,312	16,890,507			
Transfers	4,044,759	(4,044,759)		3,102,983	(3,102,983)				
Total	4,044,759	(4,044,759)		3,102,983	(3,102,983)				
Change in Net Position	5,031,702	786,202	5,817,904	9,014,178	7,876,329	16,890,507			
g. Net Position, as previously									
reported	31,386,734	32,311,314	63,698,048	22,372,556	24,741,658	47,114,214			
Error correction	-	306,673	306,673	-	-	-			
Beg. Net Position, as adjusted	31,386,734	32,617,987	64,004,721	22,372,556	24,741,658	47,114,214			
<b>Ending Net Position</b>	\$ 36,418,436	\$ 33,404,189	\$ 69,822,625	\$ 31,386,734	\$ 32,617,987	\$ 64,004,721			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2024

Graphic presentations of selected data from the summary tables are displayed below to assist in the analysis of the City's activities.

### **Governmental Activities - Revenues**

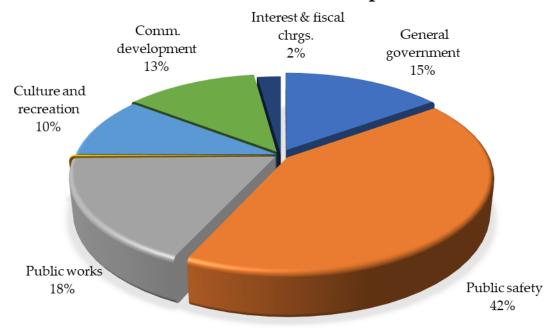


For the year ended September 30, 2024, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$16,812,850. Property tax, charges for services, and sales tax are the City's largest general revenue sources. Overall revenue decreased \$5,032,293 or 23% from the prior year. Charges for services increased by \$350,699 or 10% due to greater building and zoning permit revenue in the current year, resulting from city growth. Property taxes increased by \$495,747 or 7% primarily due to greater appraised values and growth within the City. Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$6,214,892 or 97% due to nonrecurring neighborhood developer contributions of public infrastructure totaling \$6,211,919, during the prior year. Sales taxes increased by \$297,416 or 11% due to economic growth fueled by local purchases. Investment income increased by \$189,898 or 21% primarily as a result of higher interest rates and greater interest-bearing accounts in the current year. Other revenue decreased by \$197,346 or 70% primarily due to nonrecurring library donations and proceeds from sale of assets received in the prior year. All other revenues remained relatively stable when compared to the previous year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2024

This graph shows the governmental function expenses of the City:

## Governmental Activities - Expenses

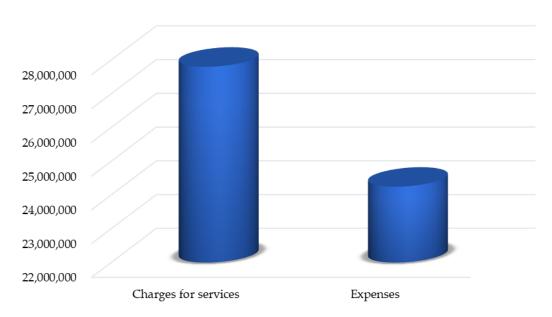


For the year ended September 30, 2024, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$15,825,907. This represents a decrease of \$108,041 from the prior year. The City's largest functional expense is public safety totaling \$6,628,423 and is consistent with the prior year. General government expenses increased by \$217,572 or 10% primarily due to greater personnel costs related to a full year's salary and benefits being paid in the current year to the Assistant City Manager that was hired late in the prior year. Culture and recreation expenses increased by \$151,230 or 10% primarily due to greater personnel costs due to new hires and market retention adjustments. In addition, the City pool required maintenance projects and was closed the majority of fiscal year 2023. The pool was opened and required more labor hours during the current year. Interest and fiscal charges decreased by \$48,760 or 12% due to long-term debt approaching maturity. All other governmental activities expenses remained relatively consistent with the prior year.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2024

Business-type activities are shown comparing operating costs to revenues generated by related services.

## **Business-Type Activities - Revenues and Expenses**



For the year ended September 30, 2024, charges for services by business-type activities totaled \$27,803,120. This represents an increase of \$892,603 or 3% from the previous year, which is a direct result of greater water and sewer service rates and increased utility service consumption in the current year. Capital contributions decreased by \$5,600,113 as a result of nonrecurring developer contributions and impact fees received in the prior year.

Total business-type activity expenses increased by \$1,798,060 or 8% to a total of \$24,262,992. Electric expenses totaled \$11,150,785, while water and wastewater operations totaled \$5,626,174 and \$1,667,732, respectively. Water expenses increased by \$713,128 or 15% due to higher consumption and related GBRA costs. Nonmajor enterprise expenses increased by \$787,530 or 18% primarily due to greater EMS expenses incurred resulting from increased payroll, material supplies, and repairs and maintenance costs in the current year. In prior years, EMS services were outsourced to a third party.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information of near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2024

At September 30, 2024, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$22,245,700, an increase of \$3,273,825 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 49% of this amount, \$11,002,034, constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either *nonspendable*, *committed or restricted* to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form \$1,301,394 2) committed for particular purposes \$349,932 or 3) restricted for particular purposes \$9,592,340.

As of the end of the year the general fund reflected a total fund balance of \$14,426,095. Of this, \$1,635,276 is considered not in spendable form and committed. Restricted fund balance totaled \$1,725,044 and \$11,065,775 is unassigned. General fund balance increased by \$2,019,125 during the current year as compared to a final budgeted increase of \$90,247. The increase in fund balance was primarily a result of higher than expected investment income, property taxes, and charges for services revenue.

As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned (the amount available for spending) fund balance of the general fund of \$11,065,775 is 73% of total general fund expenditures. Overall revenue in the general fund increased by \$1,189,077 when compared to the prior year. Property tax and charges for services showed the largest increase due to a growing local economy and new City development. General fund expenditures increase \$977,424 when compared to the prior year. The largest increase was in public safety of \$763,033 which was primarily due to greater personnel and vehicle costs in the current year.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position at the close of the fiscal year for all proprietary funds amounted to \$6,822,467, an increase of \$1,160,198 from the previous year. Total investment in capital assets, net of related debt was \$18,379,583, and capital assets, net of depreciation totaled \$65,094,607.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Total budgeted revenues of \$10,374,395 were less than actual revenues of \$12,469,284, resulting in a total positive revenue variance of \$2,094,889. All actual revenues were greater than the budgeted amounts, with the exception of intergovernmental and license and permits. Total budgeted expenditures of \$14,916,004, were less than actual expenditures of \$15,055,615, resulting in a total negative expenditure variance of \$139,611. Actual expenditures for the current year exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control by \$145,341, including transfers out. No significant budget amendments were made during the year.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

As of the end of the year, the City's governmental activities funds had invested \$27,585,771 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation. The City's business-type activities funds had invested \$65,094,607 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, park improvements, and infrastructure.

Major capital asset additions during the current year include the following:

- Continued downtown revitalization project for \$373,470.
- Expansion of water treatment plant for \$465,909.
- Continued construction on the 2023 street improvement project for \$776,956.
- Purchased public safety equipment totaling \$56,224.
- Purchased a Ford truck for \$51,966.
- Purchased six police vehicles for \$320,532.
- Purchased a Chevy Tahoe for \$57,837.
- Purchased a Ford F-450 for \$71,250.
- Continued LK 30 extension and copper replacement for \$675,475.
- Purchased electrical equipment totaling \$155,411.
- Began Lockhart Downtown revitalization for \$274,724.
- Purchased wastewater equipment for \$49,953.
- Purchased EMS equipment totaling \$134,567.

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in note IV. C to the financial statements.

#### **LONG-TERM DEBT**

The City's outstanding bonds, tax notes, lease liabilities and certificates of obligation payable, net of all premiums, decreased by \$3,481,792 from the prior year. The total bonds, leases and certificates of obligation payable at the close of the fiscal year was \$62,399,551, net of all premiums.

There is no direct limit on debt in the City Charter. Statutes of the State of Texas do not provide any limitations on the dollar amount of debt cities issue, however, however, Article XI, Section 5 of the Texas Constitution, applicable to cities with a population of more than 5,000, limits the ad valorem tax rate to \$2.50 per \$100 assessed valuation. The City's current tax rate is well below the maximum allowable tax rate and poses no impact on financing of planned facilities or services.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in note IV.E to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City of Lockhart has seen a steady growth in tax revenue over the last five years. Sales tax revenue has increased by 51% since 2020 and property tax revenue has increased by 33.4%. Even with the 51% increase, the City continues to forecast sales tax in a conservative position. The total sales tax payments received in 2024 fiscal year equaled \$4,452,635. The City anticipates a continued increase for 2025.

Property valuations have increased due to new additions and property on the tax roll, along with the appraisal district reassessing valuations in 2023. The certified assessed taxable property valuations for the 2025 fiscal year (2024 tax roll) total \$1,454,354,429 with a tax rate of \$0.4067 per \$100 valuation for maintenance and operations and \$0.1026 per \$100 valuation for the interest and sinking fund. The total tax rate of \$0.5093.

The City's capital plan for 2024-2025 continues to focus on infrastructure upgrades and improvements to streets, the electric distribution system and water and wastewater lines.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Lockhart, Texas, Finance Department, 308 W. San Antonio Street, Lockhart, Texas 78644. This information can also be accessed on the City's website at <a href="https://www.lockhart-tx.org">www.lockhart-tx.org</a>.

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Page 1 of 2) September 30, 2024

	Primary Government					
		Governmental		siness-Type		
	Activities		Activities			Total
<u>Assets</u>						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,906,517	\$	21,289,785	\$	40,196,302
Receivables, net		1,836,003		4,965,543		6,801,546
Lease receivable		-		62,284		62,284
Internal balances		2,160,498		(2,160,498)		-
Due from component unit		70,373		-		70,373
Inventories		16,319		687,224		703,543
Prepaid and other assets		1,285,075		-		1,285,075
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		24,274,785		24,844,338		49,119,123
Noncurrent assets:						
Lease receivable		-		20,975		20,975
Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable		2,898,824		1,952,825		4,851,649
Net depreciable capital assets		24,686,947		63,120,807		87,807,754
<b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>		27,585,771		65,094,607		92,680,378
Total Assets		51,860,556		89,938,945		141,799,501
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>						
Pension outflows-TMRS		1,255,900		555,274		1,811,174
OPEB outflows-TMRS		8,166		3,612		11,778
Deferred charge on refunding		117,211		82,239		199,450
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		1,381,277		641,125		2,022,402

C	Component			
	Unit			
	Lockhart			
	EDC			
\$	7,243,381			
	263,968			
	-			
	-			
	-			
	5,000			
	7,512,349			
	-			
	1,008,082			
	4,193,529			
	5,201,611			
	12,713,960			
	37,946			
	-			
	-			
	37,946			

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Page 2 of 2)

**September 30, 2024** 

	Primary Government						
		vernmental	Bu	siness-Type	s-Type		
	Activities			Activities	Total		
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable	\$	614,309	\$	1,936,689	\$	2,550,998	
Accrued liabilities		567,883		194,482		762,365	
Due to primary government		-		-		-	
Due to other governments		20,072		-		20,072	
Customer deposits		-		774,713		774,713	
Compensated absences, current		520,067		109,859		629,926	
Accrued interest payable		56,316		685,873		742,189	
Long-term debt due in one year		1,555,780		2,238,140		3,793,920	
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		3,334,427		5,939,756		9,274,183	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Net pension liability		3,271,107		1,446,260		4,717,367	
OPEB liability-TMRS		310,652		137,353		448,005	
OPEB liability-Retiree healthcare		280,846		72,705		353,551	
Compensated absences		57,785		12,206		69,991	
Long-term debt due in more than one year	r	9,254,848		49,350,783		58,605,631	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		13,175,238		51,019,307		64,194,545	
Total Liabilities		16,509,665		56,959,063		73,468,728	
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>							
Pension inflows		220,797		97,621		318,418	
OPEB inflows-TMRS		64,808		28,656		93,464	
OPEB inflows-Retiree Healthcare		28,127		7,282		35,409	
Deferred inflows -lease related				83,259		83,259	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		313,732		216,818		530,550	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		18,662,311		18,379,583		37,041,894	
Restricted for:		10,002,311		10,37 7,303		37,041,074	
General government		737,860				737,860	
Public safety		30,669		_		30,669	
Municipal court		150,431		_		150,431	
Tourism				-		•	
		152,073		2 202 120		152,073	
Capital projects		5,606,188		8,202,139		13,808,327	
Debt service		787,881		-		787,881	
Economic development		-		-		-	
Unrestricted		10,291,023		6,822,467		17,113,490	
Total Net Position	\$	36,418,436	\$	33,404,189	\$	69,822,625	

Unit				
	Lockhart			
	EDC			
\$	15,618			
	-			
	70,373			
	-			
	-			
	1,428			
	8,708			
	108,754			
	204,881			
	98,836			
	-			
	-			
	159			
	1,150,000			
	1,248,995			
	1,453,876			
	6,671			
	-			
	-			
	-			
	6,671			
	3,942,857			
	-			
	-			
	-			
	-			
	-			
	-			
	7,348,502			
	-			
\$	11,291,359			

Component Unit

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs			Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$	2,383,519	\$	-	\$	151,770	\$	-
Public safety		6,628,423		263,661		323,869		171,997
Public works		2,826,765		732,320		-		-
Health and welfare		42,956		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		1,632,347		207,149		-		-
Community development		1,963,799		2,546,060		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		348,098		-		-		-
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>		15,825,907		3,749,190		475,639		171,997
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>								
Electric		11,167,367		13,007,971		-		-
Water		7,021,330		6,413,438		-		22,000
Wastewater		1,697,831		4,623,307		1,327		-
* Nonmajor enterprise		4,376,464		3,758,404		4,784		25,000
Total Business-Type Activities		24,262,992		27,803,120		6,111		47,000
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$	40,088,899	\$	31,552,310	\$	481,750	\$	218,997
Component Units								
Lockhart EDC		1,209,330		_				
<b>Total Component Units</b>	\$	1,209,330	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### **General Revenues:**

Taxes

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise and local taxes

Investment income

Gain on sale of capital assets

Other revenues

Transfers

#### **Total General Revenues and Transfers**

#### **Change in Net Position**

Beginning Net Position, as previously reported

Error correction

Beginning Net Position, as adjusted

**Ending Net Position** 

See Notes to Financial Statements.

<sup>\*</sup> Includes sanitation, airport, and EMS activities

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Lockhart		imary Government	
EDC	Total	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities
-	(2,231,749) \$	\$ -	\$ (2,231,749)
-	(5,868,896)	-	(5,868,896)
-	(2,094,445)	-	(2,094,445)
-	(42,956)	-	(42,956)
-	(1,425,198)	-	(1,425,198)
-	582,261	-	582,261
-	(348,098)		(348,098)
-	(11,429,081)		(11,429,081)
-	1,840,604	1,840,604	-
-	(585,892)	(585,892)	-
-	2,926,803	2,926,803	-
_	(588,276)	(588,276)	-
-	3,593,239	3,593,239	
-	(7,835,842)	3,593,239	(11,429,081)
(1,209,330) (1,209,330)	_		
	7,610,224	-	7,610,224
-			3,009,942
1,504,969	3,009,942	-	
-	625,958	-	625,958
1,504,969 - 344,023	625,958 2,215,044	- 1,131,268	1,083,776
344,023	625,958 2,215,044 7,300	-	1,083,776 7,300
-	625,958 2,215,044	- 106,454	1,083,776 7,300 78,824
344,023 - 30,469	625,958 2,215,044 7,300 185,278	106,454 (4,044,759)	1,083,776 7,300 78,824 4,044,759
344,023 - 30,469 - 1,879,461	625,958 2,215,044 7,300 185,278 - 13,653,746	106,454 (4,044,759) (2,807,037)	1,083,776 7,300 78,824 4,044,759 16,460,783
344,023 - 30,469 - 1,879,461 670,131	625,958 2,215,044 7,300 185,278 - 13,653,746 5,817,904	106,454 (4,044,759) (2,807,037) 786,202	1,083,776 7,300 78,824 4,044,759 16,460,783 5,031,702
344,023 - 30,469 - 1,879,461	625,958 2,215,044 7,300 185,278 - 13,653,746	106,454 (4,044,759) (2,807,037)	1,083,776 7,300 78,824 4,044,759 16,460,783
344,023 - 30,469 - 1,879,461 670,131	625,958 2,215,044 7,300 185,278 - 13,653,746 5,817,904	106,454 (4,044,759) (2,807,037) 786,202	1,083,776 7,300 78,824 4,044,759 16,460,783 5,031,702
344,023 - 30,469 - 1,879,461 670,131	625,958 2,215,044 7,300 185,278 - 13,653,746 5,817,904 63,698,048	106,454 (4,044,759) (2,807,037) 786,202 32,311,314	1,083,776 7,300 78,824 4,044,759 16,460,783 5,031,702

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

**September 30, 2024** 

	General	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,041,167	\$ 7,865,350	\$	18,906,517
Accounts receivable, net	1,523,063	312,940		1,836,003
Due from other funds	2,274,557	-		2,274,557
Due fom component unit	70,373	-		70,373
Inventories	16,319	-		16,319
Prepaids	1,269,025	16,050		1,285,075
Total Assets	\$ 16,194,504	\$ 8,194,340	\$	24,388,844
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable	\$ 507,075	\$ 107,234	\$	614,309
Accrued liabilities	564,899	2,984		567,883
Due to other governments	20,072	-		20,072
Due to other funds	-	114,059		114,059
Total Liabilities	1,092,046	224,277		1,316,323
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	550,926	141,979		692,905
Unavailable revenue-fines	99,045	8,479		107,524
Unavailable revenue - notes receivable	26,392	-		26,392
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	676,363	150,458		826,821
Fund Balances Nonspendable:				
Inventories	16,319	-		16,319
Prepaid items Committed for:	1,269,025	16,050		1,285,075
Sidewalks	59,548	-		59,548
Industrial park	290,384	-		290,384
Restricted for:				
Debt service	-	787,881		787,881
General government	661,378	76,482		737,860
Public safety	-	30,669		30,669
Municipal court	-	150,431		150,431
Tourism	-	152,073		152,073
Capital projects	1,063,666	6,669,760		7,733,426
Unassigned	 11,065,775	 (63,741)		11,002,034
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	14,426,095	7,819,605		22,245,700
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources				
and Fund Balances	\$ 16,194,504	\$ 8,194,340	\$	24,388,844

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### **September 30, 2024**

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 22,245,700
Adjustments for the Statement of Net Position:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial	
resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.	
Capital assets - non-depreciable	2,898,824
Capital assets - net depreciable	24,686,947
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.	
Property tax	692,905
Fines and fees	107,524
Other receivables	26,392
Deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies	
to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources	
(revenues) until that time	
Pension inflows	(220,797)
OPEB inflows-TMRS	(64,808)
OPEB inflows-Retiree Healthcare	(28,127)
Deferred outflows of resources, represent a consumption of net assets that applies	
to a future period(s) and is not recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/	
expenditures) until then	
Pension outflows	1,255,900
OPEB outflows-TMRS	8,166
Deferred charge on refunding	117,211
Some liabilities, including bonds payable and deferred charges, are not reported as	
liabilities in the governmental funds.	
Accrued interest	(56,316)
Deferred charges:	
Bond premium	(343,716)
Net pension liability	(3,271,107)
OPEB liability-TMRS	(310,652)
OPEB liability-Retiree healthcare	(280,846)
Compensated absences	(577,852)
Non-current liabilities due in one year	(1,555,780)
Non-current liabilities due in more than one year	 (8,911,132)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 36,418,436

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

	General	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues				
Property tax	\$ 5,745,973	\$ 1,677,779	\$	7,423,752
Sales tax	3,009,942	-		3,009,942
Franchise and local taxes	430,645	195,313		625,958
Fines and forfeitures	197,611	21,445		219,056
License and permits	1,655,574	890,486		2,546,060
Charges for services	207,149	732,320		939,469
Intergovernmental	444,667	202,969		647,636
Investment income	703,726	380,050		1,083,776
Other revenue	 73,997	 2,200		76,197
Total Revenues	 12,469,284	 4,102,562		16,571,846
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Current:	1 07/ 052	240.462		2 227 415
General government	1,976,953	249,462		2,226,415
Public safety	7,034,019	255,476		7,289,495
Public works	2,316,893	356,882		2,673,775
Health and welfare	33,778	-		33,778
Culture and recreation	1,474,707	-		1,474,707
Community development	1,993,255	-		1,993,255
Debt Service:	100.166	4.005.404		4 400 550
Principal	198,166	1,285,406		1,483,572
Interest and fiscal charges	27,844	373,963		401,807
Capital outlay	 15.055.615	 93,808		93,808
Total Expenditures	15,055,615	 2,614,997		17,670,612
Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(2,586,331)	1,487,565		(1,098,766)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Lease issuance	320,532	-		320,532
Sale of capital assets	7,300	-		7,300
Transfers in	4,348,354	449,217		4,797,571
Transfers (out)	(70,730)	(682,082)		(752,812)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	4,605,456	(232,865)		4,372,591
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,019,125	1,254,700		3,273,825
Beginning fund balances	12,406,970	6,564,905		18,971,875
<b>Ending Fund Balances</b>	\$ 14,426,095	\$ 7,819,605	\$	22,245,700

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	5,031,702
Principal payments		1,483,572
Amortization of premium		61,511
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding		(23,441)
Lease issuance		(320,532)
debt and related items.		
This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term		
these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		
premiums, discounts, and similar items when they are first issued; whereas,		
effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of		
resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any		
repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial		
provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the		
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, certificates of obligation)		
OPEB expense-retiree healthcare		4,098
OPEB expense-TMRS		57,675
Pension expense		345,493
Accrued interest		15,639
Compensated absences		(116,342)
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental fur	nds.	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		
Other receivables		2,627
Fines and fees		44,605
Property tax		186,472
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial		
Depreciation expense		(2,090,136)
Capital outlay		2,106,636
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		2 107 727
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
	Ψ	3,273,023
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	3,273,825

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Page 1 of 2) September 30, 2024

**Business-Type Activities** 

		Electric		Water		Vastewater
<u>Assets</u>						
<b>Current Assets</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,077,745	\$	9,053,312	\$	8,196,127
Accounts receivable, net		2,423,000		868,315		495,572
Lease recivable		-		62,284		-
Due from other funds		-		-		50,251
Inventories		687,224		-		-
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		6,187,969		9,983,911		8,741,950
Noncurrent Assets						
Lease receivable		-		20,975		-
Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable		1,066,081		539,651		154,523
Net depreciable capital assets		4,896,186		49,462,266		7,049,291
Total Noncurrent Assets		5,962,267		50,022,892		7,203,814
Total Assets		12,150,236		60,006,803		15,945,764
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>						
Pension outflows-TMRS		207,328		55,648		35,154
OPEB outflows-TMRS		1,348		362		229
Deferred loss on refunding		-		71,293		10,946
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		208,676		127,303		46,329

**Business-Type Activities** 

business Type neuvines						
1	Nonmajor					
	Funds		Total			
\$	962,601	\$	21,289,785			
	1,178,656		4,965,543			
	-		62,284			
	-		50,251			
	-		687,224			
	2,141,257		27,055,087			
	-		20,975			
	192,570		1,952,825			
	1,713,064		63,120,807			
	1,905,634		65,094,607			
	4,046,891		92,149,694			
	257,144		555,274			
	1,673		3,612			
	-		82,239			
	258,817		641,125			

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Page 2 of 2)

**September 30, 2024** 

		Electric	Water		Wastewater					
<u>Liabilities</u>										
Current Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	966,492	\$	598,889	\$	130,751				
Accrued liabilities		183,046		-		597				
Customer deposits		592,040		177,673		-				
Compensated absences, current		56,536		13,180		9,150				
Lease liabilities, current		8,978		6,654		6,942				
Long-term debt, current		113,987		1,788,766		309,537				
Due to other funds		659,083		1,487,841		15,294				
Accrued interest		5,741		670,286		9,846				
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		2,585,903		4,743,289		482,117				
Noncurrent Liabilities										
Compensated absences, noncurrent		6,282		1,464		1,017				
Long-term debt, noncurrent		753,137		46,681,111		1,916,535				
Net pension liability		540,003		144,941		91,562				
OPEB liability-TMRS		51,284		13,765		8,696				
OPEB liability-retiree healthcare		46,363		12,444		7,861				
<b>Total Noncurrent Liabilities</b>						1,397,069		46,853,725		2,025,671
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		3,982,972		51,597,014		2,507,788				
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>										
Pension inflows-TMRS		36,450		9,783		6,180				
OPEB inflows-TMRS		10,699		2,872		1,814				
OPEB inflows-retiree healthcare		4,644		1,246		787				
Deferred inflows -lease related		-		83,259		-				
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		51,793		97,160		8,781				
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets		5,086,165		6,192,720		5,198,340				
Restricted for:										
Capital projects		167,997		4,191,222		3,842,920				
Unrestricted		3,069,985		(1,944,010)		4,434,264				
Total Net Position	\$	8,324,147	\$	8,439,932	\$	13,475,524				

**Business-Type Activities** 

N	<b>Jonmajor</b>	
	Funds	 Total
\$	240,557	\$ 1,936,689
	10,839	194,482
	5,000	774,713
	30,993	109,859
	3,276	25,850
	-	2,212,290
	48,531	2,210,749
	-	685,873
	339,196	8,150,505
	3,443	12,206
	-	49,350,783
	669,754	1,446,260
	63,608	137,353
	6,037	72,705
	742,842	 51,019,307
	1,082,038	59,169,812
	45.200	07 (21
	45,208	97,621
	13,271	28,656
	605	7,282
	- F0.094	 83,259
	59,084	 216,818
	1,902,358	18,379,583
	-	8,202,139
	1,262,228	6,822,467
\$	3,164,586	\$ 33,404,189

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

Business-Typ	e Activities

		Electric	Water			Wastewater	
Operating Revenues							
Charges for services	\$	13,007,971	\$	6,413,438	\$	4,623,307	
Other revenue		9,096		440		-	
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>		13,017,067		6,413,878		4,623,307	
Operating Expenses							
Personnel services		1,346,304		391,714		249,682	
Supplies		107,639		44,050		123,988	
Maintenance and repairs		469,582		363,516		71,996	
Contractual services		319,443		1,919,741		62,150	
Power, water, and water treatment		7,927,728		890,748		819,339	
Non-departmental		-		-		46,186	
Miscellaneous		525,709		1,464		-	
Depreciation and amortization		454,380		2,014,941		294,391	
Total Operating Expenses		11,150,785		5,626,174		1,667,732	
Operating Income (Loss)		1,866,282		787,704		2,955,575	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Intergovernmental		-		-		1,327	
Investment earnings		178,598		476,117		405,033	
Interest expense		(16,582)		(1,395,156)		(30,099)	
<b>Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)</b>		162,016		(919,039)		376,261	
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and							
Transfers		2,028,298		(131,335)		3,331,836	
<b>Capital Contributions and Transfers</b>							
Capital grants		-		22,000		-	
Transfers in		-		433,893		1,242	
Transfers (out)		(2,422,688)		(301,502)		(1,434,143)	
<b>Total Capital Contributions and Transfers</b>		(2,422,688)		154,391		(1,432,901)	
Change in Net Position		(394,390)		23,056		1,898,935	
Beg. net position, as previously presented		8,713,179		8,244,102		11,448,048	
Error correction		5,358		172,774		128,541	
Beg. net position, as adjusted		8,718,537		8,416,876		11,576,589	
<b>Ending Net Position</b>	\$	8,324,147	\$	8,439,932	\$	13,475,524	

**Business-Type Activities** 

	Nonmajor					
	Funds		Total			
ф	2.750.404	ф	27 002 120			
\$	3,758,404	\$	27,803,120			
	96,918		106,454 27,909,574			
	3,855,322	27,909,374				
	2,322,292		4,309,992			
	4,471		280,148			
	1,760,857		2,665,951			
	82,485		2,383,819			
	-		9,637,815			
	-		46,186			
	-		527,173			
	206,125		2,969,837			
	4,376,230		22,820,921			
	(520,908)		5,088,653			
	4,784		6,111			
	71,520		1,131,268			
	(234)		(1,442,071)			
	76,070		(304,692)			
	(444,838)		4,783,961			
	25,000		47,000			
	621		435,756			
	(322,182)		(4,480,515)			
	(296,561)		(3,997,759)			
	(741,399)		786,202			
	3,905,985		32,311,314			
	-		306,673			
	3,905,985		32,617,987			
\$	3,164,586	\$	33,404,189			

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Page 1 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

Busines	s-Type	Activities

Cash Flows from Operating Activities         Payments to employees       \$ (1,388,667) \$ (397,375) \$ (200,000)         Payments to suppliers       (8,849,540) (1,403,763) (1,403,763) (1,403,763)         Receipts from customers       13,233,724 (6,409,267) (4,403,763)	(248,016) ,108,961) ,550,636 ,193,659
Payments to employees       \$ (1,388,667) \$ (397,375) \$ (         Payments to suppliers       (8,849,540) (1,403,763) (1,         Receipts from customers       13,233,724 6,409,267 4,	,108,961) ,550,636
Payments to suppliers (8,849,540) (1,403,763) (1,403,763) (1,403,763) (1,403,763) (1,403,763)	,108,961) ,550,636
Receipts from customers 13,233,724 6,409,267 4,	,550,636
· — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities 2,995,517 4,608,129 3,	193,659
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Transfers in - 433,893	1,242
Transfers (out) (2,422,688) (301,502)	,434,143)
Intergovernmental	1,327
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing (2,422,688) 132,391 (1,	431,574)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing	
<u>Activities</u>	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets (882,432) (280,947)	(63,648)
Capital grants - 22,000	-
	(316,116)
Interest paid on capital debt (17,240) (1,435,363)	(35,519)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related	
<b>Financing Activities</b> (1,031,370) (3,447,850)	(415,283)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest on investments 178,598 476,117	405,033
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 178,598 476,117	405,033
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash	
<b>Equivalents</b> (279,943) 1,768,787 1,	,751,835
Beginning cash and cash equivalents 3,357,688 7,284,525 6,	,444,292
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 3,077,745 \$ 9,053,312 \$ 8,	,196,127

**Business-Type Activities** 

	Nonmajor		
	Funds		Total
\$	(1,829,025)	\$	(3,863,083)
	(1,867,951)		(13,230,215)
	3,764,503		27,958,130
	67,527		10,864,832
	621		435,756
	(322,182)		(4,480,515)
	4,784		6,111
	(316,777)		(4,038,648)
	(134,567)		(1,361,594)
	25,000		47,000
	(23,625)		(2,224,979)
	(234)		(1,488,356)
	(=0 1)		(1)100,000)
	(133,426)		(5,027,929)
	71,520		1,131,268
	71,520		1,131,268
	(311,156)		2,929,523
	1,273,757		18,360,262
\$	962,601	\$	21,289,785
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### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Page 2 of 2) For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

**Business-Type Activities** 

		Electric	ric Water		Wastewater	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)						
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	1,866,282	\$	787,704	\$	2,955,575
Adjustments to reconcile operating						
income (loss) to net cash provided (used):						
Depreciation		454,380		2,014,941		294,391
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:						
(Increase) Decrease in:						
Accounts receivable		132,540		(41,501)		(72,671)
Prepaid items		22,732		-		-
Deferred outflows:						
Pension		198,832		48,077		26,703
OPEB		2,647		659		379
Increase (Decrease) in:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(195,876)		443,786		49,655
Accrued interest		-		-		-
Customer deposits		84,117		36,890		-
Compensated absences		12,776		2,157		1,765
Due to other funds		659,083		1,371,970		(34,957)
Deferred inflows:						
Pension		20,526		5,716		6,180
OPEB		10,695		2,931		(532)
Net pension liability		(280,766)		(64,667)		(33,439)
OPEB Liability		(7,073)		(534)		610
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	2,995,517	\$	4,608,129	\$	3,193,659
	_					

**Business-Type Activities** 

	Dusiness-Type Activities							
N	Nonmajor		_					
	Funds		Total					
\$	(520,908)	\$	5,088,653					
	206,125		2,969,837					
	(90,819)		(72,451)					
	-		22,732					
	(199,084)		74,528					
	(1,102)		2,583					
	(63,463)		234,102					
	(5,206)		(5,206)					
	-		121,007					
	30,214		46,912					
	48,531		2,044,627					
	45,208		77,630					
	10,933		24,027					
	552,426		173,554					
	54,672		47,675					
\$	67,527	\$	10,864,832					

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

**September 30, 2024** 

		Pu	rivate irpose rusts	Custodial Funds		
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	623	\$	59,550	
Prepaids			-		1,211	
	<b>Total Assets</b>	\$	623	\$	60,761	
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to others	Total Liabilities		<u>-</u>		30,353 30,353	
Net Position						
Restricted for various purposes:		\$	623	\$	30,408	
	<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	623	\$	30,408	

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

		Private Purpose Trusts		Custodial Funds	
<u>Additions</u>					
Investment income		\$	34	\$	2,722
Other revenue			_		5,207
	Total Additions		34		7,929
	Net Change in Net Position		34		7,929
Beginning Net Position			589		22,479
	<b>Ending Net Position</b>	\$	623	\$	30,408

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2024

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Lockhart, Texas (the "City") is a municipal corporation operating under a home rule charter as authorized in Article XI, Section 5 of the Constitution of the State of Texas. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government in which all powers of the City are vested in an elective council. The City Council consists of the mayor and six council members. The mayor and two council members are elected at large with the remaining council members elected by district. The City provides services related to the following: public safety, public works, sanitation, health and welfare, culture and recreation, economic development, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

#### A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

#### B. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The criteria used are as follows:

Financial Accountability – The primary government is deemed to be financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. Additionally, the primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government or a jointly appointed board.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

Lockhart Economic Development Corporation ("LEDC")

The LEDC is a nonprofit corporation that was incorporated under the Development Corporation Act of 1979, Texas Revised Civil Statutes Annotated, Article 5190.6 Section (a), to receive and account for the proceeds of a designated sales tax levied to benefit the economic development of Lockhart. Under the Act, the Board of Directors consists of seven members appointed by and who serve at the pleasure of the City Council of the City for two-year terms.

LEDC may enter into any project authorized by the Act including, but not limited to, such projects as promotion and development of new and expanded business enterprises, job training centers, infrastructure improvements, public safety, municipal buildings, civic centers, recreation facilities, and other related facilities.

The LEDC meets the criteria of a discretely presented component unit and is presented as a governmental fund type. Complete financial statements for the Lockhart Economic Development Corporation may be obtained at City Hall. No other organizations met the necessary criteria for inclusion as component units for the year ended September 30, 2024.

This component unit is discretely presented in the financial statements. Complete financial statements of the individual component unit can be obtained from Keelie Michna, Finance Director, at 308 W. San Antonio St. Lockhart, TX 78644.

#### C. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and the proprietary funds.

As discussed earlier, the government has one discretely presented component unit which is shown in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category;

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

governmental and proprietary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

#### **General Fund**

The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions not properly includable in other funds. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales and franchise taxes, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and community development.

The government reports the following major enterprise funds:

#### **Electric Fund**

The electric fund accounts for the activities of the City related to its provision of electricity. Activities of the fund include administration, operation and maintenance of the electric system, and billing and collection activities. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for electric debt. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure the integrity of the funds.

#### **Water Fund**

The water fund is used to account for the establishment and maintenance of water facilities within the municipal boundaries of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operation and maintenance of the water system, and billing and collection activities. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest for water debt. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure the integrity of the funds.

#### **Wastewater Fund**

The wastewater fund is used to account for the establishment and maintenance of sewage and drainage facilities within the municipal boundaries of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operation and maintenance of the wastewater system, and billing and collection activities. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of,

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

long-term debt principal and interest for wastewater debt. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure the integrity of the funds.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

#### **Debt Service Funds**

The City accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payments of principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt paid primarily from taxes levied by the City. The fund balance is restricted exclusively for debt service expenditures.

#### **Capital Project Funds**

The capital project funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

The City accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes in a special revenue fund. As of September 30, 2024, the City is maintaining eighteen special revenue funds.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Private Purpose Trust Funds - These funds are used to account for resources legally held in trust for use by organizations that are separate from the City. All resources of these funds, including any earnings on invested resources, may be used to support the organizations' activities. There is no requirement that any portion of these resources be preserved as capital. These funds include the Glosserman Trust and Brock Cabin Trust fund.

Custodial Funds are custodial in nature and are used to account for the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of resources to third parties. Custodial funds use the economic resources measurement focus. The custodial funds include the confiscated property, unclaimed property, and bicycle helmet funds.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

#### D. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Proprietary, pension, custodial and other postemployment benefit trust funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*.

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows, and Fund Equity or Net Position

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund types consider temporary investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, the City reports all investments at fair value, except for "money market investments" and "2a7-like pools." Money market investments, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations, are reported at amortized costs. Investment positions in external investment pools that are operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, such as TexPool, are reported using the pools' share price.

The City has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, of the Texas Governmental Code.

In summary, the City is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of the U.S. Government Fully collateralized certificates of deposit and money market accounts Statewide investment pools SEC registered, no load money market mutual funds

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### 2. Fair Value

The City has applied Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

#### 3. Receivables and Interfund Transactions

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. If the transactions are between the primary government and its component unit, these receivables and payables are classified as "due to/from component unit/primary government." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in the applicable governmental fund to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of any allowance for uncollectible amounts.

#### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory of the general fund and the electric fund consists of supplies held for the City's use and are carried at cost. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods (prepaid expenditures) are recognized as expenditures when utilized.

#### 5. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of re classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or other restrictions.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, are tangible and intangible assets which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and rights to water access are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government, as assets

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art, and capital items received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest costs incurred in connection with construction of enterprise fund capital assets are capitalized when the effects of capitalization materially impact the financial statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years.

	Estimated
Asset Description	<b>Useful Life</b>
Building and improvements	10 to 50 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 10 years
Public domain infrastructure	10 to 40 years
Utility system infrastructure	30 to 50 years
Intangible assets	5 to 40 years

#### 7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows / inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The government only has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. One example is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results form the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, fines and forfeitures and ambulance fees. These amounts are deferred and

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources can also occur at the government wide level due to differences between investment gains and losses realized on pension investments compared to assumption used within the pension actuarial valuation model.

#### 8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds payable, pension and OPEB liabilities and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements until due. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, net of the applicable premium or discount and payments of principal and interest reported as expenditures. In the governmental fund types, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. However, claims and judgments paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources.

Long-term debt and other obligations, financed by proprietary funds, are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds. For proprietary fund types, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

The net pension liability is included within long term debt. This liability is valued using an actuarial model and represents the difference between the plan fiduciary net position and the net pension liability consistent with GASB statement no. 68. The portion of this liability presented as a current liability is based on actuarial calculations for estimated future payments of benefits and refunds over the twelve months following yearend.

Assets acquired under the terms of leases are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the general fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general fund upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### 9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 10. Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB")

The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement applies to the individual employers (TMRS cities) in the TMRS Supplemental Death Benefits (SDB) plan, with retiree coverage. The TMRS SDBF covers both active and retiree benefits with no segregation of assets, and therefore doesn't meet the definition of a trust under GASB No. 75 (i.e., no assets are accumulated for OPEB) and as such the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan. For purposes of reporting under GASB 75, the retiree portion of the SDBF is not considered a cost sharing plan and is instead considered a single employer, defined benefit OPEB plan. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary, calculated based on the employee's actual earnings on which TMRS deposits are made, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death. The death benefit amount for retirees is \$7,500. GASB No. 75 requires the liability of employers and nonemployer contributing entities to employees for defined benefit OPEB (net OPEB liability) to be measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City provides medical benefits to eligible retirees and dependents with postemployment health care benefits through a single-employer postemployment healthcare plan (the "plan") administered by Texas Municipal League Multistate Intergovernmental Employee Benefits Pool. A separate audited financial report is not issued on the plan. In order for a City employee to be eligible for this benefit, he or she needs 20 years of service and/or attained the age of 60 with five years of service. Medical benefits are available with four coverage tiers depending on dependent status and continue until Medicare eligible. A Medicare supplement policy is available to Medicare eligible retirees with the retiree paying the full premium.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### 11. Leases

Lessee: The City and LEDC are lessees for noncancellable leases of building and equipment. The City and LEDC recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the full-accrual financial statements. The City and LEDC recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City and LEDC initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The leased asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City and LEDC determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City and LEDC uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When
  the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City and LEDC uses its
  estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included
  in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase
  option price that the City and LEDC is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City and LEDC monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor: The City is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of a cell tower. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the governmentwide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

#### 12. Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements ("SBITA")

The City has adopted the provision of Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, entitled Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements ("SBITA"). The City has noncancellable contracts with SBITA vendors for the right to use information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets). The City recognizes a subscription liability, reported with long-term debt, and a right-to-use subscription asset (an intangible asset), reported with other capital assets, in the government-wide financial statements. The City recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of an SBITA, the City initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of SBITA payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for SBITA payments made at or before the SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial implementation costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT assets.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITAs include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITAs.
- The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the SBITA.
- Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments, variable payments fixed in substance or that depend on an index or a rate, termination penalties if the City is reasonably certain to exercise such

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

options, subscription contract incentives receivable from the SBITA vendor, and any other payments that are reasonably certain of being required based on an assessment of all relevant factors.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its SBITAs and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

#### 13. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

#### 14. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 15. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The City will maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in its General Fund of 25 percent of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures and outgoing transfers. This minimum fund balance is to protect against cash flow shortfalls related to timing of projected revenue receipts and to maintain a budget stabilization commitment. When fund balance falls below the 25 percent range, the City will replenish shortages/deficiencies. Should unassigned fund balance of the General Fund ever exceed the maximum 25 percent range, the City will consider such fund

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

balance surpluses for one-time expenditures that are nonrecurring in nature and which will not require additional future expense outlays for maintenance, additional staffing or other recurring expenditures.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing body (Council) has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

#### 16. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### F. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

#### 1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### 2. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. Under state law, property taxes levied on real property constitute a lien on the real property which cannot be forgiven without specific approval of the State Legislature. The lien expires at the end of twenty years. Taxes levied on personal property can be deemed uncollectible by the City.

Property taxes at the fund level are recorded as receivables and deferred revenues at the time the taxes are assessed. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected. Additional amounts estimated to be collectible in time to be a resource for payment of obligations incurred during the fiscal year and therefore susceptible to accrual in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles have been recognized as revenue.

#### 3. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources is reported as an expenditure and fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay for it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation and sick pay that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the government wide financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick pay of the enterprise funds are recorded as an expense and liability of that fund as the benefits accrue to employees. The General Fund is the governmental fund that has typically been used in prior years to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

#### 4. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the utility fund, golf course fund, and storm water utility funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The utility fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between *fund balance-total governmental funds* and *net position-governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental states that, "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities."

#### III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for the general, debt service, hotel/motel tax, and the enterprise funds. The legal level of control as defined by the City Charter is the fund level. No funds can be transferred or added which affect the total fund expenditures without City Council approval. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year. One supplemental budget amendment was made during the year. The following funds exceeded appropriations at the level of control:

General Fund \$ 145,341

Debt Service Fund \$1,655,869

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund \$161,795

No other fund expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### A. Restricted Fund Balance

The City records restricted fund balance on amounts with externally imposed restrictions (e.g., through debt covenants or by grantors) or restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Total restricted fund balance for governmental funds was \$9,592,340, of which, \$181,100 is restricted by enabling legislation.

#### **B.** Deficit Fund Equity

As of September 30, 2024, four nonmajor governmental funds, court technology, radio system maintenance, court security, and drainage, reported deficit fund balances of \$8,871, \$26,575, \$3,647, and \$24,648, respectively. The deficits will be replenished through interfund transfers and future operating surpluses.

#### C. Public Funds Investment & Collateral Acts

State statues require that all deposits in financial institutions be insured or fully collateralized by U.S. government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. As of September 30, 2024, the market values of pledged securities and FDIC exceeded bank balances. In addition, the City is required to adopt certain standards as it relates to the investment and maintenance of public funds. The City was in compliance with the requirement Public Funds Investment Act and the Public Funds Collateral Act.

#### IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits - The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. The depository bank pledges securities which comply with state law and these securities are held for safekeeping and trust with the City's and the depository bank's agent bank. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of FDIC insurance. The City's deposits, as well as those of the City's component unit were fully insured or collateralized as required by the state statutes at September 30, 2024.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

As of September 30, 2024, the primary government had the following investments:

		Weighted
		<b>Average Maturity</b>
<b>Investment Type</b>	Value	(Years)
External investment pools	\$ 40,211,025	0.08
Total value	\$ 40,211,025	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.08

As of September 30, 2024, the component unit had the following investments:

		Weighted
		<b>Average Maturity</b>
Investment Type	Value	(Years)
External investment pools	\$ 6,656,306	0.07
Total value	\$ 6,656,306	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.07

Following the criteria for GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, TexPool and TexStar use amortized cost and Texas CLASS uses the fair value method to value portfolio assets. The pools operate in a manner consistent with the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Rule 2(a)(7) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 but is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Instead, the regulatory oversight for the pool is the State of Texas. Investments in the pools are classified as cash and cash equivalents for reporting purposes.

*Interest rate risk:* In accordance with the City's investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio for investments in nonoperating funds to less than five years from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturity of investments of the City's operating funds cannot exceed one year from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturities of the investment pools did not exceed 60 days.

Credit risk: The City's investment policy requires that the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific user. At year-end, the City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk. It is LEDC policy to limit its investment to those that are authorized under the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. Additionally, any money market mutual funds or local government investment pools must be rated no lower than AAA by at least one nationally recognized rating service. As of September 30, 2024, the investment pools were rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

Custodial credit risk – deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's and LEDC's investment policy requires that deposits at financial institutions be insured by the FDIC and/or collateralized by securities pledged to the City by the depository in an amount equal to at least 102% of the carrying value of deposits held. During the fiscal year and at year-end, all deposits held in the depository bank were fully collateralized. The City's deposits are therefore not subject to custodial credit risk at September 30, 2024.

Custodial credit risk – investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeeping securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, are executed by delivery versus payment to ensure that securities are deposited in the City's safekeeping account prior to the release of funds.

#### **TexPool**

TexPool was established as a trust company with the Treasurer of the State of Texas as trustee, segregated from all other trustees, investments, and activities of the trust company. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, Standard & Poor's rate TexPool AAAm. As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as to the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review. At September 30, 2024, the fair value of the portion in TexPool approximates fair value of the shares. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

#### **TexSTAR**

TexSTAR has been established for governmental entities pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code and operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexSTAR's governing body is a five-member Board consisting of three representatives of participants and one member designated by each of the co-administrators. The Board holds legal title to all money, investments, and assets and has the authority to employ personnel, contract for services, and engage in other administrative activities necessary or convenient to accomplish the objectives of TexSTAR. Board oversight of TexSTAR is maintained through daily, weekly, and monthly reporting requirements. TexSTAR is rated

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The City's fair value position is stated at the value of the position upon withdrawal. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

#### **Texas CLASS**

MBIA is a participant of the Texas CLASS program. Texas CLASS has been established for governmental entities pursuant to the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code and operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Texas CLASS is supervised by a Board of Trustees who are elected by the Participants. The Board of Trustees supervises the Trust and its affairs and acts as the liaison between the Participants, the Custodian and the Program Administrator. The Board administers the affairs of the Trust and enters into contracts and agreements on behalf of the Trust in order to effectuate the terms of the Trust Agreement. It also selects consultants for Texas CLASS, including the Program Administrator and the Custodian. MBIA's Texas CLASS is rated AAA by Fitch. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

#### B. Receivables

The following comprise receivable balances of the primary government at year end:

		Governmen				
			N	onmajor		
		General	Gov	vernmental		Total
Property taxes	\$	614,029	\$	141,978	\$	756,007
Sales tax		527,937		-		527,937
Other taxes		49,857		25,613		75,470
Fines and fees		459,914		107,152		567,066
Accounts		-		38,197		38,197
GBRA funds		302,455		-		302,455
Property liens		180,138		-		180,138
Other		28,774		-		28,774
Allowance		(640,041)		-		(640,041)
	\$	1,523,063	\$	312,940	\$	1,836,003
	_				_	

Business-Type Activities										
		Electric		Water		astewater	I	Nonmajor		Total
Accounts	\$	2,602,874	\$	911,124	\$	525,531	\$	389,181	\$	4,428,710
Lease		-		83,259		-		-		83,259
EMS		-		-		-		5,784,437		5,784,437
Allowance		(179,874)		(42,809)		(29,959)		(4,994,962)		(5,247,604)
	\$	2,423,000	\$	951 <i>,</i> 574	\$	495,572	\$	1,178,656	\$	5,048,802

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

The component unit receivables balance consisted entirely of sales tax.

#### Lease Receivable

The City is a lessor of a contract in which the City receive lease payments from AT&T for the use of an existing cell tower. The lease commenced on August 1, 2023, with a term of months. Monthly lease payments of \$2,000 will be paid through July 31, 2028. As of September 30, 2024, the lease receivable and offsetting deferred inflows amounted to \$83,259 and \$83,259, respectively. The below is the future amortization schedule for the receivable:

Year ending		Lease Receivable							
September 30,	P	rincipal	I1	nterest					
2025	\$	20,975	\$	3,025					
2026		21,830		2,170					
2027		22,719		1,281					
2028		17,735		362					
	\$	83,259	\$	6,838					

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year end was as follows:

	Beginning Balances		Additions		etirements/ lassifications	Ending Balances
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					 	
Land	\$	1,587,394	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,587,394
Construction in progress		1,523,754		1,659,140	(1,871,464)	1,311,430
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,111,148		1,659,140	(1,871,464)	2,898,824
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Machinery and equipment		8,447,217		126,965	(23,604)	8,550,578
Buildings and improvements		13,432,367		-	1,032,209	14,464,576
Infrastructure		86,272,424		-	839,255	87,111,679
Right to use assets-leases		754,368		320,531	-	1,074,899
Right to use assets-SBITA		151,988		-	-	151,988
Total capital assets being depreciated		109,058,364		447,496	1,847,860	111,353,720
Less accumulated depreciation						
Machinery and equipment		6,730,663		339,093	(23,604)	7,046,152
Buildings and improvements		5,904,530		337,755	-	6,242,285
Infrastructure		71,584,028		1,217,288	_	72,801,316
Right to use assets-leases		365,821		180,801	_	546,622
Right to use assets-SBITA		15,199		15,199	_	30,398
Total accumulated depreciation		84,600,241		2,090,136	(23,604)	86,666,773
Net capital assets being depreciated		24,458,123		(1,642,640)	1,871,464	24,686,947
Total Capital Assets	\$	27,569,271	\$	16,500	\$ -	\$ 27,585,771

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 231,193
Public safety	379,535
Public works	1,232,391
Health and welfare	9,178
Culture and recreation	237,839
<b>Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense</b>	\$ 2,090,136

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

A summary of changes in business-type activities capital assets for the year end was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Ending Balances
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 574,710	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 574,710
Construction in progress	356,451	1,021,664	-	1,378,115
Total capital assets not being depreciated	931,161	1,021,664		1,952,825
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Machinery and equipment	8,180,084	134,567	-	8,314,651
Buildings and improvements	4,151,722	-	-	4,151,722
Infrastructure	50,530,802	205,363	-	50,736,165
Right to use assets-leases	348,816	-	-	348,816
Intangibles	44,455,000	-	-	44,455,000
Total capital assets being depreciated	107,666,424	339,930		108,006,354
Less accumulated depreciation				
Machinery and equipment	6,536,076	285,127	-	6,821,203
Buildings and improvements	3,287,715	41,684	-	3,329,399
Infrastructure	24,691,043	1,080,002	-	25,771,045
Right to use assets-leases	219,526	62,806	-	282,332
Intangibles	7,181,350	1,500,218	-	8,681,568
Total accumulated depreciation	41,915,710	2,969,837		44,885,547
Net capital assets being depreciated	65,750,714	(2,629,907)	-	63,120,807
Total Capital Assets	\$ 66,681,875	\$ (1,608,243)	\$ -	\$ 65,073,632

Depreciation and amortization was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Electric	\$ 454,380
Water	2,014,941
Wastewater	294,391
EMS	127,913
Sanitation	22,363
Airport	55,849
<b>Total Business-type Activities Depreciation Expense</b>	\$ 2,969,837

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

A summary of changes in component unit (LEDC) capital assets for the year end was as follows:

	E	Beginning			Retire	ements/	Ending
		Balances	Α	dditions	Reclass	ifications	Balances
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	821,888	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 821,888
Construction in progress		163,442		22,752		-	186,194
Total capital assets not being depreciated		985,330		22,752			 1,008,082
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings		4,477,872		-		-	4,477,872
Right to use assets		56,020		-		-	56,020
Total capital assets being depreciated		4,533,892		_			4,533,892
Less accumulated depreciation							
Buildings		202,790		89,555		-	292,345
Right to use assets		32,012		16,006		-	48,018
Total accumulated depreciation		234,802		105,561		-	340,363
Net capital assets being depreciated		4,299,090		(105,561)		-	4,193,529
Total Capital Assets	\$	5,284,420	\$	(82,809)	\$	-	\$ 5,201,611

Depreciation was charged to the following activities as follows:

Lockhart EDC\$ 105,561Total Depreciation Expense\$ 105,561

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### D. Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2024. In general, the City uses the general fund to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

										Amounts	
		Beginning		A 1 11		D ( 1		Ending		ue Within	
		Balance		Additions		Retired	Balance			One Year	
Governmental Activities:											
Bonds, notes and other											
payables:	ф	2 120 020	ф		Ф	(FF2 F2()	ф	2 540 202	ф	E04.050	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	3,120,828	\$	-	\$	(572,526)	\$	2,548,302	\$	594,978	
Certificates of Obligation		5,944,595		-		(396,460)		5,548,135		412,595	
Tax notes		2,025,086		-		(316,420)		1,708,666		325,049	
Less deferred amounts:		107.007				//- <b>-</b>		0.40 =4.4			
For premiums		405,227				(61,511)		343,716		-	
Total Bonds Payable		11,495,736				(1,346,917)		10,148,819		1,332,622	
SBITA liabilities		140,142		-		(12,940)		127,202		14,099	
Lease liabilities		399,301		320,532		(185,226)		534,607		209,059	
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$	12,035,179	\$	320,532	\$	(1,545,083)	\$	10,810,628	\$	1,555,780	
		Long-term lia	abilit	ies due in m	ore tl	nan one year	\$	9,254,848			
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>											
General Obligation Bonds	\$	1,049,168	\$	-	\$	(192,472)	\$	856,696	\$	200,022	
Certificates of Obligation		6,950,407		-		(463,540)		6,486,867		482,405	
Tax Notes		1,494,914		-		(233,580)		1,261,334		239,951	
Less deferred amounts:						,					
For premiums		274,728		-		(32,262)		242,466		-	
Total Bonds Payable	_	9,769,217		-		(921,854)		8,847,363		922,378	
Lease liabilities	_	100,835		-		(74,985)	_	25,850		25,850	
Notes payable		2,021,112		-		(180,402)		1,840,710		184,912	
GBRA Obligations		41,955,000		-		(1,080,000)		40,875,000		1,105,000	
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	53,846,164	\$	-	\$	(2,257,241)	\$	51,588,923	\$	2,238,140	
		Long-term lia	<u>—</u> abilit	ies due in m	ore tl	nan one year	\$	49,350,783	-		
Component Unit Activities (LEDC):											
Notes payable	\$	86,119	\$	_	\$	(86,119)	\$	_	\$	_	
Lease liabilities	*	25,594	71	-	*	(16,840)	*	8,754	7	8,754	
Revenue bonds		1,350,000		_		(100,000)		1,250,000		100,000	
Total Component Unit Activities	\$	1,461,713	\$	_	\$	(202,959)	\$	1,258,754	<b>\$</b>	108,754	
•	_	Long-term lia		ies due in m	_		\$	1,150,000		·	
		o .				,	<u> </u>				

Long-term debt applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. The City intends to retire all of its general long-term liabilities, plus accrued interest, from property taxes and other current revenues from the debt service fund as has been done in prior years. The proprietary fund type long-term debt will be repaid, plus accrued interest, from operating revenues of the respective fund. The general fund has typically been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences for governmental activities. Leases are secured by the underlying asset. In the event of default, the lender may demand immediate payment or take possession of the asset.

#### **Lockhart-Luling Water Delivery System**

The Guadalupe-Blanco River Authority (GBRA) contracted with the City in 2002 to provide a reliable quantity of treated water through the Luling Water Treatment Plant. For the mutual benefit of the parties, GBRA, the City of Luling, and the City of Lockhart, Texas entered into an agreement that enabled GBRA to pump treated water from the Luling Water Treatment Plant to the Lockhart Treatment Plant ground storage reservoir through the water delivery system.

GBRA issued \$4,950,000 in Contract Revenue Refunding Bonds in fiscal year 2014 for the water delivery system. As of September 30, 2024, there was \$2,180,000 bonds outstanding.

#### Carrizo Groundwater Supply Project

The Guadalupe-Blanco River Authority (GBRA) has contracted with the City to assist with the financing for the development of the Carrizo Groundwater Supply Project. This groundwater development project will generate 15,000 acre-feet per year of groundwater which will be distributed to three customers that have contracts with GBRA – New Braunfels Utilities, City of Lockhart, and Goforth Special Utility District. The City is responsible for its proportional share of the contract revenue and board participation loans associated with the financing of the project. As of September 30, 2024, there was \$38,695,000 of obligations outstanding.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

Primary government long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

		overnmental Activities		Business - Type Activities		Total
General Obligation Bonds:						
\$6,530,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2016, due in						
annual installments through August 2028, interest at 3.6%	\$	2,548,302	\$	856,696	\$	3,404,998
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	2,548,302	\$	856,696	\$	3,404,998
Certificates of Obligation:						
\$16,685,000 Certificates of Obligation,						
Series 2015, due in annual installments through August 2035						
interest at 3.39%	\$	5,548,135	\$	6,486,867	\$	12,035,002
Total Certificates of Obligation	\$	5,548,135	\$	6,486,867	\$	12,035,002
Notes Payable:						
\$3,600,000 2013 State Infrastructure Bank Loan due in annual installments						
through June 2033, interest at 2.50%	\$	_	\$	1,840,710	\$	1,840,710
Total Notes Payable	\$		\$	1,840,710	\$	1,840,710
·	Ψ		Ψ	1/0 10// 10	Ψ	1,010,710
Tax Notes:						
\$4,050,000 Limited Tax Note, Series 2022, due in annual installments	_	. =	_			
through 2029, interest at 2.61%	\$	1,708,666	\$	1,261,334	\$	2,970,000
Total Tax Notes	\$	1,708,666	\$	1,261,334	\$	2,970,000
GBRA Obligations:						
\$4,950,000 GBRA Revenue Bond, Series 2014, due in installments						
through 2030, interest at 3.45%	\$	-	\$	2,180,000	\$	2,180,000
\$7,095,000 2018 Board Participation Loan due in installments						
through 2053, interest at 4.24%		-		7,095,000		7,095,000
\$2,405,000 Contract Revenue Bond, Series 2018A, due in installments						
through 2048, interest at 3.96%		-		2,350,000		2,350,000
\$2,095,000 Contract Revenue Bond, Series 2018B, due in installments						
through 2048, interest at 3.23%		-		1,780,000		1,780,000
\$6,260,000 2019 Board Participation Loan due in installments						
through 2054, interest at 3.39%		-		6,260,000		6,260,000
\$1,720,000 Contract Revenue Bond, Series 2019, due in installments						
through 2049, interest at 2.47%		-		1,515,000		1,515,000
\$8,250,000 Contract Revenue Bond, Series 2020, due in installments						
through 2050, interest at 2.08%		-		7,145,000		7,145,000
\$14,485,000 Contract Revenue Bond, Series 2021, due in installments						
through 2050, interest at 2.75%		-		12,550,000		12,550,000
Total GBRA Obligations	\$	-	\$	40,875,000	\$	40,875,000

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

Business -					
G	overnmental		Type		
	Activities	Activities		Total	
\$	196,872	\$	-	\$	196,872
	337,735		25,850		363,585
\$	534,607	\$	25,850	\$	560,457
\$	48,115	\$	-	\$	48,115
	79,087				79,087
\$	127,202	\$		\$	127,202
	343,716		242,466		586,182
\$	10,810,628	\$	51,588,923	\$	62,399,551
	\$ \$	\$ 337,735 \$ 534,607 \$ 48,115 \$ 79,087 \$ 127,202 \$ 343,716	\$ 196,872 \$ \$ 337,735 \$ 534,607 \$ \$ 79,087 \$ 127,202 \$ 343,716	Governmental Activities       Type Activities         \$ 196,872       \$ -         337,735       25,850         \$ 534,607       \$ 25,850         \$ 125,850       \$ -         10,000       \$ - <tr< td=""><td>Governmental Activities       Type Activities         \$ 196,872       \$ - \$         \$ 337,735       25,850         \$ 534,607       \$ 25,850         \$ 48,115       \$ - \$         \$ 79,087       - \$         \$ 127,202       \$ - \$         343,716       242,466</td></tr<>	Governmental Activities       Type Activities         \$ 196,872       \$ - \$         \$ 337,735       25,850         \$ 534,607       \$ 25,850         \$ 48,115       \$ - \$         \$ 79,087       - \$         \$ 127,202       \$ - \$         343,716       242,466

The component unit long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

	Lockhart EDC
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds:	
\$1,645,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bond, Series 2020, due in semi-annual	
installments through August 2035, interest at 2.47%	\$ 1,250,000
Total Sales Tax Reveue Bonds	\$ 1,250,000
Lease liabilities:	
\$76,144 lease payable for building, due in monthly	
installments of \$1,245-\$1,470 through March 2025, interest at 2.61%	\$ 8,754
Total Lease Liabilities	\$ 8,754
Total Debt	\$ 1,258,754

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

The annual requirements to amortize the City's governmental long-term activities debt issues outstanding at year end were as follows:

Year ending	2015 Tax	015 Tax & Rev CO 2016 GO Refunding			ding	 2022 T	ax No	te		
September 30,	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest
2025	\$ 412,595	\$	185,224	\$	594,978	\$	101,932	\$ 325,049	\$	40,354
2026	433,340		164,594		624,914		78,133	333,679		31,758
2027	447,170		151,594		647,366		53,136	339,432		22,974
2028	461,000		138,179		681,044		27,242	350,938		13,964
2029	493,270		124,349		-		-	359,567		4,692
2030	507,100		109,551		-		-	-		-
2031	523,235		93,704		-		-	-		-
2032	539,370		76,699		-		-	-		-
2033	557,810		59,169		-		-	-		-
2034	576,250		40,343		-		-	-		-
2035	 596,995		20,895					 _		-
	\$ 5,548,135	\$	1,164,302	\$	2,548,302	\$	260,443	\$ 1,708,666	\$	113,743

Year ending		Le	ases	
September 30,	F	rincipal	I	nterest
2025	\$	209,059	\$	28,188
2026		178,806		16,463
2027		146,742		4,177
	\$	534,607	\$	48,828

Year ending		SBI					
September 30,	Principal			Interest	Total		
2025	\$	14,099	\$	5,724	\$	19,823	
2026		15,328		5,090		20,418	
2027		16,630		4,400		21,030	
2028		18,010 3,652		3,652		21,661	
2029		19,470		2,841		22,311	
2030		21,015		1,965		22,980	
2031		22,650		1,019		23,669	
Total	\$	127,202	\$	24,691	\$	151,893	

The City entered into leases to finance the use of building and equipment. The property is classified as right to use asset with a total carrying value as of yearend for governmental activities of \$528,277.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

The City entered into IT based subscription agreements for records management. The present value of the subscription payments is classified as right to use asset with a total carrying value as of yearend for governmental activities of \$121,590.

The annual requirements to amortize the City's business-type long-term activities debt issues outstanding at year end were as follows:

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

Year ending	ear ending 2015 Tax &			2015 Tax & Rev CO			2016 GO Refunding			2022 T	ax Not	e
September 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal	I	nterest
2025	\$	482,405	\$	216,563	\$	200,022	\$	34,268	\$	239,951	\$	29,789
2026		506,660		192,443		210,086		26,267		246,321		23,444
2027		522,830		177,243		217,634		17,864		250,568		16,959
2028		539,000		161,559		228,954		9,158		259,062		10,309
2029		576,730		145,389		-		-		265,433		3,464
2030		592,900		128,087		-		-		-		-
2031		611,765		109,558		-		-		-		-
2032		630,630		89,676		-		-		-		-
2033		652,190		69,181		-		-		-		-
2034		673,750		47,169		-		-		-		-
2035		698,007		24,430		_		-		-		-
	\$	6,486,867	\$	1,361,298	\$	856,696	\$	87,557	\$	1,261,334	\$	83,965

Year ending	State Infrast	ructur	e Loan	Leases					
September 30,	Principal		Interest	P	rincipal		Interest		
2025	\$ 184,912	\$	46,018	\$	25,850	\$	105		
2026	189,535		41,395		-		-		
2027	194,273		36,657		-		-		
2028	199,130		31,800		-		-		
2029	204,108		26,821		-		-		
2030	209,211		21,719		-		-		
2031	214,441		16,489		-		-		
2032	219,802		11,127		-		-		
2033	225,298		5,632		-		-		
	\$ 1,840,710	\$	237,658	\$	25,850	\$	105		

The City entered into leases to finance the use of equipment. The property is classified as right to use asset with a total carrying value as of yearend for business-type activities of \$66,484.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

Year ending	Guadel	upa-l	Blanco River A	Auth	ority	
September 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2025	\$ 1,105,000	\$	1,138,773	\$	1,676,666	
2026	1,125,000		1,121,587		1,680,790	
2027	1,140,000		1,102,995		1,678,995	
2028	1,165,000		1,082,839		1,681,122	
2029	1,185,000		1,061,242		1,682,354	
2030	1,205,000		1,038,043		1,677,396	
2031	820,000		1,020,423		1,273,454	
2032	840,000		1,008,120		1,280,093	
2033	850,000		993,529		1,275,529	
2034	880,000		977,135		1,280,100	
2035	890,000		959,252		1,278,927	
2036	910,000		940,183		1,282,095	
2037	930,000		919,872		1,279,556	
2038	960,000		898,438		1,281,466	
2039	1,330,000		875,897		1,632,534	
2040	1,695,000		839,254		1,959,419	
2041	1,740,000		790,294	1,959,34		
2042	1,795,000		738,370		1,966,460	
2043	1,845,000		682,755		1,961,920	
2044	1,900,000		625,486		1,955,983	
2045	1,965,000		564,318		1,961,500	
2046	2,030,000		501,803		1,959,674	
2047	2,090,000		434,729		1,955,515	
2048	2,160,000		365,144		1,959,560	
2049	1,970,000		293,067		1,686,389	
2050	1,950,000		228,890		1,596,882	
2051	1,650,000		164,019		1,187,244	
2052	1,085,000		106,130			
2053	1,135,000		63,234	1,198,234		
2054	 530,000		18,338	548,338		
	\$ 40,875,000	\$	22,719,988	\$	48,666,518	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

The annual requirements to amortize the City's component unit long-term activities debt issues outstanding at year end were as follows:

#### **Lockhart Economic Development Corporation**

Year ending		Leases							
September 30,	Pı	incipal	In	terest					
2025	\$	8,754	\$	67					
	\$	8,754	\$	67					

The LEDC entered into a lease to finance the use of a building. The property is classified as right to use asset with a total carrying value as of yearend for component unit activities of \$8,002.

	2020 Sales Tax and Revenue									
Year ending	Bonds									
September 30,		Principal		Interest						
2025	\$	100,000	\$	30,875						
2026		100,000		28,405						
2027		105,000		25,935						
2028		110,000		23,342						
2029		110,000		20,625						
2030		115,000		17,908						
2031		115,000		15,067						
2032		120,000		12,227						
2033		120,000		9,263						
2034		125,000		6,299						
2035		130,000		3,211						
	\$	1,250,000	\$	226,499						

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### G. Other Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the City's other long-term liabilities for the year ended. In general, the City uses the general fund and utility fund to liquidate compensated absences.

	Be	eginning						Ending		amounts ue within
		Balance	Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Governmental Activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	461,510	\$	420,010	\$	(303,668)	\$	577,852	\$	520,067
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$	461,510	\$	420,010	\$	(303,668)	\$	577,852	\$	520,067
Other long-term liabilities du	\$	57,785								
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>										
Compensated absences	\$	75,153	\$	129,795	\$	(82,883)	\$	122,065	\$	109,859
<b>Total Business-Type Activities</b>	\$	75,153	\$	129,795	\$	(82,883)	\$	122,065	\$	109,859
Other long-term liabilities du	ıe in 1	nore than o	ne ye	ar			\$	12,206		
EDC Activities:										
Compensated absences	\$		\$	1,587	\$	-	\$	1,587	\$	1,428
<b>Total Business-Type Activities</b>	\$	_	\$	1,587	\$	-	\$	1,587	\$	1,428
Other long-term liabilities du		\$	159							

#### H. Deferred Charges on Refunding

Deferred charges resulting from the issuance of series 2016 GO revenue refunding bonds have been recorded as deferred outflows of resources and are being amortized to interest expense over the shorter of either the remaining term of the refunded debt or the refunding certificates of obligation. Current year balances for governmental and business-type activities totaled \$117,211 and \$82,239, respectively. Current year amortization expense for governmental and business-type activities totaled \$23,441 and \$16,448, respectively.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### I. Interfund Transactions

The compositions of interfund advances to/from balances as of the year ended September 30, 2024 were as follows:

		Due	:		
Due to:	Ge	neral Fund		Fund	 Total
Electric	\$	632,890	\$	26,193	 659,083
Water		1,463,783		24,058	1,487,841
Wastewater		15,294		-	15,294
Nonmajor govt.		114,059		-	114,059
Nonmajor buisness-type		48,531			48,531
Total \$		2,274,557	\$	50,251	\$ 2,324,808

Interfund receivables and payables relate to various amounts used to cover operational and capital expenditures. All balances are expected to be resolved in the subsequent year.

The LEDC recorded a total payable of \$70,373 to the general fund during the year.

Transfers between funds were primarily to support debt service requirements and operation of funds.

Transfers between the primary government during the 2024 year were as follows:

	Transfers Out:											
Transfers In:	_	General		Electric		Water		Wastewater	 Nonmajor governmental	Nonmajor enterprise	_	Total
General	\$	-	\$	2,417,719	\$	301,502	\$	756,951	\$ 550,000	\$ 322,182	\$	4,348,354
Nonmajor govt		70,730		-		-		246,405	132,082	-		449,217
Water		-		3,106		-		430,787	-	-		433,893
Wastewater		-		1,242		-		-	-	-		1,242
Nonmajor bustype	?	-		621		-		-	-	-		621
Total	\$	70,730	\$	2,422,688	\$	301,502	\$	1,434,143	\$ 682,082	\$ 322,182	\$	5,233,327

Transfers between funds were primarily to support debt service requirements and operation of funds.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### V. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various natures. The City participates in the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool (Pool) which provides protection for risks of loss. Premiums are paid to the Pool that retains the risk of loss beyond the City's policy deductibles. Any losses reported but unsettled or incurred and not reported, are believed to be insignificant to the City's basic financial statements. For the last three years, there have been no significant reductions of insurance coverage or insurance settlements in excess of insurance coverage.

#### **B.** Contingent Liabilities

The City is involved in lawsuits with other parties from time to time. While the ultimate result of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty, the City does not expect them to have a materially adverse effect on the basic financial statements.

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### C. Commitments

#### **Water Purchase Commitment**

The City has entered into an agreement with the Guadalupe-Blanco River Authority (GBRA) that obligates the City to purchase its water from GBRA through December 31, 2027.

#### D. Pension Plans

#### **Texas Municipal Retirement Systems**

#### Plan Description

The City of Lockhart, Texas participates as one of 934 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

(the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.tmrs.com">www.tmrs.com</a>.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

#### **Benefits Provided**

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year 2023	Plan Year 2022
Employee deposit rate	6%	6%
Matching ratio (city to	2 to 1	2 to 1
employee)		
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility		
(expressed as age / years of	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
service)	00/3, 0/20	
Updated service credit	100% Repeating Transfers	100% Repeating Transfers
Annuity increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI repeating	70% of CPI repeating

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### **Employees covered by benefit terms**

At the December 31, 2023 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	108
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	159
Active employees	136
Total	403

#### **Contributions**

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Lockhart, Texas were required to contribute 6% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Lockhart, Texas were 12.63% and 13.06% in calendar years 2023 and 2024, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2024, were \$1,152,717, and were equal to the required contributions.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### **Actuarial assumptions:**

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year

Overall payroll growth 3.60% to 11.85% per year

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum 16 mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the period ending December 31, 2022. They were adopted in 2023 and first used in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2024 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real
		Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Global Public Equity	35.0%	6.7%
Core Fixed Income	6.0%	4.7%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	8.0%
Other Public/Private Markets	12.0%	8.0%
Real Estate	12.0%	7.6%
Hedge Funds	5.0%	6.4%
Private Equity	10.0%	11.6%
Total	100.0%	

#### **Discount Rate:**

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability. Of the total pension liability, \$4,717,367 is related to the primary government, and \$98,836 is attributable to discretely presented component unit.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### Changes in the Net Pension Liability:

	Total Pension Liability (a)					Total	Primary		Component	
			Fiduciary Net		Net Pension		Government		Units	
Balance at 12/31/22	\$	42,072,830	\$	35,016,012	\$	7,056,818	\$	6,912,002	\$	144,816
Changes for the year:										
Service cost		1,003,200		-		1,003,200		982,613		20,587
Interest		2,800,841		-	2,800,841			2,743,364		57,477
Change in benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-
Difference between expected										
and actual experience		(193,699)		-		(193,699)		(189,724)		(3,975)
Changes of assumptions		(414,853)		-		(414,853)		(406,340)		(8,513)
Contributions – employer		-		958,429		(958,429)		(938,761)		(19,668)
Contributions – employee		-		455,310		(455,310)		(445,966)		(9,344)
Net investment income(loss)		-		4,048,327		(4,048,327)		(3,965,250)		(83,077)
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of emp. contributions		(2,160,970)		(2,160,970)		-		-		-
Administrative expense		-		(25,782)		25,782		25,253		529
Other changes		-		(180)		180		175		5
Net changes		1,034,519		3,275,134		(2,240,615)		(2,194,635)		(45,980)
Balance at 12/31/23	\$	43,107,349	\$	38,291,146	\$	4,816,203	\$	4,717,367	\$	98,836

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

#### **Primary Government**

1% Decrease 5.75%			ent Single Rate	1% Increase 7.75%			
\$	10,433,583	\$	4,717,367	\$	47,220		
<u>Cc</u>	omponent Unit						
1% Decrease		<b>Current Single Rate</b>			1% Increase		
5.75%		Assumption 6.75%			7.75%		
\$	218,598	\$	98,836	\$	989		
<u>To</u>	otal				10/ T		
1% Decrease		Curre	ent Single Rate	1% Increase			
5.75%		Assu	mption 6.75%	7.75%			
\$	10,652,181	\$	4,816,203	\$	48,209		

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:**

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at <a href="https://www.tmrs.com">www.tmrs.com</a>.

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$880,159. Of this amount, \$862,098 is related to the primary government and \$18,061 is attributable to the discretely presented component unit.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

At September 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred		
	Outfl	ows of Resources	(Infl	ows) of Resources	
Primary Government:			,		
Difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings	\$	974,179	\$	-	
Change in assumptions		-		(266,704)	
Differences between expected and actual					
economic experience		-		(51,714)	
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		836,995		-	
Component Units:					
Difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings		20,410		-	
Change in assumptions		-		(5,588)	
Differences between expected and actual					
economic experience		-		(1,083)	
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		17,536			
Total	\$	1,849,120	\$	(325,089)	

The primary government and component units reported \$836,995 and \$17,536, respectively, as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2025.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

				iscretely	
	F	Primary	Pr	esented	
Year ended December 31:	Go	vernment	Comp	onent Units	 Total
2024	\$	123,486	\$	2,587	\$ 126,073
2025		128,238		2,687	130,925
2026		734,071		15,379	749,450
2027		(330,035)		(6,913)	(336,948)
2028		-		-	-
Thereafter		-		-	-
	\$	655,761	\$	13,739	\$ 669,500
	_		_		

#### E. Other Postemployment Benefits

#### Supplemental Death Benefits Fund

The City also participates in a defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). This is a voluntary program in which participating member cities may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit," or OPEB. The SDBF covers both active and retiree benefits with no segregation of assets and, therefore, doesn't meet the definition of a trust under GASB No. 75, paragraph 4b, (i.e., no assets are accumulated for OPEB). As such, the SDBF is considered to be a single-employer unfunded OPEB plan (and not a cost sharing plan) with benefit payments treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

#### Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2023 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	74
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	25
Active employees	136
Total	235

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the years ended 2024, 2023, and 2022 were \$15,319, \$10,839, and \$10,386, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

#### <u>Schedule of Contribution Rates</u> (*RETIREE-only portion of the rate*)

Plan/ Calendar Year	Annual Required Contribution (Rate)	Actual Contribution Made (Rate)	Percentage of ARC Contributed
2022	0.13%	0.13%	100.0%
2023	0.15%	0.15%	100.0%
2024	0.18%	0.18%	100.0%

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The City's Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions Liability (OPEB) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the Total OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### **Actuarial assumptions:**

The Total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year

Overall payroll growth 3.60% to 11.85%, including inflation per year

Discount rate 3.77% Retirees' share of benefit-related costs \$0

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

Administrative expenses

All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with males rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% with a 3-year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a 3% minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

#### **Discount Rate:**

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 3.77%. The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2023.

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 3.77%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.77%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.77%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease		Cu	rrent Single Rate	1% Increase			
(2.77%)		As	sumption 3.77%	(4.77%)			
\$	528,873	\$	448,005	\$	384,180		

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

	•	Total OPEB	
	Liability		
Balance at 12/31/22	\$	414,810	
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost		13,659	
Interest		16,846	
Difference between expected and			
actual experience		(7,404)	
Changes of assumptions		21,476	
Benefit payments		(11,382)	
Net changes		33,195	
Balance at 12/31/23	\$	448,005	

## **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense for the SDBF of \$14,202. Total aggregate OPEB expense was \$33,394 including the healthcare benefit OPEB discussed in the subsequent section.

At September 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to the OPEB liability from the following sources:

	Deferred O		(Inflows) ources
Difference between expected and			
actual experience	\$	-	\$ (14,646)
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		-	(78,818)
Contributions subsequent to			
measurement date		11,778	 
Total	\$	11,778	\$ (93,464)

The City reported \$11,778 as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2025.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2025	\$ (23,621)
2026	(32,662)
2027	(33,281)
2028	(3,900)
2029	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ (93,464)

#### Retiree Health Benefit Plan

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City provides medical benefits to eligible retirees and dependents with postemployment health care benefits through a single-employer postemployment healthcare plan (the "plan") administered by Texas Municipal League Multistate Intergovernmental Employee Benefits Pool. A separate audited financial report is not issued on the plan. In order for a City employee to be eligible for this benefit, he or she needs 20 years of service and/or attained the age of 60 with five years of service. Medical benefits are available with four coverage tiers depending on dependent status and continue until Medicare eligible. A Medicare supplement policy is available to Medicare eligible retirees with the retiree paying the full premium.

Eligible retirees pay the full contribution rate for pre-65 medical coverage. The amount of the contribution depends on years of service with the City at retirement. The plan was changed effective June 1, 2015 to provide payment of higher retiree contribution rates for future retirees. Employees hired on or after this date will pay the full retiree contribution rate equal to 195% of the active employee contribution rate. Retirees hired prior to this date will pay the active employee contribution rate for either 2, 5 or 10 years (or to age 65, if earlier) depending on the years of service retirement. All retirees on the effective date will continue to pay the active employee contribution rate.

#### <u>Funding Status and Funding Progress</u>

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing program involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Program and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of Program, assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. The current valuation dated September 30, 2024 and measured as of September 30, 2024 uses the mortality table: RPH 2014 Total Table with Projection MP-2021 and turnover: rates varying based on genera, age, and select and ultimate at 9 years. Rates based on the TMRS actuarial assumptions from the 2017 retirement plan valuation report.

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

There have been no substantive changes in the retiree plan since the last full valuation. Therefore, the interim-year projection study is based on the census information, benefit schedules and costs for the fiscal year 2024 actuarial valuation for the development of the GASB 75 disclosures related to OPEB benefits for the year ended September 30, 2024.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive program (the program as understood by the employer and the Program members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Program members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following is a summary of the actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost
Amortization Method	Level Percent-of-Payroll
Asset Valuation Method	N/A
Discount Rate	4.06%
Inflation Rate	2.5%
Salary Growth	3.5%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (Initial/Ultimate)	4.5% for medical

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

At the September 30, 2024 valuation, the following represents the active employees and retirees that are eligible to participate in the plan:

#### Employees covered by benefit terms

At the September 30, 2024 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Status	Employee	& Spouse
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	4	0
Active employees	30	6
Total	34	6

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 4.06%. The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer GO Bond 20 Year Index rate as of September 30, 2024, date of the actuarial valuation.

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 4.06%, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.06%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.06%) than the current rate:

1	% Decrease	Cur	rent Single Rate	1% Increase				
	(3.06%)	Ass	umption 4.06%	(5.06%)				
\$	\$ 377,949 \$		353,551	\$	331,034			

#### **Healthcare Cost Trend**

1	% Decrease	C	urrent Healthcare	1% Increase			
	(3.5%)		Cost Trend (4.5%)	(5.5%)			
\$ 327,521		\$	353,551	\$	383,009		

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB					
	Liability					
Balance at 9/30/2023	\$	382,938				
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost		6,779				
Interest		17,980				
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		(44,768)				
Changes of assumptions		16,180				
Benefit payments		(25,558)				
Net changes		(29,387)				
Balance at 9/30/2024	\$	353,551				

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense for the health benefit plan of \$19,192.

At September 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB liability from the following sources:

	Deferred Or of Resou			red Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	(18,617)
Change in assumptions	Ψ	_	Ψ	(16,792)
Total	\$	-	\$	(35,409)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30	):	
2025	\$	(5,567)
2026		(8,156)
2027		(12,208)
2028		(7,759)
2029		(1,719)
Thereafter		_
	\$	(35,409)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

#### F. Tax Abatement Disclosures

The City of Lockhart enters into tax abatement and rebate agreements with local businesses under the state local government code, title 12, subtitle A, chapter 380. Under the code, the governing body of a municipality may establish and provide for the administration of one or more programs, including programs for making loans or grants of public money and providing personnel and services of the municipality, to promote state or local economic development and to stimulate business and commercial activity in the municipality. The City has tax abatement/rebate agreements with three entities as of September 30, 2024:

\$13,885 of real property and personal property taxes was rebated to a manufacturing company that commercializes fiber reactor technology to enhance and improve manufacturing environments by increasing the efficiency of existing refining operations utilizing two-phase chemistry.

The City has not made any commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce taxes. The City is not subject to any tax abatement agreements entered into by other governmental entities. The City has chosen to disclose information about its tax abatement agreements individually. It established a quantitative threshold of 100% percent of the total dollar amount of taxes abated during the year.

#### G. Restatement

The City restated beginning fund balance and net position for the electric fund, water fund, and business-type activities to adjust for refunds related to Silent Valley and Lockhart Spring utility refunds. In addition, the City restated beginning fund balance and net position for the wastewater fund and business-type activities to account for GBRA refunds related to the prior year. The restatements are as follows:

	Вι	usness-1 ype				
		Activities	 Electric	 Water	V	Vastewater
Prior year ending net position, as reported	\$	32,311,314	8,713,179	\$ 8,244,102	\$	11,448,048
Restatements for utility refunds		(86,228)	5,358	(91,586)		-
Restatements for GBRA refunds		392,901	 -	 264,360		128,541
Restated beginning net position	\$	32,617,987	\$ 8,718,537	\$ 8,416,876	\$	11,576,589

#### H. New Accounting Pronouncements

The City has adopted the provision of Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, entitled Accounting Changes and Error Calculations. The requirements of

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued September 30, 2024

this Statement are displayed within the government-wide and fund financial statements, where applicable.

#### I. Related Party Transactions

During the year ended September 30, 2024, the City had the following transactions with related parties of the City:

• Council member Jeffery Michelson is a member of the Board of Directors of First Lockhart National Bank, depository for the City. Mr. Michelson abstains from voting on all matters involving the banking institution.

#### J. Subsequent Events

In February 2025, the City completed the transition of the EMS activities, previously reported as a proprietary fund of the City, to the Emergency Services District (ESD) No. 5. All EMS response for Caldwell County, along with the cities of Lockhart and Luling, will be handled by this newly formed ESD.

There were other no subsequent events through March 27, 2025, the date the financial statements were issued.

REQUIRED	<b>SUPPLEMEN</b>	TARY INFOI	RMATION

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (Page 1 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Fi	nal Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues							
Property tax	\$ 5,239,839	\$	5,239,839	\$	5,745,973	\$	506,134
Sales tax	2,843,437		2,843,437		3,009,942		166,505
Franchise and local taxes	394,888		394,888		430,645		35,757
License and permits	629,292		629,292		197,611		(431,681)
Charges for services	91,800		91,800		1,655,574		1,563,774
Intergovernmental	600,744		664,689		207,149		(457,540)
Fines and forfeitures	291,500		291,500		444,667		153,167
Investment income	165,000		165,000		703,726		538,726
Other revenue	53,950		53,950	53,950 73,997			20,047
<b>Total Revenues</b>	10,310,450		10,374,395 12,469,28		12,469,284		2,094,889
<b>Expenditures</b>							
Current:							
General government	2,280,577		2,280,577		1,976,953		303,624
Public safety	7,250,609		7,318,817		7,034,019		284,798
Public works	2,225,667		2,225,667		2,316,893		(91,226)
Health and welfare	12,500		12,500		33,778		(21,278)
Culture and recreation	1,327,007		1,327,007		1,474,707		(147,700)
Community development	1,751,436		1,751,436		1,993,255		(241,819)
Debt Service:							
Principal	-		-		198,166		(198,166)
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-		27,844		(27,844)
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	14,847,796		14,916,004		15,055,615		(139,611) *
Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	(4,537,346)		(4,541,609)		(2,586,331)		1,955,278

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND (Page 2 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Fi	nal Budget	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				 _		_	
Lease issuance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 320,532	\$	320,532	
Sale of assets	25,000		25,000	7,300		(17,700)	
Transfers in	4,671,856		4,671,856	4,348,354		(323,502)	
Transfers (out)	(65,000)		(65,000)	(70,730)		(5,730)	*
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>				_			
(Uses)	 4,631,856		4,631,856	 4,605,456		(26,400)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 94,510	\$	90,247	2,019,125	\$	1,928,878	
Beginning fund balance				12,406,970			
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>				\$ 14,426,095			

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

- 1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 2. Expenditures (including transfers out) exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Years Ended:

	12/31/2023		12/31/2022		12/31/2021		12/31/2020
Total pension liability					_		
Service cost	\$	1,003,200	\$ 1,019,640	\$	1,005,010	\$	961,008
Interest		2,800,841	2,695,766		2,527,075		2,392,058
Differences between expected and							
actual experience		(193,699)	57,152		850,154		193,047
Changes of assumptions		(414,853)	-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
participant contributions		(2,160,970)	(2,254,366)		(1,526,480)		(1,609,242)
Net change in total pension liability		1,034,519	1,518,192		2,855,759		1,936,871
Total pension liability - beginning		42,072,830	40,554,638		37,698,879		35,762,008
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	43,107,349	\$ 42,072,830	\$	40,554,638	\$	37,698,879
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	958,429	\$ 953,882	\$	950,147	\$	933,321
Contributions - members		455,310	464,176		457,169		437,153
Net investment income		4,048,327	(2,821,822)		4,474,872		2,439,599
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
participant contributions		(2,160,970)	(2,254,366)		(1,526,480)		(1,609,242)
Administrative expenses		(25,782)	(24,426)		(20,710)		(15,791)
Other		(180)	29,148		142		(616)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,275,134	(3,653,408)		4,335,140		2,184,424
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		35,016,012	38,669,420		34,334,280		32,149,856
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	38,291,146	\$ 35,016,012	\$	38,669,420	\$	34,334,280
Fund's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b	\$	4,816,203	\$ 7,056,818	\$	1,885,218	\$	3,364,599
						<u> </u>	
Plan fiduciary net position as a							
percentage of the total pension liability		88.83%	83.23%		95.35%		91.08%
Covered payroll	\$	7,588,505	\$ 7,736,270	\$	7,619,481	\$	7,285,883
Fund's pension liability as a percentage							
of covered payroll		63.47%	91.22%		24.74%		46.18%

	12/31/2019		12/31/2018		12/31/2017	12/31/2016 12/31/202		12/31/2015	12/31/2014		
\$	908,475	\$	861,176	\$	803,650	\$	809,909	\$	755,292	\$	659,622
	2,267,377		2,158,275		2,050,665		1,924,544		1,840,606		1,759,695
	(28,525)		(144,312)		(95,374)		213,804		541,546		(275,265)
	94,975		(144,512)		(55,574)		210,004		143,888		(273,203)
	74,773		_		_		_		143,000		_
	(1,233,643)		(1,331,302)		(1,055,658)		(1,097,681)		(1,084,811)		(987,219)
	2,008,659		1,543,837		1,703,283		1,850,576		2,196,521		1,156,833
	33,753,349		32,209,512		30,506,229		28,655,653		26,459,132		25,302,299
\$	35,762,008	\$	33,753,349	\$	32,209,512	\$	30,506,229	\$	28,655,653	\$	26,459,132
\$	884,655	\$	848,460	\$	779,767	\$	708,591	\$	721,903	\$	662,456
	408,304		385,314		358,239		358,731		352,824		321,581
	4,299,655		(862,453)		3,497,425		1,599,743		34,935		1,282,369
	(1,233,643)		(1,331,302)		(1,055,658)		(1,097,681)		(1,084,811)		(987,219)
	(24,299)		(16,669)		(18,124)		(18,076)		(21,283)		(13,388)
	(730)		(872)		(918)		(974)		(1,051)		(1,101)
	4,333,942		(977,522)		3,560,731		1,550,334		2,517		1,264,698
	27,815,914		28,793,436		25,232,705		23,682,371		23,679,854		22,415,156
\$	32,149,856	\$	27,815,914	\$	28,793,436	\$	25,232,705	\$	23,682,371	\$	23,679,854
\$	3,612,152	\$	5,937,435	\$	3,416,076	\$	5,273,524	\$	4,973,282	\$	2,779,278
	89.90%		82.41%		89.39%		82.71%		82.64%		89.50%
\$	6,805,058	\$	6,421,896	\$	5,970,653	\$	5,937,749	\$	5,730,595	\$	5,359,686
•	2,222,230	•	2, ===, 2 2 2	•	2,1.1.2,000	٠	2,1-2-,1-22	•	3,1 2 2,2 2 0	•	3,222,000
	53.08%		92.46%		57.21%		88.81%		86.78%		51.86%

#### SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION PLAN Years Ended:

	 9/30/2024	_	9/30/2023	 9/30/2022
Actuarially determined employer contributions	\$ 1,152,717	\$	944,606	\$ 946,174
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined				
contribution	\$ 1,152,717	\$	944,606	\$ 946,174
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Annual covered payroll	\$ 8,904,053	\$	7,533,848	\$ 7,648,561
Employer contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.95%		12.54%	12.37%

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION PLAN

#### Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December

31 and become effective in January 13 months later.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed Remaining Amortization Period 22 years (longest amortization ladder)

Asset Valuation Method 10 Year smoothed fair value; 12% soft corridor

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 3.60% to 11.85% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of

benefits. Last updated for the 2023 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period ending 2022.

Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The

rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

#### Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

 9/30/2021	 9/30/2020	 9/30/2019	 9/30/2018	 9/30/2017	 9/30/2016	9/30/2015
\$ 941,155	\$ 896,545	\$ 872,807	\$ 829,948	\$ 754,327	\$ 734,637	\$ 692,664
\$ 941,155	\$ 896,545	\$ 872,807	\$ 829,948	\$ 754,327	\$ 734,637	\$ 692,664
\$ -						
\$ 7,490,384	\$ 6,972,445	\$ 6,687,118	\$ 6,300,160	\$ 5,911,532	\$ 6,129,529	\$ 5,617,224
12.56%	12.86%	13.05%	13.17%	12.76%	11.99%	12.33%

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (OPEB) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFITS PLAN

**Years Ended:** 

	1 .	12/31/2023	12/31/2022		12/31/2021		1	2/31/2020
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$	13,659	\$	29,398	\$	28,954	\$	23,315
Interest		16,846		10,714		10,983		13,308
Differences between expected and								
actual experience		(7,404)		7,532		(13,022)		(36,363)
Changes of assumptions		21,476		(195,401)		16,765		70,035
Benefit payments		(11,382)		(10,057)		(11,429)		(4,372)
Net changes		33,195		(157,814)		32,251		65,923
Total OPEB liability - beginning		414,810		572,624		540,373		474,450
Total OPEB liability - ending	2 \$	448,005	\$	414,810	\$	572,624	\$	540,373
Covered employee payroll	\$	7,588,505	\$	7,736,270	\$	7,619,481	\$	7,285,883
Fund's net position as a percentage of								
covered employee payroll		5.90%		5.36%		7.52%		7.42%

#### Notes to schedule:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

1	12/31/2019	1	12/31/2018	1	12/31/2017
\$	17,693	\$	19,266	\$	15,524
	14,621		13,571		13,276
	(18,892)		(17,158)		-
	77,468		(27,464)		31,482
	(3,403)		(3,211)		(3,582)
	87,487		(14,996)		56,700
	386,963		401,959		345,259
\$	474,450	\$	386,963	\$	401,959
\$	6,805,058	\$	6,421,896	\$	5,970,653
	6.97%		6.03%		6.73%

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (OPEB) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREE HEALTHCARE

#### **Years Ended:**

	1	9/30/2024	9/30/2023	9/30/2022	•	9/30/2021
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	6,779	\$ 6,779	\$ 13,045	\$	13,045
Interest		17,980	17,980	9,628		9,754
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		(44,768)	-	38,165		-
Changes of assumptions		16,180	-	(81,547)		-
Benefit payments		(25,558)	(23,980)	(23,980)		(32,804)
Net changes		(29,387)	779	(44,689)		(10,005)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		382,938	382,159	426,848		436,853
Total OPEB liability - ending	2 \$	353,551	\$ 382,938	\$ 382,159	\$	426,848
Covered employee payroll	\$	2,067,177	\$ 3,307,156	\$ 3,307,156	\$	3,307,156
Fund's net position as a percentage of						
covered employee payroll		17.10%	11.58%	11.56%		12.91%

#### Notes to schedule:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

9/30/2020	. <u> </u>	9/30/2019	. <u>—</u>	9/30/2018				
\$ 11,786	\$	11,786	\$	11,326				
15,971		15,460		15,641				
(9,846)		-		-				
53,744		-		-				
(32,804)		(20,086)		(20,086)				
38,851		7,160		6,881				
398,002		390,842		383,961				
\$ 436,853	2 \$	398,002	2 \$	390,842				
\$ 3,307,156	\$	3,778,438	\$	3,778,438				
13.21%		10.53%		10.34%				

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## COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

This fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on all general obligation bonds and other long-term debt of governmental funds.

#### RADIO TOWER EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT

This fund is used to account for funding received and expenditures used for the replacement of radio tower equipment.

#### FORFIETED PROPERTY

This fund is used to account for forfeitures for use in the Police Department.

#### HOTEL/MOTEL TAX

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the hotel/motel tax receipts as specified by state statute.

#### LEOSE FUND

This fund is used to account for LEOSE grants received for use in the Police Department.

#### **ROAD IMPACT FEES #1**

This fund is used to account for road impact fees collected and expenditures used on roadway construction impacted by development.

#### **ROAD IMPACT FEES #2**

This fund is used to account for road impact fees collected and expenditures used on roadway construction impacted by development.

#### **COURT TECHNOLOGY**

This fund is used to account for funds collected in association with the portion of the court fees which are restricted for use on court technology.

#### RADIO SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

This fund is used to account for funding received and expenditures used for the radio system maintenance.

#### **COURT SECURITY**

This fund is used to account for funds collected in association with the portion of the fees which are restricted for use on court security.

#### CHILD SAFETY

This fund is used to account for funds collected in association with the portion of the fees which are restricted for use in child safety.

#### **COURT EFFICIENCY**

This fund is used to account for funds collected in association with the portion of the fees which are restricted for use on court efficiency.

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

#### **JUVENILE CASE MANAGER**

This fund is used to account for funds collected in association with the portion of the fees which are restricted for use on costs associated with juvenile case manager.

#### TRUANCY COURT

This fund is used to account for funds collected in association with the portion of the fees which are restricted for use on truancy court.

#### LOCAL MUNICIPAL JURY

This fund is used to account for funds collected in association with the portion of the fees which are restricted for use on local municipal jury.

#### **CABLE EDUCATION**

This fund is used to account for funds collected Public, Educational, and Governmental (PEG) fees for use for capital expenditures related to the operation of public, educational, and governmental television channels.

#### **TRANSPORTATION**

This fund is used to account for transportation fees collected and expenditures used on roads impacted by commercial activities.

#### CARES RELIEF ACT

This fund is used to account for funds received from U.S. Department of Treasury for various qualified expenditures associated with the American Relief and Recovery Act Grant.

#### CLEARFORK SECTION 1 SIDEWALK

This fund is used to track funds related to the Clearfork Section 1 Sidewalk project.

#### MAPLE 2201 TRAIL PROJECT

This fund is used to track funds related to the Maple 2201 Trail Project.

#### 2015 CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION

This fund is used to track funds related to the series 2015 Certificates of Obligation.

#### MAPLE STREET PARK IMPROVEMENTS

This fund is used to track funds related to the Maple Street Park Improvements.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2024

	Debt Service Fund		Special Revenue Funds		Pr	Capital oject Funds	Total
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	787,882	\$	5,944,404	\$	1,133,064	\$ 7,865,350
Accounts receivable		141,978		170,962		-	312,940
Prepaid		-		16,050		_	 16,050
Total Assets	\$	929,860	\$	6,131,416	\$	1,133,064	\$ 8,194,340
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	27,600	\$	79,634	\$ 107,234
Accrued liabilities		-		-		2,984	2,984
Due to other funds		-		114,059		-	114,059
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		-		141,659		82,618	224,277
Deferred Inflows/Outflows							
Unavailable revenue-tax		141,979		-		-	141,979
Unavailable revenue-fines		-		8,479		-	8,479
<b>Total Deferred Inflows</b>		141,979		8,479		-	 150,458
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaids		-		16,050		_	16,050
Restricted for:				,			•
Debt service		787,881		-		-	787,881
General government		-		76,482		-	76,482
Public safety		-		30,669		-	30,669
Municipal court		-		150,431		_	150,431
Tourism		-		152,073		_	152,073
Capital projects		-		5,619,314		1,050,446	6,669,760
Unassigned		-		(63,741)		-	(63,741)
Total Fund Balances		787,881		5,981,278		1,050,446	7,819,605
Total Liabilities, Deferred							
Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	929,860	\$	6,131,416	\$	1,133,064	\$ 8,194,340

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

				Special				
		Debt		Revenue		Capital		
	Se	rvice Fund		Funds	Pro	oject Funds		Total
Revenues								
Property tax	\$	1,677,779	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,677,779
Hotel occupancy tax		-		195,313		-		195,313
Fines and forfeitures		-		21,445		-		21,445
License and permits		-		890,486		-		890,486
Charges for services		-		732,320		-		732,320
Intergovernmental		26,308		176,661		-		202,969
Investment income		66,201		251,004		62,845		380,050
Total Revenues		1,770,288		2,269,429		62,845		4,102,562
Expenditures								
General government		-		249,462		-		249,462
Public safety		-		255,476		-		255,476
Public works		-		295,435		61,447		356,882
Debt service:								
Principal		1,285,406		-		-		1,285,406
Interest		373,963		-		-		373,963
Capital outlay		-		-		93,808		93,808
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		1,659,369		800,373		155,255		2,614,997
Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures		110,919		1,469,056		(92,410)		1,487,565
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		378,487		70,730		-		449,217
Transfers (out)		-		(682,082)		-		(682,082)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>								
(Uses)		378,487		(611,352)			_	(232,865)
Net Change in Fund Balances		489,406		857,704		(92,410)		1,254,700
Beginning fund balances		298,475		5,123,574		1,142,856		6,564,905
Ending Fund Balances	\$	787,881	\$	5,981,278	\$	1,050,446	\$	7,819,605
Litating I und Datances	Ψ	707,001	Ψ	0,701,270	Ψ	1,000,440	Ψ	7,017,000

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Page 1 of 2) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2024

	Equ	io Tower upment lacement	orfeited roperty	Hotel/ Motel Tax		LEOSE Fund
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,249	\$ 11,707	\$	161,539	\$ 18,962
Accounts receivable		-	-		25,613	-
Prepaid		-			-	 -
Total Assets	\$	3,249	\$ 11,707	\$	187,152	\$ 18,962
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts payable and accrued liab.	\$	-	\$ _	\$	27,500	\$ -
Due to other funds		-	_		7,579	-
Total Liabilities		-			35,079	-
Deferred Inflows						
Unavailable revenue-fines and fees		_	_		_	_
<b>Total Deferred Inflows</b>		-	-		_	-
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaids		_	_		_	-
Restricted for:						
General government		_	_		_	_
Public safety		_	11,707		_	18,962
Municipal court		_	-		-	, -
Tourism		_	-		152,073	-
Capital projects		3,249	-		, -	-
Unassigned		-	-		-	-
Total Fund Balances		3,249	 11,707		152,073	18,962
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and		· ·	 · ·		· .	 · .
Fund Balances	\$	3,249	\$ 11,707	\$	187,152	\$ 18,962

Ro	Road Impact Fees #1		Road Impact Fees #2		Court chnology	9	Radio System intenance		Court ecurity
\$	2,362,201	\$	1,588,801	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		1,708		4,642		1,947
\$	2,362,201	\$	1,588,801	\$	1,708	\$	4,642	\$	1,947
\$	_	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	100	\$	-	\$	_
•	-	•	-	,	8,771	,	31,217	•	3,647
	-		-		8,871		31,217		3,647
	_		<u>-</u>		1,708		-		1,947
	-		-		1,708				1,947
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	2,362,201		1,588,801		_		_		_
	2,502,201		-		(8,871)		(26,575)		(3,647)
	2,362,201		1,588,801		(8,871)		(26,575)		(3,647)
\$	2,362,201	\$	1,588,801	\$	1,708	\$	4,642	\$	1,947

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Page 2 of 2) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2024

		Child Safety		Court ficiency	Juvenile Case Manager		ruancy Court
<u>Assets</u>			'		 		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	51,696	\$	18,063	\$ 68,988	\$	11,216
Accounts receivable		810		1,726	2,132		121
Prepaid		-		-	-		-
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$	52,506	\$	19,789	\$ 71,120	\$	11,337
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Accounts payable and accrued liab.	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_
Due to other funds		-		-	-		-
<b>Total Liabilities</b>							
Deferred Inflows							
Unavailable revenue-fines and fees		810		1,726	2,132		121
<b>Total Deferred Inflows</b>		810		1,726	2,132		121
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaids		_		_	_		_
Restricted for:							
General government		_		_	_		_
Public safety		_		_	_		_
Municipal court		51,696		18,063	68,988		11,216
Tourism		-		-	<i>-</i>		<i>.</i> -
Capital projects		_		-	-		_
Unassigned		-		-	-		-
Total Fund Balances	-	51,696	-	18,063	 68,988		11,216
Total Liabilities, Deferred		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>		
Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	52,506	\$	19,789	\$ 71,120	\$	11,337

Local Municipal			Cable	CARES							Total Special
J	ury	E	ducation	Trai	nsportation		Prainage	]	Relief Act	Rev	venue Funds
\$	468	\$	69,804	\$	403,228	\$	-	\$	1,174,482	\$	5,944,404
	35		6,678		87,353		38,197		-		170,962
	-		16,050		-		-		-		16,050
\$	503	\$	92,532	\$	490,581	\$	38,197	\$	1,174,482	\$	6,131,416
\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	27,600
4	_	Ψ	-	4	_	4	62,845	4	_	Ψ	114,059
	-						62,845		-		141,659
	25										S 470
	35 35										8,479 8,479
											0,477
	-		16,050		-		-		-		16,050
	-		76,482		-		-		-		76,482
	-		-		-		-		-		30,669
	468		-		-		-		-		150,431
	-		-		-		-		-		152,073
	-		-		490,581		-		1,174,482		5,619,314
			-		-		(24,648)				(63,741)
	468		92,532		490,581		(24,648)		1,174,482		5,981,278
\$	503	\$	92,532	\$	490,581	\$	38,197	\$	1,174,482	\$	6,131,416

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (Page 1 of 2) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Radio Tower Equipment Replacement	Forfeited Property	Hotel/ Motel Tax	LEOSE Fund
Revenues				
Hotel occupancy tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 169,262	\$ -
Fines and forfeitures	-	1,177	-	-
License and permits	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	4,664
Investment income	228	600	10,241	877
Total Revenues	228	1,777	181,703	5,541
<b>Expenditures</b>				
General government	-	-	202,615	-
Public safety	1,102	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	1,102	-	202,615	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(874)	1,777	(20,912)	5,541
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)				
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(874)	1,777	(20,912)	5,541
Beginning fund balances	4,123	9,930	172,985	13,421
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 3,249	\$ 11,707	\$ 152,073	\$ 18,962

Road Impact Fees #1		R	Road Impact Fees #2		Court Technology		Radio System intenance	Court Security		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	-		-		4,208		-		4,504	
	517,373		373,113		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		171,997		-	
	120,694		83,825						160	
	638,067		456,938		4,208		171,997		4,664	
	-		_		11,358		_		13,182	
	-		-		-		254,284		-	
	-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		11,358		254,284		13,182	
						<u>-</u>				
	638,067		456,938		(7,150)		(82,287)		(8,518)	
	-		-				70,730		-	
	-		-		-		-		-	
	-				-		70,730			
	638,067		456,938		(7,150)		(11,557)		(8,518)	
	1,724,134		1,131,863		(1,721)		(15,018)		4,871	
\$	2,362,201	\$	1,588,801	\$	(8,871)	\$	(26,575)	\$	(3,647)	

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (Page 2 of 2) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Child Safety	Court Efficiency	Juvenile Case Manager	Truancy Court
Revenues				
Franchise and local taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fines and forfeitures	1,690	3,572	5,269	929
License and permits	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Investment income	2,867	911	3,739	606
<b>Total Revenues</b>	4,557	4,483	9,008	1,535
<u>Expenditures</u>				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	90	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	-		90	-
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	4,557	4,483	8,918	1,535
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>				
(Uses)		<u>-</u>		
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,557	4,483	8,918	1,535
Beginning fund balances	47,139	13,580	60,070	9,681
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 51,696	\$ 18,063	\$ 68,988	\$ 11,216

Local											
Municipal Cable							CARES	<b>Total Special</b>			
Jury		Ec	lucation	Tran	sportation		Orainage	I	Relief Act	<b>Revenue Funds</b>	
\$	-	\$	26,051	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	195,313
	96		-		-		-		-		21,445
	-		-		-		-		-		890,486
	-		-		510,304		222,016		-		732,320
	-		-		-		-		-		176,661
	-		4,236		20,933		1,087		-		251,004
	96		30,287		531,237		223,103		_		2,269,429
	-		22,307		-		-		-		249,462
	-		-		-		-		-		255,476
	-		-		-		2,686		292,749		295,435
	-		22,307		-		2,686		292,749		800,373
	96		7,980		531,237		220,417		(292,749)		1,469,056
											70 720
	-		-		(400,000)		(202,002)		-		70,730
	_				(400,000)		(282,082)				(682,082)
	_				(400,000)		(282,082)				(611,352)
	96		7,980		131,237		(61,665)		(292,749)		857,704
3	372		84,552		359,344		37,017		1,467,231		5,123,574
\$ 4	168	\$	92,532	\$	490,581	\$	(24,648)	\$	1,174,482	\$	5,981,278

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

**September 30, 2024** 

	Clearfork Section 1 Sidewalk		Maple 2201 Trail Project		2015 Certificates of Obligation	
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,491	\$	15,000	\$	1,063,573
Total Assets	\$	34,491	\$	15,000	\$	1,063,573
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	79,634 2,984
Total Liabilities		_				82,618
Fund Balances Restricted for:						
Capital projects		34,491		15,000		980,955
Total Fund Balances		34,491		15,000		980,955
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	34,491	\$	15,000	\$	1,063,573

#### Maple Street Park

Impr	ovements	 Total				
\$	20,000	\$ 1,133,064				
\$	20,000	\$ 1,133,064				
\$	-	\$ 79,634				
	-	2,984				
	-	82,618				
	20,000	1,050,446				
	20,000	1,050,446				
\$	20,000	\$ 1,133,064				

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Clearfork Section 1 Sidewalk		Maple 2201 Trail Project	2015 ertificates of Obligation
Revenues				
Investment income	\$	- \$	-	\$ 62,845
Total Revenues			-	62,845
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Public works		-	-	61,447
Capital outlay		-	-	93,808
Total Expenditures				155,255
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	(92,410)
Beginning fund balances	34,49	91	15,000	1,073,365
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 34,49	91 \$	15,000	\$ 980,955

#### Maple Street Park

Improvements	 Total
\$ -	\$ 62,845
	62,845
-	61,447
-	93,808
_	155,255
-	(92,410)
20,000	1,142,856
\$ 20,000	\$ 1,050,446

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## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Original & Final Budget		Actual		riance with nal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			 		
Property tax	\$	1,332,182	\$ 1,677,779	\$	345,597
Intergovernmental revenue		24,300	26,308		2,008
Investment income		3,500	66,201		62,701
Total Revenues		1,359,982	1,770,288		410,306
Expenditures  Debt service:					
Principal		-	1,285,406		(1,285,406)
Interest		3,500	 373,963		(370,463)
Total Expenditures		3,500	 1,659,369		(1,655,869) *
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,356,482	 110,919		(1,245,563)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in		378,487	378,487		-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>		378,487	378,487		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	1,734,969	489,406	\$	(1,245,563)
Beginning fund balances			298,475		
Ending Fund Balances			\$ 787,881		

Notes to Other Supplementary Information

<sup>1.</sup> Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

<sup>\*</sup> Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOTEL/MOTEL TAX

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

		riginal &		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Fin	al Budget	 Actual		Negative)	
Revenues						
Hotel occupancy tax	\$	126,420	\$ 169,262	\$	42,842	
Other revenue		-	2,200		2,200	
Investment income		-	10,241		10,241	
Total Revenues		126,420	181,703		55,283	
<u>Expenditures</u>						
General government		40,820	202,615		(161,795)	
Total Expenditures		40,820	 202,615		(161,795) *	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	85,600	(20,912)	\$	(106,512)	
Beginning fund balances			172,985			
Ending Fund Balances			\$ 152,073			

Notes to Other Supplementary Information

<sup>1.</sup> Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

<sup>\*</sup> Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

## COMBINING NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (Page 1 of 2) September 30, 2024

<b>Business-Type</b>	Activities
----------------------	------------

	Sa	Sanitation		Airport		EMS
<u>Assets</u>						
<b>Current Assets</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	608,358	\$	354,243	\$	-
Accounts receivable, net		363,306		500		814,850
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		971,664		354,743		814,850
Noncurrent Assets Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable		120,409		72,161		-
Net depreciable capital assets		61,983		1,108,810		542,271
<b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>		182,392	•	1,180,971	•	542,271
Total Assets		1,154,056		1,535,714		1,357,121
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension outflows-TMRS		26,998		-		230,146
OPEB outflows-TMRS		176		-		1,497
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		27,174		-		231,643

### Business-Type Activities

	100111100					
Total						
\$	962,601					
	1,178,656					
	2,141,257					
	192,570					
	1,713,064					
	1,905,634					
	4,046,891					
	257,144					
	1,673					
	258,817					

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (Page 2 of 2) September 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities						
	Sanitation			Airport		EMS	
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	142,671	\$	405	\$	97,481	
Accrued liabilities		10,013		826		-	
Customer deposits		50		4,950		-	
Compensated absences, current		5,790		712		24,491	
Lease payable, current		3,276		-		-	
Due to other funds		-		-		48,531	
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		161,800		6,893		170,503	
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Compensated absences, noncurrent		643		79		2,721	
Net pension liability		70,319		-		599,435	
OPEB liability-TMRS		6,680		-		56,928	
OPEB liability-Retiree healthcare		6,037		-		-	
<b>Total Noncurrent Liabilities</b>		83,679		79		659,084	
Total Liabilities		245,479		6,972		829,587	
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>							
Pension inflows-TMRS		4,747		-		40,461	
OPEB inflows-TMRS		1,394		-		11,877	
OPEB inflows-retiree healthcare		605		-		-	
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		6,746		-		52,338	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		179,116		1,180,971		542,271	
Unrestricted		749,889		347,771		164,568	
Total Net Position	\$	929,005	\$	1,528,742	\$	706,839	

#### Business-Type Activities

Activities				
7	<b>Total</b>			
\$	240,557			
	10,839			
	5,000			
	30,993			
	3,276			
	48,531			
	339,196			
	3,443			
	669,754			
	63,608			
	6,037			
	742,842			
	1,082,038			
	45,208			
	13,271			
	605			
	59,084			
	1,902,358			
	1,262,228			
\$	3,164,586			

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

<b>D</b>	•	A	•
K11C1	nocc- I	pe Activit	100
Dus	111C33-1 V	pe Activit	103

		Sa	Sanitation Airport			EMS	
Operating Revenues		_				_	
Charges for services		\$	2,083,734	\$	132,073	\$	1,542,597
Other revenue			27,725		122.072		69,193
Total Operating Reven	ues		2,111,459		132,073		1,611,790
Operating Expenses							
Personnel services			188,050		11,259		2,122,983
Supplies			4,471		-		-
Maintenance and repairs			1,675,214		4,940		80,703
Contractual services			9,864		14,333		58,288
Depreciation			22,363		55,849		127,913
Total Operating Exper	ises		1,899,962		86,381		2,389,887
Operating Income (Lo	oss)		211,497		45,692		(778,097)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							4.704
Intergovernmental			_		-		4,784
Investment earnings			41,693		16,840		12,987
Interest expense			(234)				
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expen	ses)		41,459		16,840		17,771
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions	and						
Trans	fers		252,956		62,532		(760,326)
<b>Capital Contributions and Transfers</b>							
Capital grants			25,000		-		-
Transfers (out)			(322,182)		-		-
<b>Total Capital Contributions and Trans</b>	fers		(296,561)		-		-
Change in Net Posit	ion		(43,605)		62,532		(760,326)
Beginning net position			972,610		1,466,210		1,467,165
Ending Net Posit	tion	\$	929,005	\$	1,528,742	\$	706,839

### Business-Type Activities

Total					
\$	3,758,404				
Ψ	96,918				
	3,855,322				
	2,322,292				
	4,471				
	1,760,857				
	82,485				
	206,125 4,376,230				
	4,370,230				
	(520,908)				
	4,784				
	71,520				
	(234)				
	76,070				
	(444,838)				
	25,000				
	(322,182)				
	(296,561)				
	(741,399)				
	3,905,985				
\$	3,164,586				

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

### PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Page 1 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

Business-Type A	Activities
-----------------	------------

			J F	
	Sanitation		Airport	EMS
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Payments to employees	\$	(199,205)	\$ (11,107)	\$ (1,618,713)
Payments to suppliers		(1,695,442)	(21,491)	(151,018)
Receipts from customers		2,051,983	132,073	1,580,447
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		157,336	99,475	(189,284)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Intergovernmental		-	-	4,784
Transfers in		621	-	-
Transfers (out)		(322,182)	-	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing		(321,561)		4,784
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activit	<u>ies</u>			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-	-	(134,567)
Capital contributions		25,000	-	-
Principal paid on capital debt		(6,234)	-	(17,391)
Interest paid on capital debt		(234)	-	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related				
Financing Activities		18,532	 	 (151,958)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Interest on investments		41,693	16,840	12,987
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		41,693	16,840	12,987
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash		(104,000)	116,315	(323,471)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents		712,358	 237,928	323,471
<b>Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	\$	608,358	\$ 354,243	\$ 

## **Business-Type**

A stirition					
Activities					
Total					
\$ (1,829,025)					
(1,867,951)					
3,764,503					
67,527					
4,784					
621					
(322,182)					
(316,777)					
(134,567)					
25,000					
(23,625)					
(234)					
(133,426)					
71,520					
71,520					
(311,156)					
1,273,757					

\$

962,601

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

 $PROPRIETARY\,FUNDS\,(Page\,2\,of\,2)$ 

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities						
	Sanitation		A	Airport		EMS	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)							
to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities							
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	211,497	\$	45,692	\$	(778,097)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating							
income (loss) to net cash provided (used):							
Depreciation		22,363		55,849		127,913	
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:							
(Increase) Decrease in:							
Accounts receivable		(59,476)		-		(31,343)	
Deferred outflows:							
Pension		31,062		-		(230,146)	
OPEB		395		-		(1,497)	
Increase (Decrease) in:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(687)		(2,218)		(60,558)	
Accrued interest		(5,206)		-		-	
Due to other funds		-		-		48,531	
Compensated absences		2,850		152		27,212	
Deferred inflows:							
Pension		4,747		-		40,461	
OPEB		(944)		-		11,877	
Net pension liability		(47,009)		-		599,435	
OPEB liability		(2,256)		-		56,928	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	157,336	\$	99,475	\$	(189,284)	

## Business-Type Activities

1	Activities
	Total
\$	(520,908)
	206,125
	(90,819)
	(199,084)
	(1,102)
	(63,463)
	(5,206)
	48,531
	30,214
	45,208
	10,933
	552,426
	54,672
\$	67,527

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# COMBINING STATEMENTS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUSTS

September 30, 2024

	 Glosserman Trust		Brock Cabin Trust		otal
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 611	\$	12	\$	623
Total Assets	\$ 611	\$	12	\$	623
Net Position Restricted for: Various purposes Total Net Position	\$ 611	\$	12 12	\$	623 623

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUSTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

			Brock	c Cabin		
	Trust		Trust		T	otal
Additions						
Investment income	\$	34	\$		\$	34
Total Additions		34		-		34
Net Change in Net Position		34		-		34
Beginning Net Position		577		12		589
Ending Net Position	¢	611	\$	12	\$	623
Ending Net Position	Ф	011	Ф	12	Ф	023

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

September 30, 2024

	Confiscated		Unclaimed		Bicycle		
	P	roperty	P	roperty	H	Ielmet	Total
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	46,220	\$	11,717	\$	1,613	\$ 59,550
Prepaids		-		1,211		-	1,211
Total Assets	\$	46,220	\$	12,928	\$	1,613	\$ 60,761
			-				
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Due to other funds		17,447		11,789		1,117	30,353
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		17,447		11,789		1,117	 30,353
Net Position							
Restricted for:							
Various purposes		28,773		1,139		496	30,408
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	28,773	\$	1,139	\$	496	\$ 30,408

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

### For the Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Cor	Confiscated		Unclaimed		icycle	
	Pı	operty	Property		Helmet		Total
Additions							
Investment income	\$	2,533	\$	55	\$	134	\$ 2,722
Other revenue		4,982		225		0	5,207
Total Additions		7,515		280	134		7,929
Net Change in Net Position		7,515		280		134	7,929
Beginning Net Position		21,258		859		362	22,479
<b>Ending Net Position</b>	\$	28,773	\$	1,139	\$	496	\$ 30,408

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#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents Page
Financial Trends 156

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity 167

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property tax.

Debt Capacity 186

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### Demographic and Economic Information

191

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

#### **Operating Information**

194

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

#### **NET POSITION BY COMPONENT**

## Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 16,376,825	\$ 15,001,030	\$ 14,162,688	\$ 13,774,228
Restricted	1,211,989	1,093,907	1,141,195	1,396,101
Unrestricted	1,328,814	2,137,425	1,886,148	1,823,314
Total governmental activities net				
position	\$ 18,917,628	\$ 18,232,362	\$ 17,190,031	\$ 16,993,643
Business-type activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 15,283,769	\$ 15,074,665	\$ 16,507,663	\$ 16,961,238
Restricted	1,023,082	1,071,089	1,163,687	1,421,535
Unrestricted	5,315,836	7,979,875	7,489,601	8,791,362
Total business-type activities net				
position	\$ 21,622,687	\$ 24,125,629	\$ 25,160,951	\$ 27,174,135
Primary government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 31,660,594	\$ 30,075,695	\$ 30,670,351	\$ 30,735,466
Restricted	2,235,071	2,164,996	2,304,882	2,817,636
Unrestricted	6,644,650	10,117,300	9,375,749	10,614,676
	\$ 40,540,315	\$ 42,357,991	\$ 42,350,982	\$ 44,167,778

#### (1) Accrual basis of accounting

#### NOTES:

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" in fiscal year 2015. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this standard.

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" in fiscal year 2018. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this new standard.

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ 12,648,711	\$ 12,104,249	\$ 11,816,033	\$ 11,546,567	\$ 17,776,524	\$ 18,662,311
1,571,133	1,603,237	3,598,451	3,362,595	6,072,719	7,465,102
1,972,882	3,557,222	3,915,790	7,463,394	7,537,491	10,291,023
\$ 16,192,726	\$ 17,264,708	\$ 19,330,274	\$ 22,372,556	\$ 31,386,734	\$ 36,418,436
\$ 17,492,757	\$ 16,579,735	\$ 15,721,677	\$ 15,404,957	\$ 19,452,608	\$ 18,379,583
1,661,480	2,034,582	2,008,737	2,626,781	5,182,714	8,202,139
9,434,557	8,506,993	6,885,849	6,709,920	7,675,992	6,822,467
\$ 28,588,794	\$ 27,121,310	\$ 24,616,263	\$ 24,741,658	\$ 32,311,314	\$ 33,404,189
\$ 30,141,468	\$ 28,683,984	\$ 27,537,710	\$ 26,951,524	\$ 37,229,132	\$ 37,041,894
3,232,613	3,637,819	5,607,188	5,989,376	11,255,433	15,667,241
11,407,439	12,064,215	10,801,639	14,173,314	15,213,483	17,113,490
\$ 44,781,520	\$ 44,386,018	\$ 43,946,537	\$ 47,114,214	\$ 63,698,048	\$ 69,822,625

### **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

## Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Governmental activities				
Expenses				
General government	\$ 2,476,203	\$ 1,879,383	\$ 2,083,166	\$ 2,045,364
Public safety	5,626,336	5,230,470	5,086,371	5,401,024
Public works	2,448,572	2,586,206	2,644,292	3,084,192
Health and welfare	13,489	17,068	22,137	16,326
Culture and recreation	964,757	933,135	1,006,038	1,077,697
Community development	-	-	-	-
Interest on long-term debt	612,529	621,121	459,629	441,769
Total governmental activities expenses	12,141,886	11,267,383	11,301,633	12,066,372
Program revenues				
Charges for services				
General government	1,131,977	191,100	181,313	223,254
Public safety	1,531,653	330,826	334,769	1,005,749
Public works	-	723,832	549,097	423,575
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	28,878	33,926	32,699	37,991
Community development	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions	391,200	615,542	202,393	566,039
Capital grants and contributions				278,000
Total program revenues	3,083,708	1,895,226	1,300,271	2,534,608
Total governmental activities net				
program expense	\$ (9,058,178)	\$ (9,372,157)	\$ (10,001,362)	\$ (9,531,764)
General Revenues and Other Changes in				
Net Position				
Taxes				
Property taxes, general	2,975,409	3,016,649	3,217,538	3,620,758
Property taxes, debt service	561,588	687,845	692,161	704,442
Sales taxes	1,484,020	1,478,065	1,549,695	1,650,931
Franchise taxes	325,911	316,353	312,433	357,278
Other taxes	106,712	132,234	96,529	106,756
Unrestricted investment earnings	23,881	59,851	99,353	190,320
Gain on sale of capital assets	20,001	-	-	-
Other revenue	493,852	239,590	289,291	192,281
Transfers	2,356,889	2,448,575	2,896,410	3,094,654
Total general revenues and other changes	,,	, , ==,==	, 32 3, == 0	-,,
net position	8,328,262	8,379,162	9,153,410	9,917,420
Total governmental activities change in	-,,		-,-00,110	-,- 1.,120
net position	\$ (729,916)	\$ (992,995)	\$ (847,952)	\$ 385,656

 2019		2020	2021	2022	2023	 2024
\$ 2,232,343	\$	2,455,580	\$ 1,931,497	\$ 1,967,143	\$ 2,165,947	\$ 2,383,519
5,799,256		5,703,143	6,202,140	6,168,414	6,937,475	6,628,423
3,552,691		3,153,763	2,970,230	2,684,964	2,930,612	2,826,765
18,250		144,615	26,352	23,439	18,264	42,956
1,041,842		1,052,444	683,483	1,215,110	1,481,117	1,632,347
_		-	1,189,072	905,103	2,003,675	1,963,799
415,242		391,300	371,174	390,198	396,858	348,098
13,059,624		12,900,845	13,373,948	13,354,371	15,933,948	15,825,907
601,870		730,384	-	-	-	-
295,192		355,773	366,887	208,287	248,067	263,661
291,604		358,837	649,986	664,402	688,987	732,320
-		_	-	-	_	-
29,589		8,943	88,883	251,869	163,321	207,149
-		-	650,521	852,003	2,298,116	2,546,060
579,539		1,037,366	2,485,671	2,205,060	472,563	475,639
96,263		257,055	177,865	211,854	6,386,889	171,997
1,894,057		2,748,358	4,419,813	4,393,475	10,257,943	4,396,826
\$ (11,165,567)	\$ (	10,152,487)	\$ (8,954,135)	\$ (8,960,896)	\$ (5,676,005)	\$ (11,429,081)
3,914,885		4,276,918	4,555,926	4,848,005	5,373,699	5,932,445
697,336		714,253	694,121	953,087	1,740,778	1,677,779
1,767,048		1,992,939	2,143,239	2,392,769	2,712,526	3,009,942
360,589		349,849	398,205	395,527	352,616	456,696
111,841		102,063	113,504	189,491	230,233	169,262
283,700		119,746	20,739	125,718	893,878	1,083,776
-		-	2,110	-	34,000	7,300
184,509		233,319	100,720	213,151	249,470	78,824
3,044,742		3,145,528	 2,991,137	 2,885,430	 3,102,983	 4,044,759
 10,364,650		10,934,615	 11,019,701	 12,003,178	 14,690,183	 16,460,783
\$ (800,917)	\$	782,128	\$ 2,065,566	\$ 3,042,282	\$ 9,014,178	\$ 5,031,702

### **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

### Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	
Business-type activities					
Expenses					
Electric	\$ 9,753,464	\$ 8,664,234	\$ 8,722,211	\$ 9,132,038	
Water	3,258,446	3,257,979	3,545,084	3,428,101	
Wastewater	1,849,338	2,089,407	1,824,111	1,281,066	
Sanitation	1,166,275	1,215,636	1,345,466	1,461,111	
Airport	82,646	69,911	76,438	100,130	
EMS	-	1,230,254	1,289,014	1,334,506	
Total business-type expenses	16,110,169	16,527,421	16,802,324	16,736,952	
Program revenues					
Charges for services					
Electric	12,039,498	10,974,720	11,444,388	12,238,369	
Water	3,090,312	3,100,239	3,287,603	3,336,689	
Wastewater	2,195,102	2,265,298	2,578,386	2,339,875	
Sanitation	1,402,428	1,464,121	1,593,359	1,708,812	
Airport	68,520	68,927	71,489	71,433	
EMS	-	2,007,847	1,354,810	1,438,174	
Operating grants and contributions	11,821	-	7,016	24,925	
Capital grants and contributions		1,042,796	195,261		
Total business-type program revenues	18,807,681	20,923,948	20,532,312	21,158,277	
Total business-type activities net program					
expense	\$ 2,697,512	\$ 4,396,527	\$ 3,729,988	\$ 4,421,325	
General revenues and other changes in net					
position					
Impact fees	255,462	263,817	83,585	244,561	
Unrestricted investment earnings	21,733	61,357	118,159	236,101	
Other revenue	6,858	-	-	23,598	
Transfers	(2,356,889)	(2,448,575)	(2,896,410)	(3,094,654)	
Total general revenues and other changes	(2.072.92()	(2.122.401)	(2 (04 ((()	(2 500 204)	
in net position	(2,072,836)	(2,123,401)	(2,694,666)	(2,590,394)	
Total business-type activities change in	¢ (24.070	ф <b>ЭЭ</b> ТЭ 197	ф 1 02E 222	ф 1 000 001	
net position	\$ 624,676	\$ 2,273,126	\$ 1,035,322	\$ 1,830,931	
Total primary government change in	ф (10 <b>5 0</b> 40)	ф. <b>1.2</b> 00.424	ф 107.050	ф <b>2.2</b> 17.505	
net position	\$ (105,240)	\$ 1,280,131	\$ 187,370	\$ 2,216,587	

2019	 2020	2021		2022		2023	2024
\$ 9,242,068	\$ 8,564,816	\$ 11,350,044	\$	9,978,485	\$	10,884,211	\$ 11,167,367
3,224,639	3,908,621	5,066,674		5,565,359		6,401,698	7,021,330
1,370,942	1,444,482	1,635,537		1,805,990		1,589,668	1,697,831
1,553,603	1,592,412	1,690,298		1,615,564		1,797,864	1,900,196
78,258	80,607	76,546		93,143		283,503	86,381
1,383,128	1,407,549	1,408,385		1,425,088		1,507,988	2,389,887
16,852,638	16,998,487	21,227,484		20,483,629		22,464,932	24,262,992
12,193,929	11,039,153	11,560,085		12,608,272		13,153,265	13,007,971
3,267,558	3,555,391	3,758,322		4,132,398		5,672,000	6,413,438
2,278,003	2,277,346	2,478,077		2,880,275		3,951,370	4,623,307
1,872,719	1,981,863	2,040,494		1,906,522		1,944,417	2,083,734
89,059	82,809	85,953		92,532		102,387	132,073
978,097	1,071,931	1,136,903		1,414,727		1,780,405	1,542,597
68,272	44,680	-	-		1,133,983		6,111
-	23,750	 432,657		196,038		4,519,241	47,000
 20,747,637	 20,076,923	21,492,491		23,230,764		32,257,068	27,856,231
\$ 3,894,999	\$ 3,078,436	\$ 265,007	\$	2,747,135	\$	9,792,136	\$ 3,593,239
195,808	296,093	-		-		-	-
368,594	164,183	21,947		114,001		841,201	1,131,268
-	8,552	199,136		149,689		39,302	106,454
 (3,044,742)	 (3,145,528)	 (2,991,137)		(2,885,430)		(3,102,983)	 (4,044,759)
 (2,480,340)	 (2,676,700)	 (2,770,054)		(2,621,740)		(2,222,480)	 (2,807,037)
\$ 1,414,659	\$ 401,736	\$ (2,505,047)	\$	125,395	\$	7,569,656	\$ 786,202
\$ 613,742	\$ 1,183,864	\$ (439,481)	\$	3,167,677	\$	16,583,834	\$ 5,817,904

### FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2015		2016		2017		2018
General Fund							
Nonspendable							
Prepaid items	\$	23,103	\$ 15,728	\$	23,642	\$	37,870
Inventory		14,578	13,699		11,272		11,563
Restricted		91,955	-		-		-
Committed		602,435	604,252		609,054		553,877
Unassigned		3,196,967	3,423,228		3,897,547		4,451,131
Total general fund	\$	3,929,038	\$ 4,056,907	\$	4,541,515	\$	5,054,441
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable							
Prepaid items	\$	2,673	\$ 4,512	\$	680	\$	2,765
Restricted							
Debt service		362,919	278,089		285,621		240,674
Special revenue funds		757,115	-		-		-
General government		-	627,417		664,319		35,067
Public safety		-	180,153		206,068		227,044
Municipal court		-	-		-		-
Tourism		-	8,248		8,485		2,721
Public works		-	-		-		903,976
Various capital projects		8,386,106	6,792,536		5,160,201		4,531,457
Unassigned		_			_		_
Total all other governmental funds	\$	9,508,813	\$ 7,890,955	\$	6,325,374	\$	5,943,704

 2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024
\$ 30,627	\$	27,327	\$	610,955	\$	31,193	\$	24,887	\$	1,269,025
13,572		9,350		17,718		26,240		1,285,605		16,319
· -		-		234,613		2,671,686		1,628,105		1,725,044
574,446		308,539		309,050		311,949		330,202		349,932
5,103,853	(	6,673,086		6,506,302		7,838,447		9,138,171		11,065,775
\$ 5,722,498		7,018,302		7,678,638	\$	10,879,515	\$	12,406,970	\$	14,426,095
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,227	\$	16,050
203,016		115,835		_		_		298,475		787,881
-		-		_		_		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-
46,502		59,773		63,160		69,453		84,552		76,482
206,600		179,496		18,994		20,649		23,351		30,669
-		-		118,506		126,794		135,713		150,431
6,637		64,016		98,198		130,191		172,985		152,073
1,073,692		1,063,841		-		, -		, -		, -
3,437,195		2,914,631		5,857,283		6,962,353		5,866,568		6,669,760
(3,523)		(323,955)		(87,431)		(138,743)		(26,966)		(63,741)
\$ 4,970,119	\$ 4	1,073,637	\$	6,068,710	\$	7,170,697	\$	6,564,905	\$	7,819,605
			_		_		_		_	

### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2015		2016		2017		2018
D.								
Revenues	ф	2 521 500	ф	2 757 254	ф	2.071.201	ф	4 252 925
Property taxes	\$	3,531,590	\$	3,757,254	\$	3,971,301	\$	4,352,825
Sales and other taxes		1,916,643		1,921,425		1,990,221		2,114,965
Franchise and local taxes		1 001 040		1 115 000		007.070		1 227 557
Fines, fees and forfeitures		1,021,043		1,115,233		927,273		1,227,557
Licenses and permits		288,438		173,641		125,761		192,622
Charges for services		1,383,027		104.400		202.202		450.604
Intergovernmental and grants		391,200		184,438		202,393		458,624
Investment		23,881 493,852		59,851 550,390		99,353 288,003		190,320
Other revenue								323,296
Total revenues		9,049,674		7,762,232		7,604,305		8,860,209
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		1,946,091		1,853,485		1,847,858		1,933,687
Public safety		5,767,328		4,680,022		4,751,069		5,212,519
Public works		930,794		1,069,441		1,168,180		1,727,405
Health and welfare		11,970		12,138		17,207		11,396
Culture and recreation		880,443		834,815		890,047		949,731
Community development		-		-		-		-
Debt service								
Principal retirement		358,092		855,322		587,160		601,470
Interest and fiscal charges		825,385		566,342		500,948		483,207
Paying agent and issue costs		132,458		151,889		1,200		1,000
Capital outlay		665,475		1,589,287		1,818,019		828,872
Total expenditures		11,518,036		11,612,741		11,581,688		11,749,287
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(2,468,362)		(3,850,509)		(3,977,383)		(2,889,078)
Other financing sources (uses)		_						
Debt issued		7,700,735		4,887,402				
Premium on issuance of bonds		278,388		593,157		_		_
Payment to escrow		270,300		(5,455,484)		_		_
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		(3,433,404)		_		_
Transfers in		2,958,448		3,451,810		3,440,098		3,688,600
Transfers out		(601,559)		(1,003,235)		(543,688)		(593,946)
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,336,012		2,473,650		2,896,410		3,094,654
Change in fund balances	\$	7,867,650	\$	(1,376,859)	\$	(1,080,973)	\$	205,576
6		<u> </u>			_	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	_	· ·
Debt service as a percentage of								
noncapital expenditures		10.91%		14.68%		11.64%		10.42%

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
				<b>. .</b>	
\$ 4,676,453	\$ 5,028,375	\$ 5,274,506	\$ 5,748,229	\$ 7,010,249	\$ 7,423,752
2,239,478	2,444,852	2,143,239	2,392,769	2,712,526	3,009,942
		511,709	585,018	582,849	625,958
1,127,998	1,190,406	414,578	275,647	236,897	219,056
142,721	243,196	650,521	852,003	2,298,116	2,546,060
2,200	2,200	738,869	916,271	852,308	939,469
554,354	866,355	3,061,756	2,379,234	647,533	647,636
283,700	119,746	20,739	125,718	893,878	1,083,776
275,443	223,199	186,781	235,092	249,470	76,197
9,302,347	10,118,329	13,002,698	13,509,981	15,483,826	16,571,846
2,107,937	2,333,952	1,777,924	2,121,509	1,899,022	2,226,415
5,631,506	5,579,302	6,052,616	6,066,612	6,530,409	7,289,495
1,601,001	1,948,586	1,571,151	913,011	2,914,291	2,673,775
13,320	139,685	20,539	35,312	9,086	33,778
912,739	1,150,716	1,022,863	1,038,803	1,803,531	1,474,707
-	-	707,075	955,377	1,933,286	1,993,255
690,799	727,163	797,305	1,006,761	1,416,609	1,483,572
456,409	432,504	413,447	393,470	434,928	401,807
800	800	-	25,220	-	-
1,238,106	551,827	1,442,886	2,189,333	757,984	93,808
12,652,617	12,864,535	13,805,806	14,745,408	17,699,146	17,670,612
(3,350,270)	(2,746,206)	(803,108)	(1,235,427)	(2,215,320)	(1,098,766)
-	-	383,923	2,652,861	-	320,532
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	251,942	-	34,000	7,300
3,796,267	4,360,894	3,793,615	3,644,993	4,694,559	4,797,571
(751,525)	(1,215,366)	(802,478)	(759,563)	(1,591,576)	(752,812)
3,044,742	3,145,528	3,627,002	5,538,291	3,136,983	4,372,591
\$ (305,528)	\$ 399,322	\$ 2,823,894	\$ 4,302,864	\$ 921,663	\$ 3,273,825
10.23%	10.14%	9.79%	11.15%	12.48%	12.73%

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## TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten fiscal years

Fiscal		Penalty						
Year	Ad Valorem	and Interest	Sales	Franchise	Hotel/Motel	Other	Total	
2015	\$ 3,487,044	\$ 44,546	\$ 1,479,056	\$ 325,911	\$ 100,522	\$ 11,154	\$ 5,448,233	
2016	3,704,494	43,744	1,478,065	339,459	90,542	22,375	5,678,679	
2017	3,909,699	58,868	1,549,695	336,068	87,766	19,426	5,961,522	
2018	4,304,798	48,027	1,650,931	357,278	82,180	24,576	6,467,790	
2019	4,620,916	55,537	1,767,048	360,589	87,078	24,763	6,915,931	
2020	4,959,883	68,493	1,992,939	349,849	78,696	23,367	7,473,227	
2021	5,214,552	59,954	2,143,239	335,952	101,455	34,957	7,890,109	
2022	5,702,530	45,699	2,392,769	379,331	160,799	44,888	8,726,016	
2023	6,965,985	44,264	2,712,526	352,616	157,865	72,368	10,305,624	
2024	7,349,874	73,878	3,009,942	376,431	169,262	80,265	11,059,652	

## ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE Last Ten fiscal years

		Real	Real Property						<b>Total Taxable</b>
Fiscal	Tax	Residential	No	n-Residential	Personal		Less: Tax Exempt	Assessed Value	
Year	Roll	Property		Property	Property	M	inerals	Real Property	Before Freeze
2015	2014	\$ 449,920,448	\$	132,450,610	\$ 53,836,070	\$	5,040	\$ 139,636,140	\$ 496,576,028
2016	2015	469,313,930	•	135,525,093	55,579,530		7,091	141,581,487	518,844,157
2017	2016	482,454,757		141,155,970	53,621,290		7,091	144,119,120	533,119,988
2018	2017	544,551,915		189,973,297	54,203,240		11,626	178,676,169	610,063,909
2019	2018	574,119,621		214,527,344	57,249,280		10,524	175,188,050	670,718,719
2020	2019	553,623,275		326,454,397	58,419,990		10,732	206,639,213	731,869,181
2021	2020	500,446,323		515,158,254	59,064,726		21,096	227,088,388	847,602,011
2022	2021	511,111,983		616,467,277	65,657,280		17,930	245,069,989	948,184,481
2023	2022	561,413,032		801,995,634	70,548,270		40,048	208,291,212	1,225,705,772
2024	2023	875,957,477		1,077,096,310	82,319,610		54,258	587,380,672	1,448,046,983

NOTE: Property in the City is reassessed annually. The City assesses property at 100% of actual taxable value for all types of real and personal property. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

SOURCE: Caldwell County Appraisal District

Total	Freeze	Total Direct	_	Estimated Fax Levy			_	Estimated Fax Levy	Assessed Value as a		
Freeze	Adjusted	Tax		Before		Freeze	I	ncluding	Percentage of		
Taxable	Taxable	Rate	Fre	Freeze Ceiling		Freeze Ceiling Cei		Ceiling	Freeze Ceiling		Actual Value
\$ (74,867,624)	\$ 421,708,404	\$ 0.7227	\$	3,047,687	\$	480,236	\$	3,527,923	100.00%		
(73,449,458)	445,394,699	0.7333		3,266,079		466,371		3,732,450	100.00%		
(82,590,348)	450,529,640	0.7333		3,303,734		536,304		3,840,038	100.00%		
(99,921,193)	510,142,716	0.7260		3,703,636		604,104		4,307,740	100.00%		
(102,926,905)	567,791,814	0.7107		4,035,296		593,298		4,628,594	100.00%		
(118,099,443)	613,769,738	0.6842		4,199,413		839,333		5,038,746	100.00%		
(141,846,213)	705,755,798	0.6354		4,484,372		700,459		5,184,831	100.00%		
(160,899,077)	787,285,404	0.6354		5,002,411		763,355		5,765,766	100.00%		
(183,911,400)	1,041,794,372	0.6006		6,257,017		813,637		7,070,654	100.00%		
(220,920,340)	1,227,126,643	0.5348		6,562,673		921,166		7,483,840	100.00%		

## DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE

#### Last Ten tax years

**Overlapping Rates** 

0.0225

0.0205

0.0145

0.0140

0.7430

0.6718

0.4691

0.4390

0.0001

0.0001

0.0001

0.0001

2.0487

1.8429

1.4555

1.4235

Plum Creek Plum Creek Tax Debt General Lockhart Underground Conservation Caldwell Farm to Water Year Service Fund **ISD District** County Market Rd **Total Total** 2015 \$ 0.115 \$ 0.608 \$ 0.723 \$ 1.180 \$ 0.022 \$ 0.022 0.691 0.000 \$ 1.914 2016 0.1150 0.6077 0.7227 1.4291 0.0220 0.0220 0.6905 0.0001 2.1637 2017 0.1366 0.5967 0.7333 1.3305 0.0225 0.7174 0.0215 0.0001 2.0920 2018 0.1300 0.6033 0.7333 1.3324 0.0215 0.0230 0.7752 0.0001 2.1522 1.3324 2019 0.1183 0.6077 0.7260 0.0214 0.0232 0.7752 0.0001 2.1523 2020 0.6031 1.3324 0.0232 0.10760.71070.02140.7752 0.0001 2.1523

0.0207

0.0208

0.0149

0.0158

SOURCE: Caldwell County Tax Office

0.5862

0.5521

0.4136

0.4067

0.6842

0.6354

0.5348

0.5093

1.2624

1.1297

0.9569

0.9546

0.0980

0.0833

0.1212

0.1026

2021

2022

2023

2024

**City Direct Rates** 

### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

**Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)** 

2	n	7	1
_	υ	4	4

	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Valuation
Taxpayer	 valuation	Assessed valuation
Exeter 130 Cahill LP	\$ 22,125,000	1.53%
Wal-Mart Stores Texas LP	15,577,640	1.08%
Blackjack Block I LLC	11,325,860	0.78%
Economy Realty LTD	11,127,270	0.77%
Pilot-Legacy Stanton LLC	10,865,682	0.75%
LCRA Transmission Srvcs Corp	8,116,830	0.56%
Lockhart Village Partners LP	7,709,625	0.53%
Sunchase Square Apartments LLC	7,480,224	0.52%
PHX15 LLC	7,128,346	0.49%
H E Butt Grocery	 6,804,414	0.47%
	\$ 108,260,891	7.48%

#### 2015

		Taxable Assessed	Percentage of Total City Taxable
Taxpayer		Valuation	Assessed Valuation
Wal-Mart Stores Texas	\$	7,200,980	1.45%
Economy Realty, LTD		7,042,310	1.42%
Lockhart DMA Housing LLC		4,439,630	0.89%
LCRA Transmission Svc. Corp		4,222,900	0.85%
Dormae Products, Inc		3,850,910	0.78%
Hazelett Drilling		2,983,460	0.60%
Lockhart Village Partners LP		2,952,585	0.59%
Pegasus Schools Inc		2,674,540	0.54%
H E Butt Grocery		2,513,360	0.51%
Tri-State Facilities Lockhart, LLC		2,403,780	0.48%
	\$	40,284,455	8.11%

SOURCE: Municipal Advisory Council (MAC)

### PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten fiscal years

Taxes Levied for the								Collections within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			
Fiscal	F	iscal Year				Total			Percentage		
Year	(Or	iginal Levy)	Adj	ustments	Adjusted Levy		Amount		of Levy		
2015	\$	3,511,080	\$	(3,381)	\$	3,507,699	\$	3,412,941	97.30%		
2016		3,712,656		(4,330)		3,708,326		3,620,368	97.63%		
2017		3,896,845		(18,278)		3,878,567		3,798,713	97.94%		
2018		4,295,180		38,534		4,333,714		4,226,010	97.51%		
2019		4,608,371		(7,833)		4,600,538		4,515,714	98.16%		
2020		5,013,498		(10,968)		5,002,530		4,881,568	97.58%		
2021		5,196,719		7,716		5,204,435		5,094,484	97.89%		
2022		5,752,038		(4,250)		5,747,788		5,620,206	97.78%		
2023		7,059,211		(20,258)		7,038,953		6,850,466	97.32%		
2024		7,497,410		(31,983)		7,465,427		7,179,863	96.17%		

NOTES: Collections do not include penalty and interest.

The information above is presented to illustrate the City's ability to collect the amount it levies for a fiscal yer, rather than provide a detailed breakdown of the revenue recognized in a fiscal year.

SOURCE: Caldwell County Tax Office

Co	ollections	<b>Total Collections to Date</b>				
in S	ubsequent			Percentage	Un	collected
	Years		Amount	of Levy	Balance	
	_	'				
\$	82,367	\$	3,495,308	99.65%	\$	12,391
	75,785		3,696,153	99.67%		12,173
	66,018		3,864,731	99.64%		13,836
	93,129		4,319,139	99.66%		14,575
	70,364		4,586,078	99.69%		14,460
	98,473		4,980,041	99.55%		22,489
	74,433		5,168,917	99.32%		35,518
	63,191		5,683,397	98.88%		64,391
	47,668		6,898,134	98.00%		140,819
	-		7,179,863	96.17%		285,564

#### ELECTRIC PURCHASED AND CONSUMED

Last Ten fiscal years

	KWH	KWH		KWH	Average		irect Rate ctric
Fiscal	Electric	Electric		Electric	Percent	Base	Usage
Year	Purchased	 Consumed		Unbilled	Unbilled	Rate	Rate
2015	\$ 113,918,033	\$ 104,171,535	\$	9,746,498	9%	10.82	0.0202
2016	112,447,919	101,868,831		10,579,088	9%	11.32	0.0190
2017	114,910,305	104,995,443		9,914,862	9%	22.20	0.0190
2018	122,944,319	114,446,577		8,497,742	7%	22.60	0.0216
2019	122,837,459	114,115,638		8,721,821	7%	23.10	0.0216
2020	120,845,231	112,276,873		8,568,358	7%	23.10	0.0216
2021	115,850,641	107,243,944		8,606,697	7%	23.10	0.0216
2022	124,320,000	111,940,848		12,379,152	10%	23.10	0.0216
2023	126,656,586	117,417,620		9,238,966	7%	23.10	0.0216
2024	126,260,306	119,492,886		6,767,420	5%	11.32	0.0190

NOTE: Full detail of rate information can be found on schedule titled "Electric Rates".

# **ELECTRIC RATES**Last Ten fiscal years

	:	2015	2016		2017		2018		2019
Electric Rates (per KWH)									
Base Rate	\$	10.82	\$	11.32	\$ 22.20	\$	22.60	\$	23.10
Electric Usage Rate									
0 - 1,200 kwh		0.02020		0.01896	0.01896		0.02156		0.02156
1,201 +		0.02910		0.03250	0.03250		0.03510		0.03510
+ all kwh		-		0.00225	0.00225		0.00225		0.00225

NOTE: Increases in electric rates are approved by the City Council.

2020	2021	 2022	2023 2024		2024	
\$ 23.10	\$ 23.10	\$ 23.10	\$	23.10	\$	11.32
0.02156	0.02156	0.02156		0.02156		0.01896
0.03510	0.03510	0.03510		0.03510		0.03250
0.00225	0.00225	0.00225		0.00225		0.00225

#### TEN LARGEST ELECTRIC CUSTOMERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2024

Customer	Type of Business	12-Month Electric Consumption per kWh	Percent of Total Billed
MTC/LockhartCorrectional Facility	Service	3,865,080	3.23%
H.E.B. Stores	Retail	2,520,400	2.11%
Lockhart High School	Public School	2,413,240	2.02%
Pure Castings	Manufacturing	2,068,500	1.73%
Caldwell County	Government	1,276,058	1.07%
Arco Murray Construction	Construction	1,042,500	0.87%
G.B.R.A.	Service	1,208,899	1.01%
Bluebonnet Elementary	Public School	1,018,500	0.85%
Livingood Feeds	Retail	960,001	0.80%
Poco Loco, LLC	Retail	948,600	0.79%
	2015	12-Month Electric	Percent
		Consumption	of Total
Customer	Type of Business	per kWh	Billed
The GEO Group	Service	3,809,600	3.66%
H.E.B. Stores	Retail	2,656,400	2.55%
Caldwell County Annex	Government	1,947,300	1.87%
Dormae/Serta Products	Production	1,461,000	1.40%
Livingood Feeds	Retail	1,187,400	1.14%
Lockhart High School	Public School	1,000,000	0.96%
		939,000	0.90%
G.B.R.A.	Service	939,000	0.90 /0
G.B.R.A. Pinnacle Health	Service Healthcare	849,360	
	Healthcare Wholesale		0.82% 0.65%
Pinnacle Health	Healthcare	849,360	0.82%

Source: City records.

# WATER PRODUCED AND CONSUMED AND WASTEWATER TREATED Last Ten fiscal years

Fiscal Year	Gallons of Water Produced	Gallons of Water Consumed	Gallons of Water Unbilled	Average Percent Unbilled	Gallons of Wastewater Treated
2015	522	476	46	9%	482
2016	545	461	84	15%	487
2017	544	466	77	14%	451
2018	575	481	95	16%	399
2019	526	460	66	13%	367
2020	553	452	101	18%	373
2021	473	449	24	5%	412
2022	520	506	14	3%	381
2023	585	550	35	6%	388
2024	651	582	69	11%	529

NOTES: Water and sewer usage rates shown are for 2,001-6,000 gallon usage range.

Gallons produced and consumed are represented in million gallons.

Full detail of rate information can be found on schedule titled "Water and Sewer Rates".

**Total Direct Rate** 

Wat	er	Sew	er
Base	Usage	Base	Usage
Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate
22.10	3.90	15.51	4.67
22.10	3.90	15.51	4.67
22.10	3.90	15.51	4.67
22.60	4.50	15.51	4.67
23.10	4.80	15.51	4.67
23.60	4.80	15.51	4.67
23.60	4.80	15.51	4.67
23.60	4.80	15.51	4.67
27.45	4.86	19.18	5.77
27.45	4.86	19.18	5.77

### TEN LARGEST WATER CUSTOMERS

**Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)** 

#### 2024

		12-Month Water	Percent of Total
Customer	Type of Business	Consumption	Billed
MTC/Lockhart Correctional Facility	Private Public Safety	45,287	8.20%
D.R. Horton Homes	Construction	10,959	1.98%
Lockhart Nursing & Rehab	Healthcare	8,866	1.60%
Sunchase Square Apartments	Housing	7,212	1.31%
Lockhart Farms, Lp	Housing	7,118	1.29%
Lennar Homes	Construction	6,841	1.24%
Diversicare Corp. of America	Healthcare	5,358	0.97%
Caldwell County	Government	4,330	0.78%
Pilot-Legacy Stanton, LLC	Housing	3,983	0.72%
Plum Creek Hospitality	Hospitality Service	3,357	0.61%

#### 2015

Customer	Type of Business	12-Month Water Consumption	Percent of Total Billed
	-517		
The GEO Group	Service	60,763	13.32%
Caldwell County	Government	9,007	1.97%
Zachry Construction Company	Construction	7,679	1.68%
Pinnacle Health Facility	Healthcare	5,007	1.10%
Wal-Mart Store	Retail	3,676	0.81%
Fairway Properties	Housing	3,158	0.69%
Lockhart High School Track	Public School	2,499	0.55%
MTC/Lockhart Correctional Facility	Private Public Safety	2,407	0.53%
The Town Laundromat	Service	2,027	0.44%
Kinlock, LLC DBA McDonald's	Food Service	2,001	0.44%

### WATER AND SEWER RATES

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Water Rates (per 2,000 gallons)				
Base Rate	\$ 22.10	\$ 22.10	\$ 22.10	\$ 22.60
Water Usage Rate				
2,001-6,000	3.90	3.90	3.90	4.50
6,001-8,000	4.15	4.15	4.15	4.75
8,001-10,000	4.40	4.40	4.40	5.00
>10,001	5.15	5.15	5.15	5.75
Sewer Rates (per 2,000 gallons) Base Rate	15.51	15.51	15.51	15.51
	13.31	13.31	13.31	15.51
Sewer Usage Rate >2,000	4.67	4.67	4.67	4.67

NOTES: Increases in water and sewer are approved by the City Council.

Sewer consumption rates for residential customers are based on the average of the last three-month period of December, January, and February that preceded the billing date.

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ 23.10	\$ 23.60	23.60	23.60	25.89	27.45
4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.58	4.86
5.05	5.05	5.05	5.05	5.73	6.07
5.30	5.30	5.30	5.30	6.64	7.04
6.05	6.05	6.05	6.05	7.33	7.77
15.51	15.51	15.51	15.51	17.92	19.18
4.67	4.67	4.67	4.67	5.40	5.77

#### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

		G		<b>Business-type Activities</b>				
		General				Plus:		General
Fiscal	Certificates of	Obligation	Tax	Lease	SBITA	Issuance	Certificates of	Obligation
Year	Obligation	Bonds	Notes	Liabilities	Liabilities	Premiums	Obligation	Bonds
2015	\$ 14,875,686	\$ 476,031	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 278,388	\$ 9,089,313	\$ 2,553,969
2016	9,381,395	4,887,402	-	-	-	835,806	9,073,608	1,877,593
2017	8,794,235	4,887,052	-	-	-	774,293	8,850,765	1,762,948
2018	8,192,765	4,887,052	-	-	-	712,782	8,607,235	1,642,948
2019	7,707,775	4,681,243	-	-	-	651,271	8,352,225	1,573,757
2020	7,208,875	4,452,980	-	-	-	589,760	8,091,125	1,497,018
2021	6,691,415	4,224,718	-	332,340	-	528,249	7,823,585	1,420,278
2022	6,327,225	3,685,870	2,330,000	551,478	151,988	466,738	7,397,775	1,239,126
2023	5,944,595	3,120,828	2,025,086	399,301	140,142	405,227	6,950,407	1,049,168
2024	5,548,135	2,548,302	1,708,666	534,607	127,202	343,716	6,486,867	856,696

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

**Business-type Activities** 

Lease	In	State frastructure	Contractual	Tax	I	Plus: ssuance		Total Primary	Percentage of Personal	Per
Liabilities		Loan	Obligations	 Notes	P	remiums	G	overnment	Income	Capita
\$ 1,045,473	\$	3,314,617	\$ 3,400,000	\$ -	\$	324,792	\$	35,358,269	8.9%	2,787
643,534		3,166,553	3,400,000	-		500,572		33,766,463	8.4%	2,661
219,939		3,014,787	3,400,000	-		468,308		32,172,327	7.7%	2,535
104,350		2,859,227	3,400,000	-		436,047		30,842,406	6.7%	2,215
86,958		2,699,779	14,995,000	-		403,786		41,151,794	9.0%	2,955
69,566		2,536,344	22,975,000	-		371,510		47,792,178	16.3%	3,432
248,249		2,368,823	30,935,000	-		339,249		54,911,906	15.2%	3,819
174,964		2,197,114	45,120,000	1,720,000		306,988		71,669,266	18.3%	4,984
100,835		2,021,112	41,955,000	1,494,914		274,728		65,881,343	15.8%	4,396
25,850		1,840,710	40,875,000	1,261,334		242,466		62,399,551	14.1%	4,074

# RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### **General Bonded Debt Outstanding**

Fiscal	Certificates of	General Obligation	Tax	Plus: Issuance		Debt Service Monies	Net Bonded
Year	Obligation	Bonds	Notes	Premiums	Total	Available	Debt
2015	\$ 14,875,686	\$ 476,031	\$ -	\$ 278,388	\$ 15,630,105	\$ 429,226	\$ 15,200,879
2016	9,381,395	4,887,402	-	835,806	15,104,603	362,919	14,741,684
2017	8,794,235	4,887,052	-	774,293	14,455,580	278,089	14,177,491
2018	8,192,765	4,887,052	-	712,782	13,792,599	285,621	13,506,978
2019	7,707,775	4,681,243	-	651,271	13,040,289	240,674	12,799,615
2020	7,208,875	4,452,980	-	589,760	12,251,615	203,016	12,048,599
2021	6,691,415	4,224,718	-	528,249	11,444,382	115,835	11,328,547
2022	6,327,225	3,685,870	2,330,000	466,738	10,479,833	-	10,479,833
2023	5,944,595	3,120,828	2,025,086	405,227	9,470,650	298,476	9,172,174
2024	5,548,135	2,548,302	1,708,666	343,716	8,440,153	787,882	7,652,271

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

# Percentage of Actual Taxable

rictual l'axable	
Value of	Per
Property	Capita
3.06%	1,198
2.84%	1,162
2.66%	1,117
2.21%	1,064
2.10%	919
1.80%	865
1.55%	814
1.24%	729
0.97%	638
0.53%	500

# DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

	Gross Debt Outstanding		Percentage Applicable	Amount Applicable
	Date	Amount	to City	to City
Direct Debt:				
City of Lockhart	9/30/2024	\$ 10,810,628	100.00%	\$ 10,810,628
Overlapping Debt:				
Caldwell County	9/30/2024	14,010,000	30.08%	4,214,208
Lockhart Independent				
School District	6/30/2024	126,664,961	45.25%	57,315,895
Total Overlapping Debt		140,674,961		61,530,103
Total		\$ 151,485,589		\$ 72,340,731

NOTES:

There is no legal debt limit for the City. Texas municipalities are not bound by any direct constitutional or statutory maximums as to the amount of obligation bonds which may be issued; however, all local bonds must be submitted to and approved by the State Attorney General. It is the established practice of the Attorney General not to approve a prospective bond issue if it will result in a tax levy for general bonded debt of over \$1.00 for cities under 5,000 population, or \$1.50 for cities over 5,000 population.

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each government's total taxable value.

SOURCE: https://emma.msrb.org

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS**

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)
Fiscal		Personal	Per Capita	School	Unemployment
Year	Population	Income	Personal Income	Enrollment	Rate
2015	12,689	398,637,624	31,416	5,393	4.0%
2016	12,689	404,131,961	31,849	5,699	4.0%
2017	12,689	417,328,521	32,889	5,910	3.4%
2018	13,924	457,946,436	32,889	6,120	3.4%
2019	13,924	457,946,436	32,889	6,160	3.2%
2020	13,924	292,974,884	21,041	6,160	3.2%
2021	14,379	360,711,594	25,086	6,167	6.0%
2022	14,379	391,137,558	27,202	6,465	6.5%
2023	14,985	415,968,615	27,759	6,619	3.5%
2024	15,318	443,548,008	28,956	6,768	3.4%

NOTES:

The unemployment rates are a twelve month average from October through September for Caldwell County.

Decrease in personal income in fiscal year 2020 is due to the coronavirus pandemic.

SOURCES: (1) Population based on U.S. Census Bureau

- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (for Caldwell County)
- (3) Lockhart Independent School District
- (4) U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor (for Caldwell County)

#### PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

#### Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2024

Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
Lockhart ISD	790	7.73%
Walmart	225	2.20%
MTC (Lockhart Correctional)	175	1.71%
H.E.B Food Store	170	1.66%
Pegasus School, Inc	149	1.46%
City of Lockhart	149	1.46%
Ziegenfelder	100	0.98%
Student Transportation Specialist	85	0.83%
Pure Castings Company	75	0.73%
Fashion Glass & Mirror	70	0.69%
	1,988	19.46%

2015

		Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Employment
Lockhart ISD	655	3.30%
Walmart	266	1.34%
H E Butt Grocery	180	0.91%
Serta/Dormae Products	177	0.89%
MTC (Lockhart Correctional)	168	0.85%
City of Lockhart	132	0.67%
Pegasus Schools	130	0.66%
Chisolm Trail Nursing	75	0.38%
Parkview Nursing	64	0.32%
Student Transportation	64	0.32%
	1,911	9.63%

SOURCE: Municipal Advisory Council of Texas

### FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY

#### FUNCTION/PROGRAM

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function/Program					
General government					
City manager	3.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0
City secretary	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Finance	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	5.0
Municipal court	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Library	9.0	10.0	9.0	9.0	9.0
Parks and recreation	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	8.0
Code enforcement	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Planning and development	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Public safety					
Police	25.0	25.0	28.0	30.0	29.0
Communications	8.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	9.0
Fire	16.0	18.0	15.0	14.0	14.0
Public works					
Public works	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0
Animal control	5.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.0
Garage	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Streets	14.0	13.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Electric					
Utility billing	6.0	6.0	5.0	6.0	6.0
Utility distribution	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.0	9.0
Water/wastewater					
Water operations	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0
Sewer operations	2.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	3.0
Sanitation					
Operations	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Recycle					
Economic Development	2.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Total	135	144	141	143	143

2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
		_		
5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0
4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	2.0
9.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
8.0	8.0	9.0	5.0	9.0
3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	5.0
4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.0
27.0	29.0	31.0	22.0	27.0
9.0	10.0	10.0	7.0	6.0
13.0	13.0	15.0	14.0	17.0
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
6.0	6.0	7.0	6.0	8.0
3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
12.0	12.0	12.0	10.0	10.0
6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.0
9.0	9.0	10.0	8.0	9.0
6.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
3.0	4.0	4.0	2.0	3.0
2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.0
2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.0
	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
2.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	1.0
139	141	146	119	119

# OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function/Program				
General government				
Building permits issued	604	647	495	444
Building inspections conducted	1,784	1,613	1,716	2,179
Public safety				
Police				
Physical arrests	398	628	596	934
Traffic violations	1,701	2,149	3,251	5,708
Fire				
Fire calls	1,564	1,386	1,501	1,356
Public works				
Streets (miles)	65	65	65	65
Culture and recreation				
Parks and recreation				
Park rental	75	91	107	73
Swimming pool				
Single admissions	7,529	8,554	8,289	6,883
Party rentals	35	50	34	32
Electric				
New connections	7	9	11	18
Average daily consumption (kwh)	285,401	279,093	287,659	313,552
Water and wastewater				
Water				
New connections/taps	62	139	56	78
Average daily consumption	1.30 mgd	1.26 mgd	1.18 mgd	1.32 mgd
Peak daily consumption	2.192 mgd	2.075 mgd	2.118 mgd	2.263 mgd
Wastewater				
Average daily sewage treatment	1.32 mgd	1.34 mgd	1.24 mgd	1.09 mgd
EMS				
Ambulance loads	2,867	2,989	3,106	3,207

NOTES: \* EMS Ambulance loads not available 2011-2012; EMS was operated by Seton Health Care

Increase in building permits issued in 2020 due to new subdivisions and apartments.

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
542	839	1,339	2,296	4,197	2,501
2,282	1,703	2,845	4,959	15,597	18,434
862	451	469	455	408	622
6,281	4,041	4,480	4,091	3,711	3,867
1,406	1,361	1,388	1,652	1,717	1,764
66	100	124.5	124.5	124.5	124.5
85	32	58	85	109	106
6,596	-	8,279	8,973	4,822	7,885
33	-	30	46	20	40
23	49	125	616	805	983
312,646	307,607	297,326	306,687	321,692	327,378
61	50	111	144	502	551
1.26 mgd	1.305 mgd	1.296 mgd	1.425 mgd	1.604 mgd	1.590 mgd
2.160 mgd	2.200 mgd	2.500 mgd	2.100 mgd	2.895 mgd	2.620 mgd
1.00 mgd	1.02 mgd	1.13 mgd	1.04 mgd	1.06 mgd	1.446 mgd
3,199	3,188	3,479	3,350	3,605	3,605

# CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function/Program				
Public safety				
Police				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	22	22	26	28
Fire stations	1	1	1	1
Highways and streets				
Streets (miles)	64.7	64.7	65.2	65.2
Streetlights	1,825	1,838	1,838	1,844
School zone flashers	2	2	2	2
Culture and recreation				
Acreage	115	115	115	115
Parks	10	10	10	10
Baseball/softball diamonds	6	6	6	6
Soccer fields	8	8	8	8
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1
Electric				
Electric lines (miles)	77	77	77	80
Number of distribution stations	2	2	2	2
Capacity sold (MwH)	104,172	101,869	104,995	114,447
Water and wastewater				
Water				
Water mains (miles)	87.4	87.4	92.1	92.1
Fire hydrants	660	675	685	700
Storage capacity	1.05 mgd	1.05 mgd	1.05 mgd	1.05 mgd
Wastewater				
Sanitary sewers (miles)	76	76	76	78
Storm sewers (miles)	0	0	0	0
Treatment capacity	2.6 mgd	2.6 mgd	2.6 mgd	2.6 mgd

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
1	1	1	1	1	1
29	26	31	31	31	34
2	2	2	2	2	2
65.9	100.0	124.5	124.5	124.5	124.5
1,856	1,856	1,856	1,872	1,872	1,881
2	2	2	2	2	2
115	115	115	115	115	115
10	10	10	10	10	10
6	6	6	6	6	6
8	8	8	8	8	8
1	1	1	1	1	1
80	80	82	82	82	84
2	2	2	2	2	2
114,116	112,276	107,243	- 111,941	117,418	117,295
93.7	100.0	100.5	100.5	105.8	105.8
729	721	721	721	877	892
1.05 mgd	1.05 mgd	1.55 mgd	1.55 mgd	1.55 mgd	1.55 mgd
	22.4	22.2	22.2	2- 2	o= c
79	80.6	80.8	80.8	85.8	85.8
0	0	0	0	0	0
2.6 mgd	2.6 mgd	2.6 mgd	2.6 mgd	2.6 mgd	2.6 mgd